PERIODICAL DIV.
OCT 7 - 1943
RECEIVED

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXV. No. 23854. 報西林字 SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1941 Registered at the C.P.O. Postage: China and Japan 1 cent. abroad 30 cents. THIRTY CENTS

Germans Still Advancing in Face of Fierce Resistance

London, July 2.

ALTHOUGH it seems clear that the Germans have made progress at some points, the Russians are offering fierce resistance and according to their latest communique, have inflicted a heavy blow on the enemy's motorized units in the direction of Luck and attacked advanced enemy tank formations in the direction of Dvinsk and Minsk. The Germans, on the other hand, launched an offensive against Srednii Peninsula, in the direction of Murmansk, on the Arctic Ocean.

Partial desruction of Soviet forces surrounded near Bialystok is claimed in the latest German High Command communique.

More than 100,000 Russian prisoners have been takken and a large part of the Soviet, Army surrounded east of Bialystok has been finally destroyed, according to this German statement.

The latest news about the progress of Great Britain's co-operation with Russia is an announcement that General Macfarlane, of the British military mission, has reached the Soviet Military Headquarters.

The official German news agency, D.N.B., announces that Smolensk, which is 20 miles along the road to Moscow from Minsk, has been severely raided by German aircraft.

Fierce Battle at Murmansk

In the region of Murmansk, fierce fighting is in progress. The Russians admitted yesterday that the Germans had gained some ground in this sector during the heavy fighting on Monday night. German and Finnish forces now claim that Russian troops in the Murmansk area have been cut off a drive south of the port.

In southern Finland, where Germans are making desperate attempts to push through the Karelian Isthmus toward Leningrad, the Russians say they have driven back the enmy's attempts to cross the frontier and have carried out vigorous counter-attacks. The Russians say that fierce fighting is in progress on the coast of Lake Ladoga.

A Norwegian broadcast said this morning that the news suggested that the Russian-occupied port of Petsamo had already been surrounded. The broadcast says that the port was attacked yesterday morning from the sea and that Finnish troops succeeded in landing attacking Russians in the rear.

Riga Said Captured

In the Baltic States, the Germans claim to have captured the Latvian capital of Riga and are pushing on Dvinsk. The Russians deny German claims to have crossed the Western Dvina, and they claim that German tanks and infantry that attempted to cross were thrown back.

In the Minsk sector—the scene of the most vital and dangerous of the German thrusts into Russia, the Germans now claim to have crossed the River Berezyna, about 40 miles beyong Minsk. The Russians have not confirmed that Minsk itself has been captured by the Germans.

A communique this morning says that German tank units in the Minsk area have been counter-attacked and halted by Russian troops, supported by a terrific artillery barrage. Considerable losses, it added, had been inflicted on the enemy. Last night's Russian communique also mentioned severe fighting in the Trubech area, 85 miles south-east of Minsk. It is quite possible that it is at this point that the Germans have reached the Berezyna.

German Claim

In the Luck sector, south of the Pripet marshes, the Germans claimed last night to have captured Luck itself. They said earlier that German troops in this area were pursuing the Russians on both sides of Lwow which the Russians admitted they were forced to evacuate. The Russians claimed this morning, however, that the German offensive in the Luck area has been halted. A terrific battle is known to have been raging in this sector for some days and the Germans are reported to have suffered heavy losses in men and material.

Further south, on the Rumanian front, the Russians report again that all attempts by German and Rumanian troops to cross the River Pruth into Bessarabia had been beaten off.

It is announced in Moscow that Russian planes have again bombed Constanza, Rumania's Black Sea port.

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 1 *)

Masses of Soviet Troops Said Caught By Nazi Advance

London, July 2.

Despite British warnings, the Russians apparently permitted big masses of troops to be caught close to the boundary of German and Russian Poland, were German panzer units lanced through while hostilities were not much more than minutes old, it was disclosed here yesterday.

Observers recalled that the Poles made the same mistake in 1939. Then most Polish troops were mobilized before Chancellor Adolf Hitler struck, but were quickly thrown into confusion by overwhelming air and land attacks and whole armies were encircled before they had time to put up more than a show of defence.

The Red advance airforce was caught, largely, on the ground and losses the first day of fighting were believed to have been severe.

Big Reserves

The brightest features of the picture were that, firstly, Russia has big reserves to call on if given time to get them in position; secondly, as far as London was aware there were no signs whatever of moral among troops breaking down or confusion in strategy, which German blows aimed to create; and thirdly, that the Russian air force was still active and that Russia could still mass tanks and artillery.

According to well informed sources Russian troops were retreating before the German advance only after making hard fought stands and carrying out movements in good order. At many points they succeeded in holding up the advance or in breaking supply lines from the flanks.

Part of the German success thus far was attributed to the fact that, as usual, the German advance units pass around any centre of resistance which can not be overcome immediately.—Unitde Press.

Most Exports From Free China Go to U.S.A.

Washington, July 2.

The Department of Commerce reported today that all exports from China via the Burma Road in the first quarter of this quarter were destined for the United States except for negligible shipments to Shanghai and the Straits Settlements.

Exports of Chinese products from Rangoon were sent to the United States, although a minor quantity was shipped to Hongkong for transshipment elsewhere.

The chief direct exports by China to the United States between January and March were wolfram, concentrates of wood oil, tin mica and bristles.

Wood oil valued at U.S. $337.050 was shipped to Hongkong for transhipment to the United States.—United Press.

Chungking Withdraws Axis Envoys

Chungking, July 2.

The Foreign Office has cabled Chen Chieh, the Chinese Ambassador to Berlin, and Hsu Tao-lin, the Chinese Chargé d'Affaires in Rome, instructing the Chinese diplomatic representatives in Germany and Italy to return to China.

The Foreign Minister, Dr. Quo Tai-chi, will issue a statement today announcing the severance of relations with Germany and Italy and the withdrawal of diplomatic and Consular representatives.—Reuter.

Nazis Said Attempting to Break Through to Moscow

London, July 2.

IF the Germans capture Minsk, they will drive as rapidly as possible to Moscow and at the same time, or perhaps only after reaching Moscow, they will swing north to Leningrad, developing a vast encircling move against the Russian troops still fighting on the Baltic front, writes Reuters' military commentator.

In the southern sector, he continues, an advance from the north-west on Kiev is aimed at, and here again they will develop an encircling movement towards Odessa, cutting off all Russian forces on the Bessarabian-Ukraine front.

This manœuvre, if it succeeds, will not only destroy a large part of the Russian army but may overrun most of the Ukraine with little opposition, advancing, as the Germans will do in this case, from the north, which is an unexpected direction. This would be apt to rally the Ukrainians to their side and at the same time cause as little destruction to the harvest as possible.

Possible Break

The capture of Lwow is a possible sign that this break is occurring. The plan is the same German technique exemplified in Poland and France. A powerful overwhelming frontal attack to break the front, to be followed by wide encircling movements to cut off and force the surrender of large numbers of the enemy.

There are certainly dangers facing the Russians, but they can be counteracted by energetic, resolute and rapid employment of reserves in sufficient force. But even should the Germans attain their present objective, namely, a line from Leningrad through Moscow to the Black Sea, they still will not necessarily have won the campaign.

Everything will then depend on the resolute leadership of the Russian Government and the wholehearted patriotism of the Russian people to continue the struggle. General Chiang Kai-shek and the Chinese people, the commentator adds, have set the Russians a great and noble example, and Russian resources in material, factories and railways are vastly greater than those of the Chinese.—Reuter.

Tokyo Policy To Soviet War Decided

Tokyo, July 2.

The Japanese government today reached a decision "on important national problems to meet the current situation," during an Imperial Conference held at the Palace, according to official announcements.

The decision was on the Government's policy to be followed in relation to the international situation as a result of the Russo-German war.

Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, Foreign Minister, in a formal statement declared "I feel that a super-emergency situation is developing before our eyes in East Asia. Therefore, our people must all the more take a cool, calm attitude and live up to our sovereign's wishes and not err in the slightest degree in treading the path before us."

Mr. Matsuoka did not reveal the decision which was reached at the Imperial conference, but indicated that Japan's course temporarily would be one of watchful waiting.

He said that the Government would not meet the situation resulting from the Russo-German war on the basis of the "simple idea that a war was [illegible] stance [illegible] recently [illegible] German war but the world as a whole and relations between world Powers and their movements.

To Take Form Gradually

Japanese semi-official sources said that the contents of the basic policies reached by the Imperial conference would take concrete form gradually in the Government's administration.

The same sources, quoting qualified observers, said they anticipated a "speedy adjustment of Japan's wartime domestic structure with the important Imperial conference policies gradually being translated into action."

The statement by Mr. Matsuoka was believed to indicate that highly important decisions were reached because the conference was held in the presence of the Emperor—the eighth such conference in the history of Japan. The seventh was held on September 19, 1940 prior to conclusion of the Tripartite Pact.

Major-General Eugen Ott, German Ambassador, and Sig. Mario Indelli, Italian Ambassador, called on the Foreign Minister at 2 p.m. while M. Constantin Smetanin, Soviet Ambassador, visited Mr. Matsuoka at 3 p.m., presumably to seek clarification of the brief Government announcement.

The local press issued extras today announcing that the Government had reached a decision on important national policy in order to cope with the changing international situation. The Japanese newspapers, however, did not comment on the policy, confining their stories to the Government's brief statement.

Fourth Imperial Conference

The conference was the fourth Imperial conference since the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese hostilities.

Emperor Hirohito attended the conference, which resulted in complete agreement on Japanese policy, Mr. Kenji Tomita, Chief Cabinet Secretary announced. Mr. Tomita did not disclose what the policy was.

The meeting began at 10 a.m. and ended at 12 noon and came as a climax to frequent meetings of government leaders and the High Command ever since Germany invaded Russia.

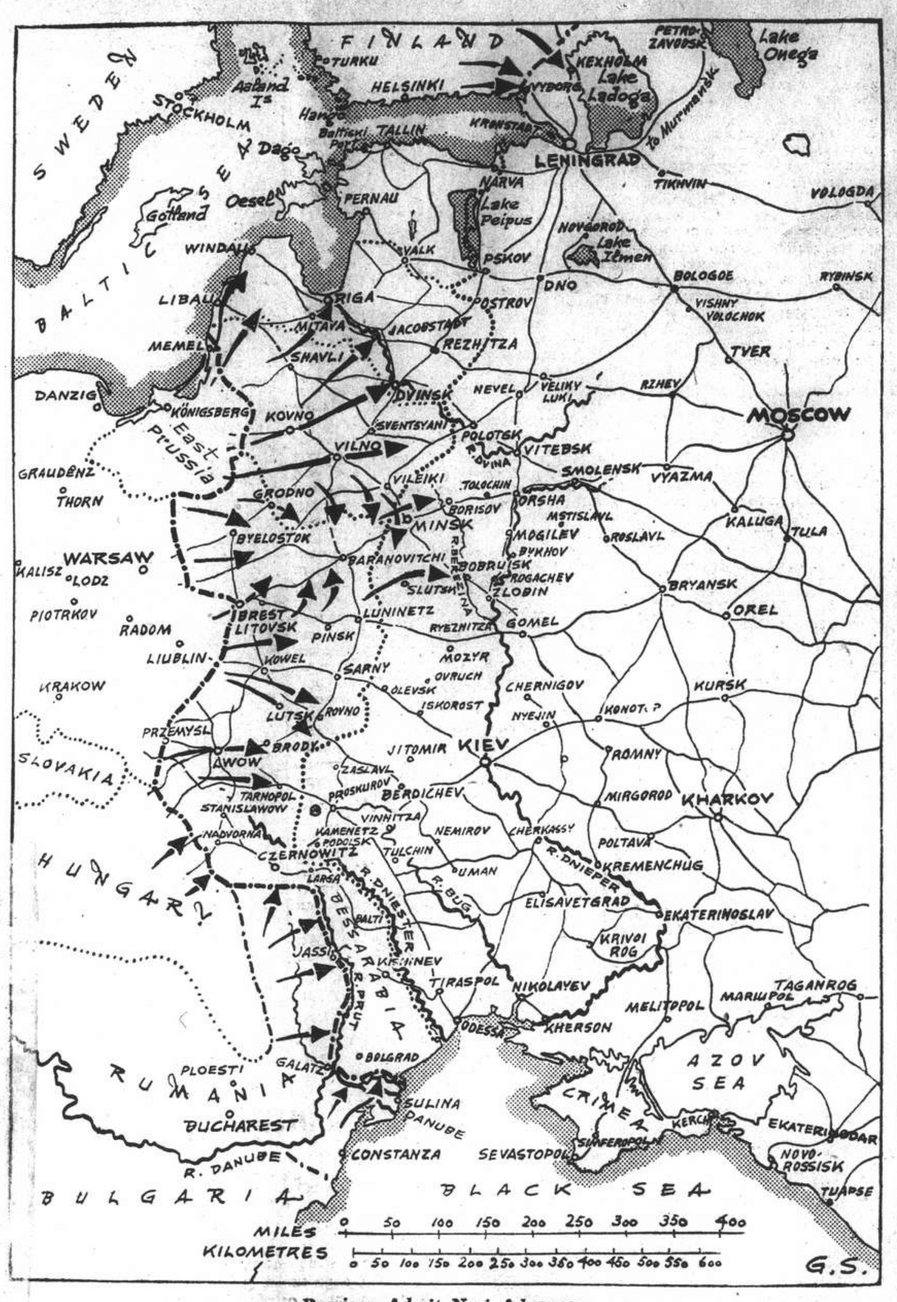
In addition to the Emperor those present at the conference included Prince Fumimaro Konoye, Premier; Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, Foreign Minister; Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma, Home Minister; Mr. Isao Kawada, Finance Minister; Lieutenant-General Hideki Tojo, War Minister; Admiral Koshiro Oikawa, Navy Minister; Lieutenant-General Teiichi Suzuki, Governor of the Planning Board; Mr. Yoshimichi Hara, President of the Privy Council; General Gen Sugiyama, Chief of the Army General Staff; and Admiral Osami Nagano, Chief of the Navy General Staff.

To Respect Two Pacts

Japan intends to respect both the Tripartite Pact and the Soviet-Japanese neutrality pact in order to concentrate its attention on the "New Order in East Asia" and to prevent spread of the European war to the Pacific, the bi-monthly "Revue Diplomatique" declared today. The magazine is supported by the Japanese Foreign Office.

[United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)



Russians Admit Nazi Advances

Although it seems clear that the Germans have made certain advances in parts of the long Nazi-Soviet fighting front, the only really dangerous thrust at the moment appears to be in the Minsk area. The Germans claim to have captured Minsk and to be pushing on towards Moscow. The arrows in the map above indicate the movements of German troops according to Berlin reports. Riga, in the north, is also said to have been taken by the Nazis, although Moscow has not confirmed this. The Soviets admit German advances at many points along the front, but say that as a whole the Soviet armies are fighting back stubbornly, and holding the enemy despite minor losses of territory.

Reinforced Allied Forces Continue Advance in Syria

London, July 2.

SPEEDY termination of the Syrian campaign is hoped for as a result of the reinforcement of Allied troops there, it is authoritatively stated in London. In the Palmyra sector, Allied forces have taken Essukhne, 40 miles north-east of Palmyra.

In the Jezzine area, Allied troops have occupied two Vichy posts about 2,000 yards north of this village. Driven out of one post by French mortar fire, Allied troops re-occupied it on June 30. In the coastal area, the Allies are now very close to Damour.

Palmyra Encircled

The situation in Palmyra, is considered satisfactory, declared military circles in Cairo last night. It was revealed that light British investing forces which completed encirclement of the town yesterday were now being reinforced.

The following Vichy communique on the Syrian fighting was given over the German-controlled Paris radio last night: "The principal efforts of British troops continue to be directed on Palmyra and the coastal sector. In spite of violent bombing our troops of the Palmyra garrison were able to maintain their positions.

"They have repulsed the British attack inflicting considerable losses on the English. Then the garrison effected a heavy attack on British positions. Many prisoners were taken and important war materials were seized. In the same sector our heavy bombers attacked a group of armoured vehicles belonging to the enemy and destroyed much material. Three of our aircraft have not returned.

"In the Merj Ayoum sector there has been artillery activity. On the coast casualties have been caused by the bombing of Beirut. The British Air Force has received numerous reinforcements within the last few days and increased its attack especially on our aerodromes."

Damascus Bombing Figures

The latest figures of bombing casualties in Damascus announced by the Syrian authorities are 70 dead, 29 wounded and a number slightly wounded, according to an announcement from General de Gaulle's headquarters in London.

Bombs were dropped near the famous Ommayad Mosque, where Saladin's tomb is situated, destroying ten houses as well as killing 12 people.

Later attempts provoked great indignation in Moslem circles, while pro-Allied sympathy is increasing as a result of the raids.

The German origin of the bombs is confirmed by an examination of one large portion of a bomb, which revealed bronze, which is absent in French bombs.—Reuter.

French Youths Called Up

Beirut, July 2.

General Henri Dentz, High Commissioner to Syria, today summoned Frenchmen between the ages of 20 and 21 to the colours.—United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 6 *)

Famous Explorer Visits Shanghai On Research Trip

A fleeting visit to Shanghai was paid by Sir Hubert Wilkins, famous Polar explorer and airman, last night. Sir Hubert arrived here in the ss. Shuntien from North China and left a few hours later for Hongkong on his homeward trip to Australia.

Interviewed by a "North-China Daily News" reporter, Sir Hubert stated that his trip to China was part of his very important work of collecting economic data in reference to weather conditions in various parts of the world so as to make productive efforts fit in with meteorological changes.

Speaking to the reporter at Wayside Wharf soon after he came ashore, Sir Hubert said that he had visited Japan, Manchoukuo, Peiping and Tientsin and at all these paces he had investigated economic conditions. He added that he would visit Hongkong, Singapore and Batavia on his way home.

Asked what had been the results of his trip, he pointed out that there had been no results yet. When he got to Australia, however, he would make a report from all the data he and assistants, who were working for him in various centres, had gathered.

Long-range Forecasting

"My work is the longe-range forecasting of the weather so as to enable people to learn of meteorological changes before they occur," he said, "and so help them to prepare their productive plans accordingly to fit in with the weather."

He stated that improvement in economic conditions had much to do with weather conditions. For instance, he pointed out, if the weather in China was dry and there were signs of a famine, Australia would be asked to grow more wheat if the weather there were normal with average rainfall.

Sir Hubert said that he was not connected with any special organization but was doing the work for the world at large. The governments of the various countries he had visited had afforded him valuable assistance during his study of economic conditions.

Asked about his Polar experiences he told the reporter that he had explored both the North and South Polar regions some years ago. He concluded the interview by saying

Roosevelt to Speak To Britain

London, July 2.

President Roosevelt will broadcast to the people of Great Britain on July 4, America's Independence Day, it was announced in London today.—Reuter.

President Repeats Hope U.S. Can Stay Out of War

New York, July 2.

President Roosevelt at his press conference yesterday reaffirmed his hope that America could stay out of the war, but he went on to draw a distinction between hope and belief, adding that it was obvious how anyone would vote in a poll on whether the United States should plunge actively into the conflict with the Axis.

Everyone was against war just as they were against sin, he said.

During the last two months the President has often asserted that he hoped the United States would keep out of the war. Yesterday's reiteration followed recent declarations by critics of the Administration's policy who alleged that the country was being led along the road of active participation.

The President declined to discuss espionage arrests.—Reuter.

No Comment on Knox Suggestion

Washington, July 2.

President Roosevelt yesterday reiterated the aspirations he first enunciated in September, 1939, that the United States would remain at peace, but unlike his speech at that time, when the European war broke out, he specifically would not proclaim his conviction that the United States could remain at peace while war rages across the seas.

The President declined to comment on the declarations made Monday night by Col. Frank Knox, Secretary of Navy, in which the latter suggested that the United States immediately use its naval power to sweep Germany from the Atlantic.—United Press.

U.S. Navy Discharges Suspicious Employees

New York, July 2.

Brooklyn Navy Yard officials last night revealed that they had discharged ten employees in the "interests of national defence."

They added that the dismissals were similar to those ordered at Mare Island, San Francisco, where several men were discharged because of "subversive activities and associations."—United Press.

R.A.F. Attacks Nazi Warships At Brest

London, July 2.

THREE German warships were bombed when the Royal Air Force raided Brest last night. Bombs were seen to straddle one of the three warships lying in a drydock, states a communique. Docks at Cherbourg were also bombed.

Two aircraft are missing from these operations. Enemy aerodromes in occupied France were attacked by aircraft of the Fighter Command with loss to themselves.

"On the night of Monday-Tuesday, an enemy fighter was shot down by our bombers. It is now confirmed that in engagements between our bombers and enemy fighters off the Frisian Islands in daylight yesterday, two more enemy fighters, making a total of three, were destroyed," the communique adds.

Enemy activity over Britain last night was very slight. Bombs were dropped at two points in south England but there were no casualties and practically no damage.

Daylight Raids

More extensive daylight operations by British bombers over north-west Germany were announced in an Air Ministry communique last night.

"In daylight this morning," it says, "Blenheim aircraft of the Coastal Command again flew over north-west Germany and bombed objectives. Near Oldenburg a railway goods yard to the south of the town was attacked and a large fire started. Barges in a canal in the neighbourhood were machine-gunned.

"Two British aircraft are missing from this operation.

Seaplane Base Attacked

"This afternoon heavy bombers, in an operation off the Frisian Islands, attacked the seaplane base at Borkum. Bombs were seen to burst among hangars and other buildings. Strong fighter opposition was encountered and one British bomber was shot down.

"Another British bomber was unsuccessfully engaged by six fighters and beat off the attack after the rear gunner had been wounded and replaced by another member of the crew.

"One enemy fighter was shot down into the sea and several others were seen to be damaged.

"This evening," concludes the communique, "yet another large-scale offensive sweep took place, on which reports are not yet available."

Sweeps Continued

R.A.F. bombers, guarded by scores of fighters, crossed the Channel early last evening to continue their daily offensive over northern France.

As they passed over a Kent coast town, some in the direction of Dunkirk, watchers lost count of the number of fighters roaring overhead.

Soon after the leading formation passed out of sight, buildings on this side began to tremble with the crash of bombs across the Channel.

Very few enemy aircraft were encountered during the raids. An Air Ministry communique states that many squadrons took part in the sweep and there were no casualties on either side.—Reuter.

Occupied France Raided

London, July 2.

Distant explosions believed to be well inland in northern France were heard by coast watchers early this afternoon after R.A.F. planes in great numbers had passed over the Channel.

Activity continued on a big scale for an hour, indicating further extensive offensive operations.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Continues Widespread Raids In Middle East

Cairo, July 2.

Carrying the air war into Axis camps throughout the Middle East as well as over France, British aircraft yesterday added to their tally 15 Axis machines with the loss of only two to themselves.

This was only one day's score in a long list of shattering blows which British pilots have struck at Axis air strength in the Middle East since the begining of the year.

Attacks in the air and on the ground, according to official figures, have resulted in the destruction of 1,453 Axis machines against 65 Imperial aircraft lost. Enemy losses included 255 Vichy machines, of which 210 were accounted for in June.

Tripoli Harbour Raided

The latest R.A.F. communique also reports severe damage to Axis shipping, seaplanes and troops in Tripoli harbour.

The communique reads: "Tripoli: bomber craft of the R.A.F. carried out a number of successful raids on the harbour at Tripoli. Several hits were obtained on enemy vessels, and the superstructure of one vessel was seen to blow up after a number of bombs hit her deck. Other large ships, including one of about 20,000 tons, were hit by several bombs and severely damaged. One of these was seen to be in a half sunken condition.

More Machines Destroyed

"Our aircraft afterwards machine-gunned disembarked troops and enemy seaplanes on the water, causing considerable damage and many casualties. An enemy aerodrome in the same area was also attacked by our bombers. Their bombs started fires among dispersed enemy aircraft. At least five were destroyed, while a large transport aircraft was destroyed by machine-gun fire.

"Malta: A number of Italian machines which approached Malta yesterday were met by our fighters some miles out at sea. Two of the enemy were shot down and a number of others damaged.

"Cyrenaica: Fighters of the R.A.F. and South African Air Force, carrying out covering patrol over our ships off the coast of Cyrenaica yesterday, drove off a number of enemy aircraft which attempted several attacks. During these engagements they shot down one German fighter, four German divebombers and two Italian fighters, and damaged several other German fighters.—Reuter.

Economic Accord Between Spain, Protugal

Lisbon, July 2.

An economic and financial agreement between Portugal and Spain was signed here yesterday by the Premier, Dr. A. de Oliveira Salazar, and the Spanish Ambassador, Senor Nicholas Franco y Bamamonde.—Reuter.

General Wavell Transferred To Command in India

London, July 2.

GENERAL Sir Archibald Wavell has been appointed Commander-in-Chief in India, with General Sir Claude Auchinleck from India replacing him as Commander-in-Chief in the Middle East, according to an official announcement.

At the same time it is announced that Mr. Oliver Lyttelton has been appointed a member of the War Cabinet, which he will represent in the Middle East.

News of General Wavell's appointment as Commander-in-Chief in India in succession to General Auchinleck, the appointment of the latter as General Office Commanding-in-Chief in the Middle East, and the appointment of Mr. Lyttleton was given in two announcements from No. 10 Downing Street yesterday.

Gen. Sir Claude Auchinleck

Need for Easier Task

The announcement that General Wavell has ceased to be Commander-in-Chief in the Middle East is greeted by all newspapers with great surprise, coupled generally with the suggestion that the change is due to the general's need for a less strenuous post after the tremendous strain of the past year's campaign.

The first announcement stated: "His Majesty has been pleased to approve the appointment of General Sir Archibald Wavell to be Commander-in-Chief in India (and a member of the Governor-General's Executive Council) in succession to General Sir Claude Auchinleck as General Officer Commanding-in-Chief in the Middle East on evacuation of this post by Sir Archibald Wavell. It is understood that these are war-time appointments the duration of which depends upon the military situation."

Mr. Lyttleton Promoted

Mr. Lyttleton's appointment was announced as follows:

"His Majesty has been pleased to approve the appointment of Mr. Oliver Lyttleton to be Minister of State. Mr. Lyttleton will be a member of the War Cabinet and will represent the War Cabinet in the Middle East where he will consult on their behalf on measures necessary for the prosecution of the war in that theatre other than the conduct of military operations."

General Auchinleck was in command of Allied forces which captured Narvik in the Norwegian campaign. He has a high reputation for shrewdness in outlook and vigour in action.

He was born in 1884. He became Commander-in-Chief in India early this year. His Army career began in India in 1904 and it was marked with such distinction that he was soon spoken of as the future supreme commander of the Army in India. An

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 2 *)

★Germans Still Advancing in Face of Fierce Resistance

(Continued from page 1)

A German wireless commentator last night made the admission that the presence of Russian troops which the German advance troops have left in their rear is causing the Germans a great deal of trouble. He ponited out the difference between the present operations and the campaigns in Poland and France.

He then went on to pay tribute to the skill of the Russians in their technique of camouflage.

Soviet Communique

The latest Russian communique states:—

"During last night, fighting continued in the direction of Murmansk, Dvinsk, Minsk and Luck.

"In the direction of Murmansk, the enemy attacked in the Srednii Peninsula. Our troops showed strong resistance to the enemy, inflicting heavy losses upon him.

"In the direction of Dvinsk and Minsk during last night, our troops attacked advanced enemy tank units, aiming at their destruction.

"In the direction of Luck, our troops during the night continued their fight with motorized units of the enemy, inflicting upon him heavy blows.

"On other parts of the front, energetic reconnaissance action and rifle, machine-gun and artillery fire took place during the night.

"In spite of bad weather conditions, sometimes impossible for flying, our aircraft on July 1 acted with success against enemy tanks in the direction of Dvinsk and Minsk, destroying enemy stores and planes on the ground and in the air, intefered with supplies of petrol and ammunition and prevented the concentration of mechanized infantry of the enemy.

Nazi Losses

According to more exact calculations, enemy losses in aircraft on June 30 were 102 and not 56 brought down; in addition, on one enemy aerodrome, our aircraft successfully attacked 50 enemy planes which had no time to take off. During July 1, 54 enemy planes were brought down. Twenty-two of our planes have not returned to their bases.

"Destroyers of the northern fleet and a submarine which assisted units of the Red Army with their fire experienced an attack by 18 dive bombers, three of which were brought down. No bombs fell on the ships.

"In the region of Hango, a squad of enemy saboteurs dressed in Red Army uniforms tried to seize military objectives.

"Owing to the vigilance of one of our troops, the enemy was chased away. In the rear of one of our units, the enemy dropped a considerable party of parachutists which seized a small village.

A Russian battery was ordered to approach the village and destroy the enemy. The Fascists showed stubborn resistance and a desperate fight took place."

General Situation

The general situation on the whole front is summarized here today as follows:—

In Finland and the far north, German and Finnish troops have crossed to Kandalaksha, on the White Sea, where Finland is narrowest. This is said to have cut off the Russian forces in the Murmansk or Kola peninsula to the north. The Russians state that their forces in the Murmansk sector have halted the enemy advance after it had gained some ground.

In the Baltic States, the Germans claim to have captured Riga after an advance force under the command of Colonel Lasch had on June 29 made a penetration into a south-westerly district of the town in a rapid thrust by way of Mitau. Mitau is about 27 miles south-west of Riga. Russian counter-attacks in the sector along the river Dvina between the coast and a point in the south-east are reported by both sides, but Russian troops in Lithuania and Latvia seem to be in a tight corner.

Strong Resistance

In the Minsk sector, the Germans claim that their advance units have reached the river Berezyna, while the Russians report strong resistance by their troops in the area of Trubech, which is on the Berezyna 85 miles south-east of Minsk. Both sides mention fierce fighting by an isolated Russian army further west between Bialystok and Minsk.

In the Lwow sector, the Germans claim the capture of Lwow, which the Russians admit they have evacuated. The Russians claim that their counter-attacks have inflicted heavy losses on the enemy in the sector about 40 miles east of Lwow. The Germans, however, may be developing a pincer movement from Lwow on the north and Bukovina on the south, with extra tentacles thrusting ahead of it.

On the Rumanian frontier, fierce fighting on the river Pruth is mentioned by both sides, with the Russians claiming the repulse of an attack.

According to Swedish correspondents in the Helsinki area, an artillery duel has been proceeding at Hango since June 25. The silence of the Russians on Saturday gave rise to rumours that they were prepared to yield. It is computed that there are 25,000 Russians in the Hango area. These correspondents are unable to confirm that the Finns began an attack yesterday on Hango or that Viborg has been assailed.

Russian Communique

The latest Russian communique on the war states: "On July 1 our troops carried out stubborn battles in the direction of Murmansk, Kexholm, Dvinsk, Minsk and Luck. In other directions and sectors of the front our troops hold the state frontier and continued the struggle against the enemy, who attempted to isolate the frontier

"In the Murmansk direction, our troops are stemming by fierce fighting the advance of numerically superior enemy forces. In the direction of Kexholm the enemy launched an offensive at several points and tried to penetrate into our territory. By vigorous counter-attacks our troops repulsed the enemy with great losses.

"In the direction of Dvinsk our troops are engaged in stubborn fighting against enemy tanks and infantry. His attempts to penetrate towards the crossing over the western Dvina were beaten back.

"In the direction of Minsk fighting continues against enemy mobile units. Our troops are applying, on a large scale, barrage fire and counter-attacking.

"In the direction of Luck our troops have stopped an offensive of important enemy formations. During the battle, which lasted several days in this sector, the enemy sustained heavy losses in men and material.

"Our troops, carrying out a retreat according to plan and obeying orders, have left Lwow. According to more exact data on the operations of our air force, 56 German planes were shot down on June 30, 50 of them in aerial combat. Our losses amount to 17 aircraft.

"Perfidious Enemy"

"Our heroic tank drivers, artillery and infantrymen are fighting with self-denial, overcoming numerous obstacles in the struggle against the perfidious enemy of our country for every inch of our Fatherland. One unit, attacked by superior enemy forces held back during a whole day the assault of the enemy. The Fascists repeatedly flung themselves into the attack but were thrown back every time to their orginal positions. In one day alone the Germans lost 50 tanks. Soldiers of one infantry unit destroyed six enemy tanks. An anti-tank battery commanded by Uteshin put eight enemy tanks out of action in one battle.

"In one of the sectors of the Karelian Isthmus, a battalion of Finnish White Guards crossed our frontier. One of our infantry battalions engaged in the fight with the enemy and forced him to retreat. The enemy lost three tanks and about 100 men in killed and wounded."

The communique then denies "mendacious reports" by the Germans that Soviet pilots, while machine-gunning a railway train, used dumdum bullets. Apparently the object of this provocative report is to disguise their own intentions." The communique also denies German reports that during aerial combats Soviet bombers bore German markings."—Reuter.

British Take More Prisoners

London, July 2.

In the Badella area of Abyssinia, Allied troops have captured 375 prisoners, including a general, plus six field guns and light anti-aircraft guns.—Reuter.

New British G.O.C. In China

Hongkong, July 2.

Major-General C. M. Maltby has been appointed General Officer Commanding in China in succession to Major-General A. E. Grassett, it is officially announced. Major - General Maltby is arriving in Hongkong from India shortly.—Reuter.

Gen. Wavell Sees Captain Roosevelt

This picture shows the first meeting between General Sir Archibald Wavell, who has been transferred from the command of the Middle East to be Commander-in-Chief in India, and Captain James Roosevelt the son of the President of the United States, and an observer for the air branch of the United States Marines.

★Tokyo Policy to Soviet War Decided

(Continued from page 1)

The "Revue Diplomatique" declared that Japan must complete construction of the Asiatic "new order" before stepping into any other world scene "no matter how the war develops or how the international situation develops."

It stated that third powers should avoid meddling in China, but added that at the same time "Japan should stick entirely to East Asia and settle the China Affair."

The magazine ridiculed the failure of the vernacular press to inform the Japanese people of the Soviet-German tension existing before outbreak of the hostilities.

"Of course Chancellor Adolf Hitler will follow the great 'Mein Kampf' doctrine," it added.

Keeping U.S. Out of War

The "Revue Diplomatique" echoed the same points which the Premier, Prince Fumimaro Konoye, told Mr. Arthur Menken, United Press special correspondent, in his interview last Sunday, that Japan wishes friendship with the United States. Consequenty, the article defined Japan's new policy which was scheduled to be formally announced today.

Observers point out that there is nothing contradictory in Japan's intention to respect both of her treaties with Soviet Russia and Germany. Japan under one treaty is merely obliged not to attack Russia, while Germany prefers that Japan not attack Soviet Russia but remain free of any involvements. This would enable Japan to fulfil her major objective in the Tripartite Alliance—to keep the United States from intervening in the European war.—United Press.

Premier's Statement

Tokyo, July 2.

Addressing the nation in a radio broadcast last night in the capacity of President of the National Service Association, which forms the "driving power" of the national structure campaign, Prince Konoye, Prime Minister, called on the peope to "go the way which Japan should take irrespective of what others may do or what obstacles may be found ahead."

"As you are aware the world situtation is growing more and more complicated day after day," he said, "while rapid rises and falls are taking place among the nations. Whatever change may come over the world aspect it is my firm belief that Japan should go her own way.

"Japan should never assume such a base or mean attitude as to do this simply because some other countries are doing that. Instead if that is the way she should take Japan should go ahead by overcoming any obstcle in her path. My firm belief is that Japan should act under this conviction.

"In such days as the present Japan can rely only on her own power, her cwn national resources. There is nothing else on which she can rely. And whether national resources will be strengthened or weakened depends entirely upon your mind. If you unite like one there is nothing to fear whatever may occur in the world. I call upon you therefore to do your best each in your occupational field."—Reuter.

★ Gen. Wavell Transferred

(Continued from page 1)

expedition against the north-west rebellious frontier tribesmen which he led in 1935 is regarded as one of the best executed minor campaigns in the history of the north-west frontier.

Served on Many Fronts

He served in Egypt, Aden, Iraq and southern Kurdistan during the great war. Before going to India this year he was General Officer Commanding-in-Chief of the Southern Command in Engand and was in charge of strengthening the defences of the southern coast.

General Wavell is rated by the Germans as Britain's number one general whose brilliant strategy met with such outstanding success in North Africa and the Middle East. He has had complete authority in the Middle East land operations for 12 months.

A quick thinker, shrewd judge of men and a great leader, General Wavell knows Russia as well as he knows Africa. He was in Russia as a Military Attaché before the revolution and has been there several times since. On the last occasion his despatches home contained the high approval of the Red Army's infiltration tactics—by parachute. This was the first appearance in military operations of the parachute.

Takes Things Quietly

He has so organized his work that he never appears to be busy. Even before the big march on Benghazi began he was sipping a cocktail on the verandah at Cairo.

Reuter's political correspondent understands that the announcements regarding the war organization in the Middle East represent an endeavour to lighten the increasing burden which has rested on the General Officer Commanding in the Middle East.

The process now is to separate the military from the political side of the war organization in that zone.

Mr. Lyttleton's appointment shows the importance the Government attaches to the political as well as the military aspect of the campaign in the Middle East. His promotion to War Cabinet rank has been swift, for he entered the House of Commons only last year. He is a business man and was a marked success as President of the Board of Trade. —Reuter.

Reported Japanese Landing

The Shing Sheng News Agency reported last night that several hundred Japanese troops travelling in steam launches from war vessels anchored off Yuhwang, a coastal district in east Chekiang landed at Kaimen within the jurisdiction of Yuhwang on Tuesday. The landing place is near Wenchow which was recaptured by the Chinese during the early stages of the Chekiang hostilities but it was said that since Kaiman is a long way from Wenchow, which is blockaded by the Chinese, it would be almost impossible for the Japanese to wrench the important trade centre from the Chinese.

Alleged Attack On U-Boats To be Probed

Washington, July 2.

The Senate Naval Affairs Committee was scheduled yesterday to hold hearings beginning next week on charges that the United States Navy has already attacked German submarines while patrolling the Atlantic sea-planes to protect American shipments to Britain.

The anti-Administration move to investigate the charges was made coincidental to the proposal by Col. Frank Knox, Secretary of Navy, that the United States Fleet begin immediately "to clear the Atlantic of the German menace."

Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts, Chairman of the Naval Committee, said that the resolution by Senator Burton K. Wheeler, isolationist Democrat, would be considered next week. The resolution was based on reports by Washington columnists that naval units had attacked German warships.

"I don't believe there is anything to these reports, but the public is entitled to know," Senator Walsh declared.

He intimated that Col. Knox would be called before the Committee to comment on newspaper reports that American naval vessels had convoyed 80 British merchantships toward the African coast. The naval vessels heard vibrations from a submarine and one of the destroyers dropped depth bombs, after which the vibrations were no longer heard.—United Press.

THE CINEMA

"Dead Men Tell"

This is another of the popular Charlie Chan series and it is a good cure for the hot weather blues. Now showing at the Grand Theatre it has, as usual, Mr. Sidney Toler in the role of the famous Chinese detective, who finds himself at grips with a ghost—that of the Black Pirate—the earthly body of which departed this life one hundred years ago. Nevertheless Charlie once again defeats the supernatural in his usual quiet and efficient manner, aided (hindered would be a better term) by Sen Yung, American Chinese actor, who has acted as Chan's son in all of the Chan series so far. Others in the cast, who acquit themselves well in this gruesome but fascinating story of ghost-laying aboard a treasure ship are Miss Sheila Ryan and Mr. Robert Weldon. In addition to the main film there are Movietone News, "Uncle Joy," a colour cartoon and a sports feature.—R.S.

Five Die in English Train Wreck

London, July 2.

Five persons were killed and 23 injured, five seriously, in a railway crash near Slough today. The first two coaches of an express were telescoped. These contained most of the casualties. A.R.P. workers and first aid crews were sent to the scene of the wreck.—Reuter.

American Marines Arrive in London

London, July 2.

American Marines assigned to guard the United States Embassy here arrived in London early this morning.

They arrived here aboard a train and were greeted by a single uniformed captain of the British Security Police and a few early-rising workers. The Americans then were transported to the United States Embassy in motor-coaches.—United Press.

Pirates Board Jardine Ship

Hongkong, July 2.

Chinese pirates boarded the Jardine, Matheson vessel, ss. Fausang, took off the captain and a Russian as hostages but the Europeans were later rescued by the Japanese Navy, it was learned today.

The Fausang was en route to Hongkong when it was overtaken by pirates who held the master, Captain R. E. Holden, and a Russian as hostages.

"By some means or other," Chief Officer A. L. Jones managed to regain command of the ship, stated the local office of Jardine, Matheson & Co.

Mr. Jones notified the British naval authorities and as a result of his message the Japanese naval authorities in Shanghai released Mr. Holden and the Russian. The Fausang is expected here shortly.—United Press.

Production of Aviation Engines Increased

New York, July 2.

Plans for a huge increase in the production of aviation engines has been announced by the major units of the automobile industry, says a Detroit message to the "New York Herald-Tribune."

The message adds that the Buick and Chevrolet divisions of the General Motors Corporation have each disclosed plans to produce 1,000 Pratt and Whitney engines per month matching the known objectives of the Packard and Ford Motor Companies. General Motors also are planning to include the output of the Allison engine with 1,000 per month as the immediate objective."—Reuter.

★Famous Explorer Visits Shanghai On Research Trip

(Continued from page 1)

that he had finished the foundation work of studying weather conditions in various parts of the world.

Eventful Career

Sir Hubert, an Australian, has had an eventful career which has led him to all corners of the world. He was photographic correspondent with Turkish troops in 1912-13 and was second in command of Stefansson's party in the Canadian Arctic Expedition from 1913-17.

In 1917 he was granted a commission in the Australion Flying Corps, A.I.F., and later was seconded to the Military History Department as official photographer. During the war he was mentioned in despatches twice, was awarded the M.C. and bar.

After the war, in 1919, he was navigator of the Blackburn Kangaroo aeroplane which flew from England to Australia and in the following year he was second in command of the British Imperial Antarctic Expedition. Later he was naturalist with the Shackleton Quest expedition.

In 1923-25 he organized the Wilkins Australia and Islands expedition for the British Museum (Natural History) and he was commander to the Detroit Arctic expedition in 1926-27. Sir Hubert in the following year led the Wilkins "Detroit News" Arctic expedition and later in the same year he commanded the Wilkins-Hearst Antarctic expedition. In 1931 he was commander of the Nautilus Arctic submarine expedition and was manager of the Ellsworth Trans-Antarctic Expedition from 1933-36.

Sir Hubert was awarded a Patron's Medal by the Royal Geographical Society for work in Polar regions culminating in a flight from Port Barrow to Spitzbergen. He was also awarded Gold Medals by American, Belgian, Danish, Cuban and Royal Scottish Geographical Societies. Other awards were presented to him by Norway, France and Germany in connection with his aeroplane flights.

Local Activity At Tobruk

London, July 2.

There has been some minor activity in Libya, it is learned in London. At Tobruk, enemy machine-gun posts opposite the western part of the perimeter defences have been successfully raided. Near the frontier, one British column engaged and drove off a mechanized enemy party at Siweyat, three and a half miles south-east of Halfaya Pass.—Reuter.

WAR BREVITIES

Finns Claim Advances

Helsinki, July 2.

Well-informed Finnish circles yesterday claimed that German and Finnish troops, operating on the Salla front, had advanced as far as Kandalaksja on the White Sea, cutting off the main body of Soviet troops in and around Murmansk. Kandalaksja is also important as a communications centre, since the Leningrad-Murmansk railroad passes through the city.—United Press.

Russian Casualties in Finland

Stockholm, July 2.

A Swedish broadcast yesterday quoted reports from Helsinki stating that a number of Russian casualties had reached Finnish territory in the past few days and all of them were taken prisoner by the Finns.—United Press.

Russian Aircraft Industry Helped

London, July 2.

Arrangements are being made to enable the Russian aircraft industry to benefit from operational activity of the Royal Air Force and of production experience of the British aircraft industry, it is learned.—Reuter.

Russian Harvest to Be Guarded

London, July 2.

The Soviet Committee of National Defence has issued instructions that continuous day and night fire-watching parties should be organized in fields and on farms "to save the harvest from the outstretched blood-stained paws of the enemy," says Moscow radio.

Barns, farm buildings, agricultural machinery and all equipment must be guarded against fire and all grain collected from fields must be saved. —Reuter.

TIRED IN THE MORNING?

If a late night makes you late for breakfast.
If two late nights make you long for bed.
If Monday mornings find you shuddering.
And Sundays find you snoring.
If "off-colour," "below par," "under the weather" have crept into your talk.
Suspect constipation.
Even if you are "regular"—*suspect constipation.*
You may be "regular," yet expel incompletely. Poisons are left. Contaminate the blood. Slow you down. Sap your vigour.
For this condition there is a simple prescription. Doctors have been repeating it for years. It is Kruschen Salts. Food fads come and go. Fashions in diet have their day and are forgotten. But Kruschen Salts remain unquestioned. They don't drug you. They don't scour you. There is nothing secret about them. The analysis is on every bottle. And doctors recognise this analysis as a basic prescription for a basic disorder.

You'll feel all the better for a Pinch of

KRUSCHEN

You can take it in tea or hot water. All Chemists and Stores sell Kruschen.

3

9-11-E

"The struggle in which we [illegible] one of life and death. No half-measures are possible. We must give all, dare all, endure all, or lose all."

—First Lord of the Admiralty

THE EAGLE SQUADRON IS READY FOR ACTION

The American Eagle Squadron is now an operational Squadron, American pilots sprint to their aircraft.

Our maximum effort now is essential. Short of joining up, this is to GIVE—and to GIVE up to the hilt for the R.A.F.

Voluntary War Contribution Fund

(The Fund for Aeroplanes)

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK — CHARTERED BANK

DONATED

FROM SHANGHAI FOOTLIGHTS AND FILMS

Current Films

GRAND.—"Dead Men Tell."—A ruthless unknown killer loose on a treasure ship bound for the South Seas in search of pirate gold gives Charlie Chan and his No. 2 son their most dangerous assignment and thrilling adventure. With Sidney Toler, Sen Yung, Sheila Ryan, Robert Weldon, Don Douglas and Katherine Aldridge. Reviewed elesewhere.

METROPOL.—"The Son of Monte Cristo."—Action, speed, headlong adventure and hair-breadth escapes in a whirlwind romance of the Balkans in which the son of Dumas' famous hero sets out to foil revolutionaries and reinstate a lovely princess on her tottering throne. With Louis Hayward, Joan Bennett, George Sanders, Florence Bates and Montague Love.

ROXY.—"Gone with the Wind."—What many have acclaimed as the best picture ever made—at least the longest—features Clark Gable, Vivien Leigh, Olivia de Havilland and Leslie Howard.

CATHAY.—"Back Street."—Poignant and powerful romance built on Fanny Hurst's famous story of the girl who missed her life's happiness by not being on time for a vital appointment and thenceforward had to steal her joys in the shadows. With Margreat Sullavan, Charles Boyer, Richard Carlson and Frank McHugh. Last day.

NANKING.—"Nice Girl?"—Five songs and a more sophisticated romance than she has had heretofore, which has all the scandal-spreading tongues in Deanna for a while at the mercy of town, makes this latest Durbin piece a worthy companion to its eight predecessors. With Deanna Durbin, Franchot Tone, Walter Brennan, Robert Stack, Robert Benchley, Helen Broderick, Ann Gillis and Elizabeth Risdon.

CAPITOL.—"Rangers of Fortune."—Romance and thrills on the Mexican border in an action-packed story of frontier badmen with many entirely new angles and a plot that contains both suspense and surprises. With Fred MacMurray, Albert Dekker, Gilbert Roland, Dick Foran and Betty Brewer.

DOUMER.—"King Steps Out."—Starring the greatest soprano of the screen, Grace Moore, supported by Franchot Tone, and with music by Fritz Kreisler, the film is a musical comedy based on the romantic story of the betrothal of Franz Joseph of Hapsburg.

GOLDEN GATE.—"Thunder Afloat."—Spirited story of those little-known days of the World War when enemy submarines invaded American waters and wreaked havoc with U.S. shipping. With Wallace Beery, Chester Morris ond Virginia Grey.

Films Coming

"Honeymoon for Three."—The racy story of a novelist whose subject is Woman and of the complications that ensue when one of his most hectic creations comes to life and butts in on his own private romance. With Ann Sheridan, George Brent, Charlie Ruggles, Osa Massen and Jane Wyman. Coming to the **CATHAY** tomorrow.

"Reaching for the Sun."—The rollicking romance of three happy-go-lucky kids, head over heels in love—fighting, loving, laughing their way through a nicely balanced mixture of comedy and thrills. With Joel McCrea, Ellen Drew, Eddie Bracken, Albert Dekker and Billy Gilbert. Tomorrow at the **NANKING**.

"My Love."—A story similar to that of "Bachelor Mother" set in song, a film of pure fun and music, including jazz tunes. A first-run Russian dialogue picture with English titles shown, starting tomorrow at the **DOUMER**.

"The Devil and Miss Jones."—The delightfully hilarious romance of a boy and a girl who didn't have a dime till they made a new man out of the richest guy on earth by convincing him that his most valuable possession was something he didn't know he owned. With Jean Arthur, Robert Cummings, Charles Coburn, Edmund Gwenn, Spring Byington, S.Z. Sakall and William Demarest. Coming to the **NANKING**.

"Before I Hang."—Weird and powerful tale of a scientist whose experiments lead to spells of homicidal mania during which he becomes an indiscriminate killer. With Boris Karloff, Evelyn Keyes, Bruce Bennett, Edward Van Sloan, Ben Taggart and Pedro de Cordoba. Coming to the **METROPOL**.

"The Saint in Palm Springs."—Most colourful of the series, this suspense-packed thriller pits the arch-enemy of crime in a tense, extra-legal struggle against a gang of foreign criminals who commit murder after murder to secure three rare postage stamps. With Geoge Sanders, Wendy Barrie, Paul Guilfoyle, Jonathan Hale and Linda Hayes. Coming to the **CATHAY**.

"Knute Rockne—All-American."—The thrilling and inspiring life story of a great athlete who became the greatest of all American coaches and of some of the men he fired with his own enthusiasm. With Pat O'Brien, Gale Page, Ronald Reagan, Donald Crisp, Albert Basserman, John Litel and Henry O'Neil. Coming to the **GRAND**.

"Flight Command." — With Robert Taylor, Ruth Hussey and Walter Pidgeon. Guns spitting, motors screaming, take to the skies with Uncle Sam's fighting squadrons. The mightiest thrill-barrage as the "Hell Cats" dive, spin and crash through the romance of a rookie daredevil. Coming to the **ROXY**.

"Hudson's Bay." — A two-fisted drama of the Frozen North and Empire Building in the colourful days of King Charles II, built round the fabulous career of the first great Canadian adventurer. With Paul Muni, Laird Cregar, Gene Tierney, John Sutton, Virginia Field, Vincent Price, Nigel Bruce, Chief Thundercloud and a supporting cast of many hundreds. Soon at the **GRAND**.

"Florian." — A romantic drama of the fall of the Hapsburg dynasty in Austria following the World War, co-starring Robert Young, recently seen to advantage in "Northwest Passage," and Helen Gilbert, beautiful new film discovery. Others in the cast include Lee Bowman and Irina Baranova. Coming to the **ROXY**.

To Dine and Dance

ALI BABA.—Night club. Guy Roberts orchestra.—Geza and Gino.

ARGENTINA.—Night club. George Roth and his orchestra. Chin Ping Troupe. Marryfield and Sanders. Garden open.

ARIZONA.—Night club. Sandor Stern—Ninotchka.

BOLERO.—Night club. Charlie Albert's orchestra.

CASANOVA.—Gloria Andico's orchestra.

CATHAY HOTEL LOUNGE.—Morning and afternoon tea cocktails.

CATHAY RESTAURANT.—6th floor.

COSMO CLUB. — Morris' orchestra. Dorothy Baker.

D. D.'S. NIGHT CLUB.—Russian and foreign style cuisine. Tino's orchestra.

FARREN'S.—Farren's music-makers June West and Kay—Sally and the Galrae Sisters.

JESSFIELD.—Night club. Teddy and Ferry Guzza—also Havsky.

MAXIM.—Night club. Lazarus and his orchestra.

METROPOLE HOTEL.—Grill and dining rooms for business tiffins and other occasions.

PARAMOUNT. — Cabaret. Tony Diaz's swing orchestra.

PARK HOTEL.—Dancing nightly. Sunday and Thursday tea dances Itkis' orchestra. Aby and Emerico.

ROXY.—Night club. Harry Fisher's swing band. Fobau and Harry Taffet.

TOWER.—Night club. Tower orchestra. Mlle Claudette. Nightly excepting Sunday.

"Flight Command"

Those who enjoy the acting of Robert Taylor and Ruth Hussey will have to wait several days longer until "G.W.T.W." is taken off the Roxy screen—Walter Pidgeon is in strong support.

"Reaching for the Sun"

Coming to the Nanking Theatre tomorrow are Joel McCrae and Ellen Drew in the starring roles, while others in the cast include Eddie Bracken, Albert Dekker and Billie Gilbert.

"Dead Men Tell"

Current at the Grand Theatre is Sidney Toler in his latest interpretation of Charlie Chan. He has the support of Sheila Ryan, Sen Yung, Don Douglas, Katharine Aldridge and Robert Weldon.

"Honeymoon for Three"

George Brent and Ann Sheridan will be co-starred at the Cathay Theatre tomorrow, associated players including Charles Ruggles, Osa Massen, Jane Wyman and Lee Patrick.

"Major Barbara" Shown

The spectacle of a brilliant New York world premiere for a motion picture that was devised and created in the clash and turmoil of Nazi bombardments is a spectacle that borders on the miraculous, but, nevertheless, that is what happened in New York recently when George Bernard Shaw's "Major Barbara" opened at the Astor Theatre for what promises to be a very prolonged run. It was a little over a year ago that the cameras began turning on the first scenes for "Major Barbara" at the Denham Studios outside of London. In the interval, many things happened that were not written into the script by Shaw. Among these were the frequent air attacks which caused destruction, delay; and sometimes injury to members of the cast. Due to the needs of the hour, the film-makers had to absent themselves for fire-warden or Home Guard duty. There were numerous losses from the personnel—both technical and artistic—because of enlistments in the fighting services.

Yet the work went on, the film was completed despite all hazards and today it is acclaimed here as one of the marvels of screen craftsmanship.

Miss China of 1941

The first of a series of contests which the management of the Argentina is sponsoring throughout the summer, Miss China of 1941, will be held in the summer garden on July 15. This is the only preliminary, the final to be held one week later. All of $20,000 will be given in cash during the series to the lucky winners and runners-up and, in addition, the management announces that proceeds, including cover charge receipts, will be donated to a principal Chinese charity. If the winner of Miss China is held photogenic enough after screen tests are made, prints will be forwarded to Universal Pictures in Hollywood for final examination—the winner may get a passage-paid trip to the cine-capital, as well as $1,500 in local currency.

At the Park Hotel

In the Park Hotel tea lounge this afternoon the usual weekly tango tea will be held, at which Aby and Emerico will be in attendance and, at the request of guests, will give personal instruction in various modifications of this dance. Emerico, who has become famous in Shanghai for his smart impersonations, will present them nightly in the Sky Terrace. Dancing with his partner, Aby, he will also be seen in ballroom and acrobatic dances. Tasakoff does several solo turns as well. All entertainment and dancing is accompanied by Itkis and his excellent orchestra.

Osculatory Address

The screen has always had difficulties with the question of kissing. From time to time, kisses have been controlled. They could last so many seconds and no more. There have been even periods when they have been almost banned. But these are not all their difficulties. The studies have to deal with delicate and complicated kissing problems.

When Dorothy Lamour, for example, was making "Chad Hanna" and kissing Ted North, Henry King, directing, said "Those look like phoney kisses to me." At once Miss Lamour had an electrocardiograph brought on the set and fastened to her wrists and one leg. Then she went through the scene again and the instrument showed a marked acceleration of Miss Lamour's heart action.

This happened in the Twentieth Century studio. But the same studio had still other osculatory problems. In making Zane Grey's "Western Union," Dean Jagger had to kiss Virginia Gilmore. It was his first kissing experience before the camera and he was nervous. To make things more or less difficult, Fritz Lang, the director, had appointed Mrs. Jagger as technical adviser and Mrs. Jagger was not satisfied with her husband's realism.

She vetoed no less than eight successive kisses and was not satisfied before the ninth. All these experiences show that kissing before the camera is an arduous performance.

Farren's Floor Show

Appropriate decorations, menu and entertainment are in order tomorrow night at Farren's on the occasion of American Independence Day. The ballroom's summer dress and table covers lend themselves to the general motifs and, in addition to the orchestra rendering American melodies, the Galrae Sisters will sing such songs as "Kentucky Home," "Dixie" and "I Am an American."

The floor show closes its programme tonight, but tomorrow marks the opening night of the two Pan troupes of Chinese acrobats, combined into a comprehensive unit. June West and Kay are presenting a new series of routines, gay and sparkling, and Sally sings with Otto Joachim's band.

Hungarian Goulash

The Maxim Night Club's cocktail bar is unique in the foreign field in that the hostesses are international and include at least two pleasing Chinese girls. Mixed drinks are prepared by a bartender of more than 22 years experience. Hungarian goulash is one of the special dishes served every night. Music for dancing is provided by the Eric Lazarus orchestra, with Henry as the principal vocalist. The Maxim has an ingenious roof which may readily be opened, admitting the fresh night air.

Return Engagement

Back at the Arizona Night Club for a brief return engagement is a young feminine dancer who was a tremendous success on the occasion of her first appearance there. She opened the return engagement last Tuesday night and is an exponent of Oriental, Hawaiian and Spanish dances. For her Oriental dances this artiste was a pupil of the famous Prof. Ramboys of Calcutta. Sandor Stern's Arizona Aces provide the inspiration for dancing and the Arizona is ideally air-conditioned.

Cooling Fans

The scheme of the management of the Ali Baba Night Club in ingeniously placing fans where patrons will not be exposed to draughts is meeting with approval of guests and at the same time keeps the night club cool and comfortable. Probably the biggest asset of the Ali Baba is the music, furnished by Guy Roberts and his band, the personnel including the famous Guza & Gino, better known as the two G-Men; K. James, and Jack the drummer. Four singers are in the band.

Moscow Appeals For More Doctors

London, July 2.

Among appeals made by Moscow Radio last night was one for increased numbers of medical men and women to ensure that the great length of the fighting front would have adequate medical provision.

Many women students have already volunteered.

Another exhortation was addressed to all Red soldiers to watch keenly for German soldiers wearing Red Army uniforms. They were warned they were fighting a foe who would try every dastardly trick.—Reuter.

Sweden not to Raise Volunteer Force

London, July 2.

Sweden has decided not to raise a volunteer force for war against Soviet Russia, according to the Finnish Radio.

Swedish volunteers, it is added, will be attached to Finnish formations.—Reuter.

Charles Albert Band

The Charles Albert swing and concert band continues to be a strong drawing card at the Bolero Night Club and during the one month in which the unit has played there has won many new friends and admirers. The personnel embraces such versatile, able musicians as Ernest Schlittner, Freddie Loewy and Jack Reiss. Twelve hostesses of five different nationalities at the cocktail bar, which is entirely separate from the service bar.

Two Ace Pianists

The Roxy Night Club has two ace pianists, both highly popular with patrons. They are Harry C. Fisher, who also is leader of the band, and the clever Tony, who in addition plays accordeon. Tony, himself an ex-leader, has been one of the mainstays of the band since its inception. The Roxy also has two excellent singers in the persons of Harry Taffet and Fred Fobau. Taffet is an able drummer and Fobau is a singing violinist.

New Night Club

De Paris, latest addition to the entertainment field, which opened over he week-end, is situated on Avenue du Roi Albert, near Avenue Joffre. The premises, done in restful motifs, are of the intime nature, the music (under Strasser) restful and the general atmosphere congenial. The management, Walter Stern, proprietor, guaranteed the quality of refreshments.

"Knute Rockne—All-American"

Pat O'Brien comes soon to the Grand in sporting picture.

Strength of New Order Shown Says "Japan Times"

De jure recognition of the Nanking Government would "emphasize to the world the strength and permanence of the New Order in China," was the declaration made this morning by the "Japan Times and Advertiser" in an editorial commenting on the diplomatic recognition of the Nanking Government by Germany, Italy, Slovakia, Croatia and Rumania.

"The people of Japan," the editorial declared, "wish to take this opportunity in presenting their felicitations to Nanking upon its increasing stature, and offer to Italy, Germany and the other Powers their appreciation for their recognition."

Coming as it did soon after Mr. Wang Ching-wei's visit to Japan and the extension of a large loan to the Nanking Government for constructive and extension purposes, the daily declared that this state of recognition would emphasize to the world the strength and permanence of the New Order in China. That it would result in recognition by other Powers could be expected.

Can Go Forward

"The National Government can now go forward to further heights of achievement," the editorial declared, "knowing that it is being accorded the fullest sympathy and support, and admitted in equality to the task of worldwide reconstruction on what it is hoped will prove an enduring condition of amity and concord."

Pointing out the fact that Italy and Germany had served diplomatic relations with the Chungking regime as a result of their recognition of the Nanking Government, the "Times and Advertiser" declared "No longer having association with these European governments, Chungking must still further feel the pinch of diplomatic poverty, and its supporters cannot but realize its waning influence in the world just as they discover the increasing strength of President Wang Ching-wei's authority."

Slow and difficult, but sure and inevitable was the building of a New Order in the Far East, the paper opined, "with past trials justified and the future heralded by this important joint action which will bring further spontaneous jubilation throughout Japan and China."

Stating that China had now become an important part of the great Axis movement for world consolidation, the "Times" concluded, "There is more than a recognition of China in this act. There also is a recognition of the Far Eastern co-prosperity sphere as an integrated force which is destined to do much for the service of all peoples in the Pacific and Asia."—Domei.

French Welcome Bombing Of Factories

London, July 2.

"Our French people working in factories are not the least angry with the R.A.F. bombing of their plants—they really invite it and hope to see the blockade continued," said M. Henri Hauck, labour adviser to General de Gaulle, leader of the Free French, speaking at Sheffield today.

M. Hauck explained hat these people had to work for the Germans, but inwardly they felt that they would rather starve now and be free later, than starve for the rest of their lives.—Reuter.

King Receives Churchill

London, July 2.

King George yesterday received Mr. Winston Churchill, Prime Minister, in audience at the Palace. The king also presided at the Privy Council meeting which was attended by Sir John Anderson, Lord Privy Seal. United Press.

Time Ripe to End Concessionism in China-"Kokumin"

Tokyo, July 2.

Recognition of the Nanking Government by five European nations including Germany and Italy, metropolitan morning dailies agreed, was an event which marked a new epoch in the disposal of the China hostilities and the creation of a prosperity sphere in East Asia.

The "Yomiuri" declared that recognition would have a worldwide repercussion, because it indicated that the creation of a New Order in East Asia was not merely a theory or ideal, but an actuality.

The daily declared that recognition by Bulgaria, Spain, Hungary and France could be expected in the near future.

The editorial asserted: "The Japan-Manchoukuo-China bloc now is recognized internationally as an axis for the creation of a New East Asia."

The "Kokumin" asserted that the task of the Nanking Government following its recognition by European nations was "abolition of foreign concessions" in Nanking-controlled China with the help of Japan.

Warning to Powers

Recalling the fact that Prince Konoye repeatedly voiced Japan's willingness to return concessions to China, the editorial declared, "The time is ripe for the Japanese government to announce concrete measures to settle the problem of concessions once and for all."

The "Kokumin" added that the abolition of concessions which had been "hotbeds of subversive activities" would strengthen the Nanking Government's political power and improve conditions in the Nanking-controlled areas.

Agreeing with other morning dailies, the "Hochi" declared that recognition of the Nanking Government by the European Powers was a great blow to Chungking's international position. The paper, however, warned that Great Britain, the United States and the Soviet Union would continue their present relations with Chungking.

If these three Powers continued to refuse recognition of the Nanking Government, the "Hochi" said, the latter would hereafter "resolutely deal with Powers hostile to it since it is not obliged to respect their interests in areas under its control."

The paper further warned hostile Powers that if they were desirous of safeguarding their interests in the Nanking controlled areas, they would at least have to maintain normal diplomatic relations with the Nanking Government of China.—Domei.

Soviet Envoy Returns To Turkey

Ankara, July 2.

The Soviet Ambassador, M. Vinogradov, returned here yesterday by air from Moscow.—Reuter.

Shigemitsu Arrives In Washington

Washington, July 2.

Mr. Mamoru Shigemitsu, Japanese Ambassador to London, arrived here yesterday en route to Tokyo for consultations with his government.

He was due to remain overnight as a guest of Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura, Japanese Ambassador to Washington and to depart today by aeroplane for Los Angeles.

Mr. Shigemitsu had no appointments with United States officials, it was reported. It was understood he would return to London shortly, after visiting Tokyo.—United Press.

Alexandria Again Raided By Nazis

Cairo, July 2.

Alexandria was again raided early yesterday morning, according to the Egyptian Ministry of Interior.

Bombs caused four casualties, of which one was fatal. There was slight damage to property.—Reuter.

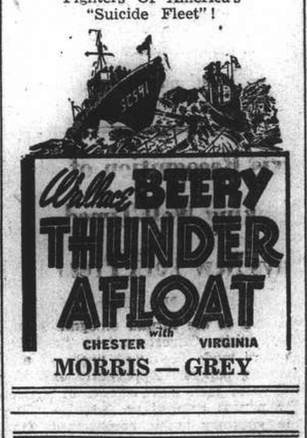
DOUMER
To-day Only, 2.30, 5, 7 and 9.15
75 cts., $1, $1.30 (Res.)
Grace Moore—Frenchot Tone
in Fritz Kreisler's
"KING STEPS OUT"
Romance of Franz Joseph
set to Music and Song
To-morrow: "MY LOVE"
USSR Production

UPTOWN
To-day at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
HE STOLE THEIR JEWELS!
THEY GAVE THEIR HEARTS!
"RAFFLES"
CO-STARRING
David Niven Olivia DeHavilland
DIRECTED BY SAM WOOD

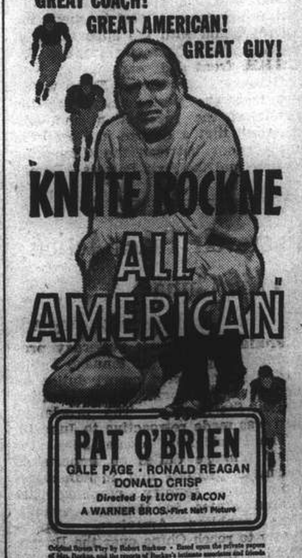
TODAY
4-6.30 p.m.
TANGO TEA
in the Dining Room, 2nd Floor
with Aby and Emerico who will dance with patrons upon request and show them new Tango Steps
DINNER DANCE NIGHTLY
at the Sky Terrace
with
ABY and EMERICO
in Acrobatic, Character Dances and Impersonations
and
MISS KASSAKOFF
in Ballet Dances
PARK HOTEL
Telephone 91010

CAPITOL
142 Museum Road Tel. 17100
LAST 3 SHOWS TO-DAY!
At 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
"Charlie Chan at Wax Museum"
Sidney TOLER Sen YUNG Joan VALERIE
$1, $1.30, $1.60
OPENS TO-MORROW!
"RANGERS OF FORTUNE"

—Air Cooled—Air Conditioned—
GOLDEN GATE THEATRE
745 AV. POCH TEL. 74456
3 Shows To-day!
At 2.30, 5.30, 9.15 p.m.
Admission: $1, $1.50, $1.80
Screaming Adventure with Fighters Of America's "Suicide Fleet"!



GRAND
COMING SOON!
GREAT COACH! GREAT AMERICAN! GREAT GUY!



WATCH FOR IT!

ROXY
TO-DAY!
at 2.30 and 8 p.m.
DAVID O. SELZNICK'S production of MARGARET MITCHELL'S story of the Old South
"GONE WITH THE WIND"
IN TECHNICOLOR
starring
CLARK GABLE
as Rhett Butler
LESLIE HOWARD
OLIVIA de HAVILLAND
and presenting
VIVIEN LEIGH
as Scarlett O'Hara
A SELZNICK INTERNATIONAL PICTURE
Directed by VICTOR FLEMING
A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER Release
ALL SEATS RESERVED!
Prices: $2.50, 3.80, 4.80 & 6.60 (incl. tax)
— COMING BIG ATTRACTION! —

"Son of Monte Cristo"

Louis Hayward and Joan Bennett, supported by George Sanders, are in fine fettle at the Metropol Theatre today.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Germany's Moves: Something Going Wrong?

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—One guess is as good as another; still, if I turn out to be wrong, the worst I can be accused of is wishful thinking, and wishful thinking is not a crime. If you have faith, boundless, absolute faith in a cause, but have no chance to act, then all you can do is to think, and it is but natural that your thoughts will be always along the same line.

Ever since Germany has attacked Russia, I have an idea on my mind which does not let me rest.

I firmly believe the German attack was not in the original schedule of the Nazis for this year, it had not been planned far ahead like all their other moves, and therefore it has even less chance to succeed than it would have had otherwise.

I shall attempt to prove this contention by examining the salient features of the last six months, and if anyone were to say that all that was but camouflage, I would counter that if so, the Germans have certainly exceeded any known limits of a diversion, and, more important, these manoeuvres could at best have lulled the Russians into a slightly increased sense of false security, but could not possibly have caused any movement of Russian troops away from the German border.

In 1941 Germany has made the following five conspicuous moves:

First, the Balkan War. The object of this was certainly not to extricate Mussolini from his Albanian difficulties, because a humiliated Italy, with cap in hand, suits Hitler much better than a partner of anything like equality. As we remember by the slow infiltration into Bulgaria, the protracted negotiations with Yugoslavia, his campaign required a preparation of several months, and it would seem therefore that as a goal it must have had something bigger than the mere possession of those barren mountain ranges. Let it be borne in mind that Germany, without any war at all, was getting out of Yugoslavia everything that unhappy country could yield, and therefore, as history has always shown, any war was inevitably bound to decrease the flow of supplies. Thus the purpose of the Germans could not have concerned the Italians in Albania, or the chastisement of the Yugoslavs, but must have been looking somewhere far more ahead.

The second important event of this year was the recapture of Cyrenaica. This was rather a risky business, involving the transport of a fair-sized mechanized army through water where the British fleet was, or could at any moment have been supreme. Carefully calculating people like the Germans do not ordinarily take such risks, just for the sake of Mussolini's face, or a couple of desert villages. As with the Balkans, also this move must have had a much broader scope.

The third prominent feature of this year was the relentless bullying of the Vichy government. The Nazis wanted something big, but evidently did not get it. What might it have been? Anyway, nothing even remotely connected with a possible action against Russia. I advance the guess that it was mostly, or all about Syria.

The fourth, and I am purposely not following any strict chronological order, was Crete. It is true that the Nazis did succeed in taking this island, but it is none the less true that in doing so they incurred again serious risks, and paid a heavy price in men and material. Why did they do it? Where lies the great importance of this island? As a link in a chain of large conception, surely it can be very important, but as a mere jumping-off ground for a few planes to bomb Alexandria, especially at a time when the Nazis appear to have hardly any planes left to spare even to bomb London, I do not think it warranted so much trouble.

The fifth, and according to my mind the most important event was the miscarriage of the Iraq plot, which marked the first very real turning point of this war. Here we have seen for the first time the Germans not getting what they have been out for. They fifth-columned that little country to a nicety, but apparently forgot that they were dealing with Asiatics, and thus their usual ultra-efficiency went astray. The local Quisling probably thought the situation ripe for a show-down long before he should have done so, and prematurely climbed out of the gutter, and thus gave the British a chance to settle with him in time. It is easy to see how different the situation would have been, had Iraq revolted only after the occupation of Crete was completed, and the Germans were all set for the next move towards Syria.

All of these five major events of this year seem unfailingly to point in one direction, to the Middle East, with its oil, the Suez Canal, and India beyond. A grandiose stage setting, to build which took the better part of half a year, and still, the last moment before curtain the actors seem to have thought it over and walked off to play in far off Russia. May they have the same success there as the other Corporal had some time ago.

POSONIVUS 13.

Kobe, June 27.

P.S.—I just love Tchaikovsky's "1812," it's glorious music, and I play it now every day; sometimes especially for the benefit of my Nazi neighbours.

Rumanian Oilfields: The Bombing Welcomed

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is very refreshing to hear that the Rumanian oil fields have been bombed by the Russians.

Why Britain has not done any bombing in this direction is beyond one's comprehension, unless the preservation of the oil fields is more important than winning the war.

We have been told that Germany gets more than 50 per cent of her requirements from Rumania.

Such being the case, it is most obvious, even to a child, that had these oil fields been destroyed, Germany would have been quite unable to have invaded Russia and in all probability her war machine would have by now come almost to a standstill.

It is to be hoped that Russia will continue these bombings and that should Germany succeed in getting near enough to menace the Baku oil fields, these will be put out of commission.

I, and no doubt many others, would welcome a few words of explanation on this subject either by Mr. Alexander Carlisle, Mr. Alfred Morley or Mr. John Harford.

BRITON.

Shanghai, July 2.

Chungking Journal Sees Something Behind Axis Move

Chungking, July 2.

The Chinese press this morning unanimously expressed the greatest indignation over the German and Italian recognition of the Nanking Government under Mr. Wang Ching-wei.

The official "Central Daily News," in a leading article, describes the action as an "insult to the Chinese people."

The daily declared: "The Hitler and Mussolini governments have always adopted an unfriendly attitude towards China, pursuing a pro-Japanese policy. Newspapers and periodicals under their control make malicious attacks on the Chinese Government and people.

"The Chinese Government had hitherto refrained from taking any action, as the Chinese and German peoples had a history of sincere friendship and mutual assistance in cultural and technical relations. We were unwilling to sacrifice the friendship of the Chinese and German peoples because of the actions of the Nazi regime.

"At the same time we hoped that the German people would be able to induce their government to change their mistaken policy. This hope, however, has now totally gone with the German recognition of the puppet regime. We are confident, however, that this does not represent the wishes of the German people. But it is noteworthy that Germany and Italy waited 14 months before extending recognition to Nanking, showing that there must be a motive behind the new move."—Reuter.

TO-DAY'S RADIO

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

XCDN

"The Voice of Democracy" in Shanghai
Wave length 208m. Frequency 1440kc.
P. O. Box 433. Shanghai
Telephone 16967

To-day's Programme

7.45 a.m. News in Chinese
12.00 Piano Solos including Sonata in C Minor (Mozart) by Walter Giesseking
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in French
1.30 News in German
2.00 Czechoslovak News and Commentary
2.30 Polish Music
3.00 Dance Music
3.30 Woman and Home, including a Talk by Stella Alexander at 3.50
4.30 Chinese Programme, including "Stars of the Peking Opera" at 5.00, News at 5.20 and 6.00, and a Commentary at 6.15
7.00 Polish Programme
7.30 Light Music
8.00 Relay of B.B.C News and Talk
8.30 "Out of the Bag"
8.55 "The Lowdown on the Follies"
9.00 News in English and B.B.C. programme Announcements
9.20 A second Talk between an Englishman and a German
9.30 An Hour at the Opera—Selections from the operas of Mozart
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers' News Summary
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

BBC

The main items in the London programme which can be heard on GSV in the 16 metre band and GSF in the 19 metre band are:—

p.m.
8.00 News and Topical Talk.
8.30 E.N.S.A's Overseas Half-hour.
9.15 Concert of Light Music by the Albert Sandler Trio.
10.00 News and News Commentary.
10.15 Irene will sing Songs by Noel Gay.
11.00 "India"—Talk by Sir Dennis Bray.
11.30 "Rear-guard Action." The withdrawal from Greece and Crete.
Midnight. In My Opinion. Talk.

FRENCH BROADCASTING STATION

FFZ

193 Avenue Joffre, Shanghai
TELEPHONE 80567

Medium wave: 214m., 1400kc.
Short wave: 42.80m., 12.09mc.

Daily broadcast in four languages.

Time table

12.00 Light music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Light music.
4.30 Light music.
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Light music.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière. Paderewski (II).
8.15 Light music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:

Local colour in the French opera.

Bizet: Carmen (selections); Bizet: The pearl-fishers (selections); Delibes: Lakme (selections); Massenet: La Navarraise; Massenet: "Le Cid" (selections).

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

XMHD

395m. 760kc.

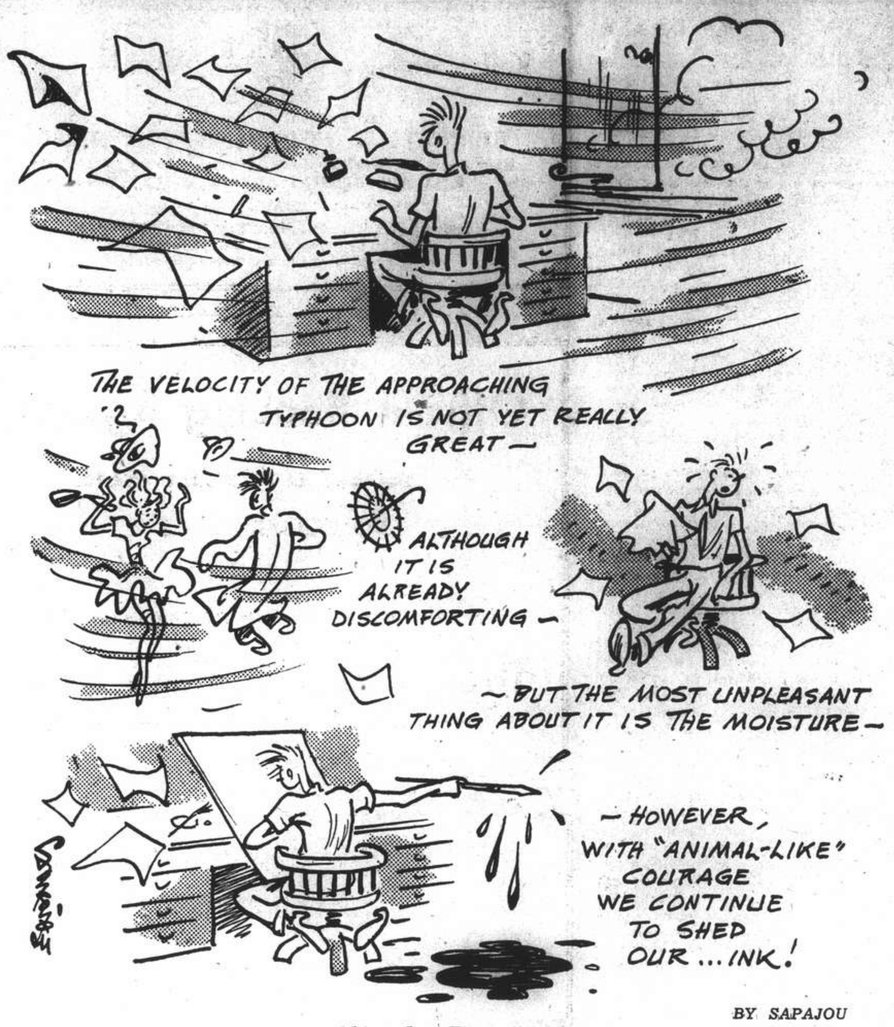
THE NEWS OF THE WORLD

CONCISE
CLEAR
CANDID

XMHD broadcasts news in English daily at 12.45 and 9 p.m. and news in Chinese daily at 12.30 and 9.15 p.m.

MAILS COMING AND GOING
EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS
WEATHER REPORTS
LOCAL EVENTS OF THE DAY

At other hours, the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association broadcasts in English and Chinese language programme of music and talks.



Shanghai Resistance

"Fascism Means Slavery"

Moscow, July 1.

In an article entitled "Fascism Means Slavery," "Pravda" writes:—"Peoples of European countries occupied by Fascists are turned into slaves. Moreover they are robbed of everything. Everywhere in those countries, the German is the chief proprietor. Workers slave for him without sleep or rest. Peasants surrender to him the fruits of their labour. Fascist Germany takes out everything she can from occupied countries.

"In a frank talk with his closest henchmen, Hitler said, "We will have a class of conquered aliens, those whom we can freely call modern slaves." Nearly the whole of humanity is to be thus enslaved. The slave-owning fantasy of Fascist cutthroats is not confined to Europe alone. They boast that following Europe they will conquer first southern and subsequently northern America. Hitler looks upon the Slavic peoples with fear and hatred. The Russian people especially, fill him with a panicky fear.

National Welfare

"The birthrate has increased among the population of the Soviet Union. This is the direct result of the growth of national welfare, culture, good nourishment and good care for children.

"Fascism with brazen frankness sets before itself this task of conquering non-German countries, reducing their population, and lowering the birthrate. German Fascism attacked our country like a mad beast. It is accompanied by savage plunder. It wants to destroy millions of Soviet people, exterminate new generations, starve children. This is not an idle threat. Poland, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, Greece and other countries furnish vivid evidence of how the slave-owning policy of German fascism is pursued where its cannibalistic raids were successful. This mad Fascist beast must be annihilated!"—Tass.

Axis Recognition of Nanking Well-Timed Says New York Press

New York, July 1.

News of the formal recognition of the Nanking Government by the Axis Powers made the front pages of all evening papers. Apparently expecting some such move sooner or later, the papers evinced no surprise. On the contrary, they emphasized the delay in recognition until the Axis became involved in hostilities with the Soviet Union, describng the step as a master stroke of timing.

Some papers said that if the German move was not aimed to draw Japan into the war against Russia it was designed at least to check the Soviet Union with the appearance of a solid Axis front threatening the U.S.S.R. front and rear.

Observers opined that Japan would not take any positive steps as the result of the recognition and emphasized that a change has occurred in relations between the Chungking regime and the Axis Powers.—Domei.

Roosevelt Takes Action To Aid China

Hyde Park, July 2.

President Roosevelt yesterday proclaimed suspension of tonnage duties and discriminatory import duties on vessels from Burma ports reaching United States ports. The proclamation was made retroactive to June 10.

The Presidential proclamation also lifted tonnage duties on imports of Burmese produce and manufactures from any country reaching the United States in Burmese vessels, thus enabling American supplies freely to reach China over the Burma Road through Burma giving reciprocal treatment to United States vessels and cargoes.—United Press.

Russians Grateful For U.S. Support

Washington, July 2.

Sources close to the Soviet Embassy yesterday said that the Moscow Government had expressed satisfaction for the United States' attitude toward Russian defence. Russia also has approached the United States regarding the possibility of ordering certain strategic materials for use against Germany.

M. Vyacheslav Molotov, Soviet Foreign Commissar, expressed appreciation to Mr. Lawrence Steinhardt, United States Ambassador to Moscow, for the statements of Mr. Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State, to M. Constantin Oumansky, Soviet Ambassador in Washington, regarding prompt American aid to Russia

It was understood that M. Molotov also expressed satisfaction with the attitude of President Roosevelt and other Government officials towards Moscow.

Mr. Welles, meanwhile, said that the Soviets had approached the United States regarding purchase of strategic materials. M. Oumansky made the request, which was presented to the proper departments, including the Office of Production Management, Mr. Welles said.

No mention was made of the lend-lease bill nor were there indications that the materials would be paid for. Mr. Welles also said he could not reveal the type of materials sought. He disclosed that the United States was considering relaxation of all export restrictions on Soviet commerce.—United Press.

Floods Damage Indian Communications

Bombay, July 2.

An unprecendented breakdown in munications between Bombay and telegraphic and telephonic com- all prinoipal cities in India, and almost complete paralysis of rail traffic from Bombay, followed the heaviest rainfall experienced by Bombay and surrounding areas during the present monsoon.

The rain, which fell for 36 hours, was accompanied by cyclonic conditions. Over 15 inches of rain fell in western Ghats, near Bombay, resulting in heavy floods near one of Bombay's suburban junctions from which railway traffic branches off throughout India.

The causesd breaches at two points and there was a considerable dislocation of traffic. Bombay terminus was crowded with passengers whose trains had been cancelled.—Reuter.

New Zealand Speeds Exports to Britain

Wellington, July 2.

The adoption of three shifts daily on New Zealand wafer fronts has resulted in a 25 per cent. speed up in the handling of ships carrying produce to England, stated Mr. Nash, Acting Prime Minister, in a speech yesterday.

Mr. Nash emphasized the need for increased cheese production to reach the goal of 160,000 tons for Britain during the coming season. The change over from butter production to cheese was costing the Government £380,000 for one season.—Reuter.

Empire Air Training Ahead of Schedule

London, July 2.

The Empire air training scheme was well ahead of schedule, Major Powers, Canadian Air Minister, who has arrived in England from Canada, told a press conference in London yesterday.

He stated that about 80 per cent. of the original plan was now in operation. From seven to ten per cent. of air crews, Major Powers said, were United States citizens, and American civil pilots were being used as instructors in bombing and gunnery. There was no shortage of recruits for crews, he added.

The chief object of Major Powers mission, which will last about two weeks, is to discuss with Sir Archibald Sinclair, Air Secretary, administrative problems arising from the joint air training plans for Canada and Britain.—Reuter.

Britain's Fiscal Policy

London, July 2.

The British Government's fiscal policy was put in a nutshell by Sir Kingsley Wood, Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking in the House of Commons yesterday.

He emphasized the Government's economic policy which, he said, found expression, among other things, in the limitation of supplies, concentration of industry, rationing of foot, and clothing, and price control.

"The question is not whether we can finance the war but whether we shall conduct it in a manner calculated to combat inflation and thus avoid very severe hardships on all classes," the Chancellor declared. "It is my desire and intention resolutely to fight against inflation.

"Current rates of taxation have been fixed, but to deal with the inflationary gap we must look to an increase in the rate of genuine saving."

Sir Kingsley Wood continued that the policy of general savings must be related to rigid economy in private affairs, drastic curtailment of civilian consumption, and realisation by everybody that every penny saved and lent to the nation was an essential contribution to victory.—Reuter.

Exchequer returns for the first (April-June) quarter of the current financial year show United Kingdom expenditure £1,074,000,000, equalling an annual rate of £4,300,000,000 without including United States lease and lend supplies.

Supply services absorbed £985,000,000, an average of £11,000,000 daily.

The current rate is even higher, illustrating the progressive intensification of the war effort. The revenue for the quarter was nearly 70 per cent. higher than a year ago.—Reuter.

French Round-up of Russians Continues

Vichy, July 2.

The Government's round-up of Russians continued throughout France yesterday, particularly in Paris where more than 10,000 Russians have been arrested by the German occupation authorities.

Russians who are sick, married to a French woman or who fought as volunteers in the French Army were given a preferential status. Those to be expelled will be held in concentration camps until they can be ejected.—United Press.

U. S. Claim Million for Robin Moor Sinking

New York, July 2.

The United States is demanding $1,000,000 reparation for the recent sinking of the American ship Robin Moor by a German submarine, according to a Washington telegram to the "Journal American."

Senator David I. Walsh, Democrat from Massachusetts, is asking Colonel Frank Knox, Navy Secretary, to answer charges made by Senator Burton K. Wheeler that the United States is sinking submarines, says the same correspondent.—Reuter.

N. V. MAATSCHAPPIJ TOT MIJN-BOSCH-EN LANDBOUWEXPLOITATIE IN LANGKAT

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a General Meeting of Sharehoders will be held at the offices of the General Agents, No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai, on Wednesday, July 9, 1941 at 11.45 a.m.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from July 4 to July 9, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors.

GEORGE McBAIN.
General Agents.

Shanghai, June 26, 1941. 13529

U. S. to Resume Trading With French Colonies

Washington, July 2.

Two French vessels would soon sail from the United States carrying much-needed goods and supplies for French North African Colonies, stated Mr. Sumner Welles, Assistant Secretary of State, at today's press conference.

At the same time, he added, two French vessels now at Marseilles would sail for the United States.

The shipment of supplies, Mr. Welles explained, will be made under an agreement between the United States and General Weygand and Moroccan and Tunisian, authorities, with the approval of the Vichy Government, and is designed to restore normal trade between America and North African ports.

Mr. Welles disclosed that regular shipments are to be made as long as the guarantees made by French authorities were maintained.

U.S. Supervision

The guarantees were that goods imported from the United States were for consumption only in French colonies and would be distributed there under the supervision of United States officials attached to United States Consulates in the colonies.

Mr. Welles stated that no military supplies would be shipped and cargoes would be limited to tea, sugar and other foodstuffs, as well as other materials and goods needed fo the daily lives of the colonists.

The French vessels leaving Marseilles for the United States—of which the first two will be Ileder and the Leopold—will carry raw materials and products, including strategic minerals and metals, needed for national defence.—Reuter.

Turkish President Sees Vichy Official

London, July 2.

President Ineunu yesterday received M. Benoist Mechin, French Minister Without Portfolio, who is on a mission to the Turkish capital, according to Ankara Radio.

The announcer said the French Minister was the bearer of a friendly letter from Marshal Petain.

M. Sarajoglu, Turkish Foreign Minister, and the French Charge d'Affaires were present at the interview.—Reuter.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF JULY 3, 1871

The great event has happened. The second number of "Puck" was published yesterday. And having done our duty by recording the fact, we might almost stop; for of course every one in Shanghai will have read "Puck" before these words can be printed; so, if the object of a review is to give people an idea of a publication, our labour will be useless. We may, however, still say a few words for the benefit of our readers at the outports, who may not be so quickly supplied. A clever and amusing account, from the "Fairyland Gazette," of "Puck's" first reception in Shanghai, opens the number, and is followed by a design for a Municipal Seal. Of which we may say that it is probably as appropriate as any other yet produced, and a great deal better than the majority of those laid before the last ratepayers' meeting. "Puck's" judgment on the Soochow Creek bridge is of course looked for, and we find it next in the series. A poem, entitled "A Lay of the Soochow Creek" amusingly describes the conception, execution and collapse of the commodious structure which we have lately had to mourn. The sketches this time are better even than last. The series of delineations of Volunteer eccentricities and accidents is capital, and the cartoon, Tannhauser, represents well a recent episode. Decidedly, however, in our opinion, the great success of the present number is its poetry. The "Lay of the Soochow Creek" is even surpassed by "A Lay of the Shanghai Club," describing the gallant struggles for freedom and the ballot, which have distinguished its recent meetings. The hitherto unpublished chapter of Dr. Johnson and Boswell's experiences in China is pointed and well sustained, and the lighter paragraphs are witty and genial.

You can be sure of years of service if your refrigerator is a Westinghouse.

1941 models on display
American Far Eastern Syndicate, Inc.
620 Szechuen Road. Tels. 16855-6

AUCTIONS

L. MOORE & Co., LTD.
Established in Shanghai 1874 Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances
FIRE LOSS ASSESSORS AND AUCTIONEERS
STORAGE TERMS ON APPLICATION Branch Office: TOPLIS & HARDING
88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI.

In Rear Salesroom—Now on View
On Friday, July 4, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.
Gentlemen's and Ladies' Clothing, Furniture and Sundries

In Main Salesroom—On View Friday
On Saturday, July 5, 1941, commencing, at 9.30 a.m.
Household and Office Furniture and Sundries

Noël, Murray & Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)
AUCTIONEERS AND APPRAISERS
Will sell by public auction under instructions from the concerned
IN OUR SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)
On Friday, July 4, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.
Superior Household, Office, Wicker and Lacquered Furniture, Electric Refrigerators, Office Safes, Microscope, "Moutrie" Piano, Bronze Vases, "G.E.C." Electric Clock, "Remington" Typewriter, Hand Sewing Machine, Pictures, etc.
NOW ON VIEW
HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director.*

AMERICAN AUCTIONEERING CO.
Auctioneers, Valuers and General Brokers
625 Szechuen Road. Telephone 12892
Having been favoured with instructions from the concerned
Will sell by Public Auction in Branch Office at
1469 Bubbling Well Road
On Thursday, July 3, 1941, commencing at 10 a.m.
TAPESTRY COVERED DOUBLE SPRING DRAWING ROOM SUITES, TEAKWOOD DINING ROOM AND BEDROOM SUITES, OFFICE FURNITURE "NORGE" REFRIGERATOR, "PHILCO" 11-TUBE ALL WAVE RADIO, PERSIAN CARPETS, 172PCS. CANTEEN SET, 108PCS. CUT GLASS WINE SET IN CABINET, GENUINE JADE AND IVORY INLAID LACQUER FURNITURE, BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, SCREENS, SILVER CABINETS, FINE TONE PIANO, BRONZE AND PORCELAIN ORNAMENTS, GENUINE CURIOS, E.P. AND CUT GLASS WARE, DINNER CROCKERY, IMPORTED OIL PAINTINGS, AND SUNDRIES.
NOW ON VIEW

PURE "CRYSTAL" ICE
As a result of all round increases in operating costs we regret to advise that we find it necessary to increase, as from July 1, 1941, the retail price of our machine-made Crystal Ice to 5 cents per lb.
SHANGHAI ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.
153 Nanking Road Telephone 18683

You can Save up to 50% on your Coal Bills
by installing our Mechanical Stoker to your boiler
Over 200 Stokers are doing a great saving in coal costs in Shanghai, only in Apartment, Office and Residential Houses and Factories.

Four of our stokers in the Telegraph Building
(installed 6 years, as good as new)
The cost of the stoker may be recovered in a few months.
Enquiries solicited.
ASIA ENGINEERING & IRON WORKS
CARL A. BAUMAN, Proprietor
133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. Telephone 12770

INSURANCE
AMERICAN FOREIGN INSURANCE ASSOCIATION
Joint Branch of Sixteen Leading Companies
Main Office for China
51 CANTON ROAD
JAMES NICHOLS
Manager for China

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

HITLER OVER EUROPE

While the world has been engrossed with Hitler's various military adventures, his activities in the nature of peaceful penetration have to a large extent been overlooked. The situation in Switzerland is still obscure, but apart from that country and with the notable exception of the British Isles and, possibly Portugal, the whole of Europe may be said to be entirely within the Axis net. The penetration of Italy and Spain by German agents has proceeded to such an extent that those two countries may be said to be just as completely under German domination as any of the other European nations which have been overrun. Much has been made of the anxiety of General Franco to keep Spain out of this war, and it is very much to his credit that he has succeeded in doing so up to the present. But how much longer he will be able to do so is entirely another matter. A careful analysis of the Spanish situation, based upon British and Spanish announcements, items in the Spanish Press and the considered statements of foreign diplomats and recent visitors to Madrid, says the British "News Review," reveals the extent of Axis penetration into Spain and the amount of cooperation which Franco has been compelled to concede to the Germans.

It is stated that there are no fewer than 80,000 German technicians, engineers and clerks in the country. The diplomatic and Gestapo services account for another 20,000 while German troops, either in mufti, or uniform, amount to 40,000 with an additional 15,000 members of the Hitler Youth who are more or less permanent guests of the Phalangist youth groups. In other words 135,000 Germans are in Spain in key positions, with about 400 technical advisers in ministries and governmental administrative departments. Spanish mines are being exploited to the limit, factories in and around Valencia are working full pelt on the production of anti-aircraft and coastal guns, and Vigo is being transformed into a first class naval base under a contract worth over ten million pesetas awarded to a German firm.

At the moment, despite the large number of emissaries in Spain, the Germans are not so openly in charge of the country as they are of Italy. There the man in control is alleged to be Prince Otto von Bismarck, with Mussolini as the super-Quisling. German rule is maintained by a team of German advisers posted in all Italian ministries, with the assistance of between 8,000 and 15,000 Gestapo men attached to the Italian secret police and German garrisons in all towns where discontent might be expected to show itself too openly. No such penetration has apparently taken place in unoccupied France, chiefly, it is to be supposed, because the pliable attitude of the Vichy Government makes such a step unnecessary, but it is clear that with the exceptions which are noted above the Germans in one way or another are in complete control of Europe. It is that control which has to be broken and anyone who thinks that the task will not prove a difficult one deludes himself.

Spain by arrangement with the British is able to avoid much of the suffering which is being inflicted upon the rest of Europe. Discontent in Italy is rife not only because of the dislike of the populace for this war, but also because large quantities of Italy's foodstuffs are being sent into Germany with the result that prices have risen alarmingly in Italy and the cost of living increased far beyond what it would have been had Italian food supplies been left untouched. It is this question of food which must play an important part when this war comes to an end. There are in the world plenty of supplies with which to feed starving Europe, and they are already being mobilized for that purpose. Hitler having threatened that if he cannot win this war he will plunge Europe into chaotic destruction, the only means of thwarting him is to prepare ample quantities of food for the nations he is at present starving, and much needs to be made of the fact, in the shape of peace propaganda in the occupied countries, that the sooner peace comes the quicker will they again be adequately fed. That will undoubtedly stir them, when the time comes to rise and throw off the bonds which Hitler by force or fraud has fastened upon them.

THE SYRIAN CAMPAIGN

The news that important British reinforcements have arrived in Syria is indeed gratifying, and it is to be hoped that these will permit of that campaign being brought to an early, successful conclusion. It is important that this should be done, for the less British forces are spread out around the shores of the Eastern Mediterranean the better able will they be to meet such new developments as are to be expected in the not too distant future. One of the factors which has considerably aided the British, by securing the sympathy of the Syrians, has been the fact that following the occupation of conquered areas the inhabitants, who have been woefully short of food, have been immediately supplied with necessaries. Those parts of Syria still under the control of Vichy forces are suffering considerable hardships, and for them the defeat of the Vichy French means relief from their trials. Thus prior to entry of the British into Damascus only one day's supply of wheat was left in the city, but within twenty-four hours ample supplies had been rushed up.

Generally speaking, a sharp drop in the cost of living has taken place wherever the Allies have penetrated into Syria and acute shortages are everywhere being remedied. No sharper distinction between the conduct of the British and the Germans could possibly be established. Where the former go they bring plenty in their train. The latter batten on the lands they occupy, just like so many locusts, and with just about as much conscience as those insects may be thought to possess. Britain and her Allies bear with them security and plenty for the countries they invade, the Axis Powers carry nothing but death and destruction in their hands. That will be the ultimate outcome of the war, for the victorious democracies will carry the cornucopia, while the Axis Powers if they had the opportunity would bring with them nothing but the gyves and the whip.

It is to be hoped that now the Allies are strengthened in Syria the situation there will quickly be cleared up. That that is a probability is indicated by reports to the effect that Vichy has approached Ankara for permission to pass supplies through Turkey to their troops in Syria, or alternatively that they be permitted to retreat unarmed into Turkish territory. That latter request certainly suggests that Vichy contemplates that there can be but one end to the Syrian campaign. There can be not the slightest doubt that the Vichy French have fought with the greatest stubbornness and gallantry and that they succeeded at any rate for a time in holding up the British advances. That is notably the case at Palmyra, where a besieged garrison continues to resist and consequently delay Allied movements west of that important spot which would oblige the Vichy troops in southern Syria to retreat northwards. At the best the stand at Palmyra may be regarded as a delaying action, though the fate of the garrison seems now to be only a question of time, and that probably not very long.

The increased air activity which is reported over Syria suggests that it has been possible to reinforce the R.A.F. in that theatre of war, and, if this is indeed the case, the greater assistance which the air force will be able to give the Allied troops should facilitate the coming drive of the Vichy forces and help in breaking a dogged resistance which does them infinite credit. Nevertheless it is to be hoped that this campaign will be brought to a speedy conclusion. No Briton likes the idea of having to fight a former friend and ally. The only mitigating circumstance in his eyes must be the fact that the necessity for such an action was brought about by the assistance which Vichy was prepared to, and actually did give the Germans in their attempt to support the Iraq rebels. The sooner the Syrian situation is liquidated the less will be the inevitable aftermath of bitterness. That is in itself no mean consideration, though British and Allied troops will possibly be used to much better advantage in other not far distant theatres of war.

Sir Archibald Wavell

The transfer of Sir Archibald Wavell from command in the Middle East to India, and of General Sir Claude Auchinleck from India to Cairo was not generally expected. It has, as usual, excited speculation which ranges from the suggestion that he had political differences with the British Government to the indisputable fact that he has had an enormous responsibility for a long time, and may reasonably be entitled to a change. To be commander-in-chief in India is, however, no light task, especially with the Indian army expanding at the rate it is at present doing. Before General Wavell was appointed to the Middle East, he had held no command in the field. He had, however, distinguished himself in a number of other ways, attracting official attention as an administrator and trainer of troops when he was in command of the 6th Brigade and later the 2nd. Division at Aldershot, before the war. It is not improbable that these qualities have swayed the War Office towards appointing him to a post where an able administrator is absolutely essential, and a trainer of troops can do most good. With the exception of Libya, the Middle East has virtually been won over by Britain. General Wavell was in supreme command of the first Libyan battle, which resulted in the crippling of the Italian forces in that colony; he was in command of the forces which over-ran Eritrea, Abyssinia, and British and Italian Somaliland; he was in command of the British in Palestine, Iraq, Syria, Greece, and Crete—a responsibility the extent of which can roughly be gauged by a glance at the map. Suggestions that General Wavell did not see eye to eye with Downing Street are hardly tenable, since his present appointment carries with it many more political implications than did his last. The commander-in-chief in India has to have the qualities of a statesman as well as those of a good soldier, and it would not be likely that the Government would appoint to so important a post a man with whom they were in political disagreement. Sir Claude Auchinleck has been in India only a short while. He has the reputation of being a daring and imaginative commander, having distinguished himself in the assault on Narvik. It will be his task to conclude the campaign against the Vichy adherents in Syria—which has nearly been finished—and to protect Egypt from the latent threat which the Nazis and Fascists are making from Libya. Like General Wavell, General Auchinleck is a believer in the offensive. The Germans, whose military opinions are usually worth noting, regard General Wavell as Britain's number one general at the moment. Of course, they have had very little opportunity to judge the merits of other British commanders, and they may find out one day that General Wavell is only one among a number of extremely able men who are at present holding important positions in the British fighting forces. There is Sir John Dill, the Chief of the Imperial General Staff; Sir Alan Brooke, commander-in-chief in Britain; Lord Gort, commanding in Gibraltar; and many others. The War Office's estimate of the ability of these men can be judged by the appointments they have been given. When danger threatened Gibraltar. Lord Gort was sent there. Sir Alan Brooke was placed in command in Britain when the country was under threat of invasion. These things show that Britain has every confidence in her comparatively young military leaders.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

July 1.—The weather these days is causing us more than a little anxiety and we are beginning to wonder what kind to expect during the period July 16-26 when the X.C.D.N. "Moonlight Follies" is scheduled to be held. Open-air entertainments are dependent upon the weather for their financial success and bad weather not only causes much disappointment to all concerned; but it also increases the cost of production. On reading today's Siccawei report, we find that so far this year, we have had 7.24 inches of rain more than the average over the same period for the past 68 years. Does this mean that we may expect a dry July? We have also been looking over weather records for several years and we find that storms are by no means unknown during July and that while the weather has been perfect for outdoor entertainments on some occasions, it has been unkind on others. In 1923, wet weather was experienced from the middle of May until early in July when hot, dry, weather was enjoyed for a long time. In July 1930, 3.27 inches of rain fell on July 2, but during the latter half of the month only 0.73 inch was recorded. July 1931 was a bad month, about 13 inches of rain being recorded; but it should be remembered that the total rainfall for 1931 was 67.82 inches—about 20 inches above the average. We should like to see the weather of July 1932 repeat itself this year, for the only rain experienced that month fell during the afternoons of July 5, 6 and 8. In July 1933, no completely wet days were recorded, but some rain fell on ten days during the month. In 1935, rain fell during the whole day on the July 1, 6, 7, 21 and 22 and occasionally on July 11 and 19. There were two spells of rain in July 1936, one from July 2 to 4 and the other from July 14 to 17 inclusive. July 18 was a fine day, but rain returned on July 19: after that date, it was fine until July 31. We had plenty of rain during June 1937, but only a little on July 8 and 13. In 1938, we also had a lot of rain in June, over 15 inches being recorded; but in July, only occasional showers were experienced before July 26. On that date rain fell and it continued to fall for a few days afterwards. It would appear, therefore, that we have every reason to be optimistic about the weather to be expected in July this year for we have surely had our share in June. However, storms and typhoons do not worry themselves about statistics and one or two may decide to come along to upset all our calculations.—W.J.K.

IRISH AREN'T SO CRAZY

I am quite prepared to believe there is an international race of taxi-drivers, and that there is a closer ethnological relationship between hackmen in Chicago and Singapore than between a Middle-Western American passenger and his taxi-man, writes Erwin Edman in the "American Scholar," New York. Nonetheless I do not think any one save an Irishman could have said exactly the words, or lighted on the thought, uttered by the driver I encountered as soon, as I left the train at Dublin.

"The Shelburne Hotel," I said. And within something like a minute and a half, for it was only just around the corner, I was there.

"How much?" I said. "Three shillings," replied the driver. "But it's only just round the corner." The driver looked at me with an expression compounded of pity and scorn and a sighing despair that there was no more reasonableness current in this absurd world. "And me," he said, "waiting three hours here at Westland Row Station for a customer, and you complaining about a few shillings more or less!"

It was an answer nicely calculated to promote in me or in any one a feeling of meanness and, what was even worse, of having been utterly silly. For weeks thereafter one of the pleasures of Ireland was the delicious unexpectedness of conversation, cropping up at the most routine occasions and from the most commonplace persons.

One had but to ask a policeman where one could post a letter, for instance, to be looked at firmly with a tincture of good-natured contempt and curiosity and to receive the reply, "And what," pointing to the huge building across the street, "would be wrong with the General Post Office?" One had but to ask the hotel porter, "Is the afternoon train to Galway a good train?" to have him reply, "A good train, sir? It's fit for King George the Sixth himself, or the President of your United States!" One would only have to bemoan a cloudy day to be assured that "It was a fine day surely, for if the sun were shining, it would mean that it was going to rain."

And one discovered in this charming people, sometimes in the shabbiest of surroundings, the expected but somehow always unexpected gift for poetry and laughter in the midst of the prose of life and its grimness. A question would not bring an answer but a soliloquy, and the soliloquy was more often than not something that, with not very much editing, might have gone into one of Synge's plays.

Caught Up by Stream of Words

It cropped up, the fanciful flow of rhetoric, the turn of humorous paradox of phrase or thought, in every class of society. One heard it at a gathering of authors in Dublin, from the country priest or the waitress at a village inn in Connemara or from the professor of medicine at Trinity College. I heard men, deeply versed in the tragic history of Ireland and concerned for its future, speculate on this very thing. "It's a joy to you, a visitor," they said, "but it's been one of the curses of Ireland. More than anywhere in the world the mind runs away in Ireland. It is seduced by images and caught up by the stream of words."

I was at first disappointed at the town of Galway. The women look very picturesque with their shawls wound round their heads, but the shops are dirty and sullen-looking and the houses are, most of them, grimy tenements. In a squalid side street I came upon a little shop with a captivating array of Irish lace and embroidery framed in a forlorn dirty window. Behind the counter was a half-kindly, half-belligerent looking middle-aged woman.

"How's business?" I could not help asking when I had made my purchase. The woman of the shop looked at me almost angrily. "And how's business, you're asking? How's business!" she repeated, almost contemptuously. "How would it be?" she said. "Terr-ible. And it's been terrible," she added, leaning over the counter and shaking an expository forefinger at me, "it's been terrible ever since the blackguards brought us our freedom."

"But," I said, "I thought the Irish wanted their freedom?" "Did they now?" she said. "Listen to that! Wanted their freedom, did they?" And wasn't it a great country here in the West of Ireland, full of English toffs and lords and swells, spending their money like gentlemen and helping all the country round about with their hunting and fishing and their great houses and the hordes of servants they had. "And what did those blackguards do now? They burned down their houses. And don't you think," she said, looking at me intently, "they'd be moving away?" She did not wait for assent. "Well, they did!"

It was a long way from Sunion on an Aegean headland to Connemara; but here, on an Irish headland above the sea, one could imagine a Greek temple beckoning mariners from the West as the one at Sunion beckoned those from the East. This was a race of poets, surely, bred on intensities. The air of this island made the tragedy of this people. It nourished their passions as the rain bred their melancholies, and the mists clouded their minds with historic bitterness.

Perhaps by the time these lines appear, the Gestapo may be in O'Connell Street. I do not think they will be able to erase the colour on St. Stephen's Green or the music of Irish speech or the free flights of their imagination. Not England of the Church or famine have been able to do that.

IN PARENTHESIS

Whoa Stop!

MAN (speeding downhill):—Heavens, the brakes have failed.

Wifey: Well, then, you fool, stop the car.

* * *

Warmed Over

Cook: If you don't stop kissing me, you won't be able to eat your dinner!

Master: What's the matter, is it burning?

Cook: No, but your wife sure is.

* * *

Drifters

BILL: "Shall we drop the oars and drift down the river?"

Dora: "O.K. As long as we don't drift too far."

* * *

Fooled Them

"Do you think the people here suspect we're newly married?"

"Not they! We've fooled them completely. In fact, half of them suspect we're not married at all."

* * *

Oddments

"Don't kick a man when he's down," advised Cutie. "He may get up."

Comedian: The public will flock to the box-office when I put my new act on.

Chorine: Yes—to get their money back.

He: I've got the kind of wife that insists on opening our pay envelope.

She: Why do you let her get away with it?

He: She'd quit her job if I didn't.

"Every time Mabel meets a new fellow, she claims that the next day is her birthday."

"Completely ignoring the past?"

"Yes, thinking only of the present."

First married man: I simply don't know how I can drown my sorrow.

Second married man: Is it too late to teach yourself?

First married man: Yes—I taught her how to swim.

Kailan Mining Administration

has frequent sailings from

SHANGHAI to CHINWANGTAO DIRECT

Reservation for passenger accommodation may be made at the

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

SHIPPING OFFICE, 3rd Floor

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, 12 The Bund, entrance Foochow Road. Telephone 11070 or through the principal Travel Bureaux.

Official Booking Agents

For BUSINESS or PLEASURE TRAVEL

NO BOOKING FEES

BEFORE PLANNING A JOURNEY CONSULT

Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd.

119 Nanking Road Telephone 15335

"Public Preference our Best Reference"

International Funeral Directors

207 Kiaochow Road Telephone 34220

Artistic Memorials Floral Tributes

R. O. SCOTT, Managing Director

BROADWAY MANSIONS HOTEL

The most up-to-date hotel in Shanghai

200 Rooms and Suites and 55 Unfurnished Apartments

Cables: BROADMAN Telephone: 46260

Cheers! it's EWO

THE QUALITY BEER

Oversea Trading Co., Ltd.

Zurich - - - - - Shanghai - - - New York

452 Kiangse Road Telephone 18774

AGENTS

for

The Pellow Machine Company

Detroit, Michigan.

High Duty Duplex Nut Slotting Machines.

Range: 3/8" to 1 1/4" hex. across flats.

(A16)

Hawkes Sun Helmets

Smart in Shape, Light and Durable, Waterproof and Assure Protection from the Sun

English Bath Robes

New Designs and Colourings

Genuine Panama Hats

In Fashionable Shapes

Macbeth, Gray & Co.

Tailors, Habitmakers, Shirtmakers, Outfitters,

142 Nanking Road Telephone 14247

Saridon stops pain

Question: How much does it cost to-day to stop promptly and without any harm to your health—a nasty headache, rheumatic pain, menstrual pains, toothache, and in fact any pain?

Answer: C$-.40 for one tablet Saridon.

Saridon stops any pain in less than 10 minutes and is perfectly safe and harmless.

F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE & Co. Ltd. BASLE SWITZERLAND MAKERS OF MEDICINES OF RARE QUALITY

COUPON

Hoffmann-La Roche, Ltd.
P. O. Box 1386
Shanghai.

I enclose C$-.80 (in notes or stamps) for which please send one envelope of 2 Saridon tablets.

Name

Address

CATHAY HOTEL

Cable Address: CATHOTEL

Telephone 11340

250 Rooms and Suites

The most Luxuriously Appointed Hotel in the FAR EAST.

Cuisine under the supervision of expert French chef.

METROPOLE HOTEL

Cable Address: METHOTEL

Telephone 12500

Shanghai's newest and most modern commercial and residential hotel.

Excellent Grill Room

Inclusive monthly terms from $1300

Cuisine under the supervision of expert French chef.

CATHAY MANSIONS

Cable Address: CATHMAN

Telephone 70070

A modern Hotel with beautifully furnished rooms (each with private bath) catering for residential and transient guests.

Inclusive monthly terms from $900

Cuisine under the supervision of expert French chef.

●The cuisine at all three establishments is under the personal supervision of Mr. P. Bavard, creator of the Grill Room of the Metropole Hotel. Only genuine imported wines and spirits served.

CATHAY HOTELS, LTD.

新 SUN YA 雅

CANTONESE RESTAURANT

719 Nanking Road Tel. 90080

TAYLOR TAXIS 10050

Beware of throat infection—gargle daily with 'DETTOL'

Protect yourself from catching colds, 'flu, sore throats and chest and throat infections by gargling with 'Dettol' *daily*. Though 'Dettol' is three times stronger than carbolic, it is non-poisonous and harmless, but it is deadly to germs—and germs generally affect the throat first of all. This safeguard will be yours if you and your family gargle regularly with 'Dettol.' You should also use 'Dettol' in your bath, in the water you wash clothes in, and spray rooms and wash floors with it. Keep 'Dettol' always handy.

'DETTOL' THE MODERN ANTISEPTIC

RECKITT & SONS, (Hull and London)

THE SPORTS PAGE

Levchenko, Dundee Reported Fighting Fit For Tonight's Boxing Card at Race Course

TONIGHT at 9 p.m. punctually the curtain rises at the Race Course on the long-awaited United Services' Associations' sponsored boxing programme in aid of British War Funds. The weather promises to be fine for this gala occasion and the huge crowd that will be there is assured of a splendid evening's entertainment. Tickets, at varying prices, can still be purchased from Messrs. Moutrie, Messrs. Squires, Bingham and the Fourth Marines Club, Bubbling Well Road. Would-be patrons should make certain of securing their paste-boards early today as there is a distinct possibility that few seats will be left by the time the programme begins.

The committee has left no stone unturned to make the evening a memorable one in the annals of Shanghai boxing and the success of the programme as a whole reflects great credit upon the persons concerned who have so ungrudgingly given of their time and money to eliminate every hitch. A surprise is in store for those who attend in the shape of the souvenir programme, an outstanding example of the printer's and photographer's art, profits from which will go exclusively to the War Fund.

Under the distinguished patronage of Mr. A. H. George, C.M.G., British Consul-General in Shanghai, the programme has all the hallmarks of something "big" and it will be extremely surprising if satisfaction is not voiced by all present.

"Smiling George" Confident

Both George Levchenko and Young Dundee, who clash for the welterweight championship of China, have completed their training and are now waiting for the gong which will send one of them to victory and the other to defeat. Levchenko, when interviewed yesterday, looked in the height of physical fitness and appeared quietly confident of his ability to be able to turn back the threat presented by Dundee. "Smiling George" indicated that he had experienced no weight troubles during his training and that he hoped to enter the ring well under the 147 pound mark. He said, "I feel very fit and will give of my best. Although Dundee is a good man and a tough fighter, I believe I can take him. I shall try to put him down but I do not underestimate my opponent's abilities. It will be a good fight." Levchenko also added that he felt just as good as he did a couple of years ago, a point that seems to indicate that the Filipino is going to have plenty of trouble on his hands before the fight is over.

Dundee in Perfect Condition

On the other hand Young Dundee is just as confident that he will be the new welterweight champion. He is determined to show Shanghai boxing enthusiasts that he is as good as press-cuttings say he is and to this end he has certainly been showing his paces in recent gymnasium workouts. He, too, looks is perfect condition and has amazed onlookers in the gymnasium with his heavy punching, his excellent timing and his clever defensive work. He carries heavy artillery in both hands and if he is able to penetrate often his rival's defence, then anything may happen. One thing is certain. From a survey of the two men's training Dundee and Levchenko are well matched in most respects and a battle royal should be the result. It will be a fine climax to a fine programme.

Lojnikoff Firm Favourite

Immediately preceding the Levchenko-Dundee clash, Paul Lojnikoff will make his first defence of his recently acquired lightweight title when he faces Joe Clara. The holder was a firm favourite yesterday in many circles to win over the ten rounds but plenty of backers for Clara were in evidence. Lojnikoff has now completed his training and has never been seen in better condition. His tour in Japan and Korea has done him a great deal of good and he is a vastly different boxer from the Lojnikoff who graced Shanghai programmes a few, short years ago. He has improved out of all knowledge and though he is still blessed with the impetuosity of youth, he can box, and box extremely well when he so makes up his mind. Of that there is no doubt. He can hit and hit hard with his right when he gets set and Joe Clara, clever though he may be, will be opposed by a rival who knows all the ins and outs of the cauliflower ear game. Clara's chief asset will be his knowledge of the fight game and his general ringcraft. He has been boxing the best boys in Shanghai for many years, he is fit and possesses confidence in his own powers to be able to upset the Russian. He is not likely to lose his head even though the trend of fight goes against him and he will give Lojnikoff a hard time from start to finish of what should prove to be a close and interesting bout.

Hectic Fight Anticipated

Yam Yamolovich of the Fourth Marines and K. O. Tihanoff of the Russian Auxiliary Detachment will meet in the eight round special event. In their previous meeting Tihanoff put the American to sleep in double quick time. He is out to repeat the performance. Yamolovich, on the other hand, is sure that he can break the Russian's winning streak. As both fighters are known to be terrifically heavy hitters the crowd should have a hectic, though possibly short time, with punches being thrown from every conceivable angle. This is the scrap the crowd enjoys and this evening's bout promises to be "tops" in this line.

Cheremissin and Lewko will engage each other over six rounds which should prove to be another slugfest while the four preliminaries all have the indications of being more than just "starting" events. They are all good in themselves and action is certain to be the keynote in every round. Referees Marshall and Duffy will certainly see to that.

Full Programme For Tonight

Welterweight Championship of China

10 Rounds

George Levchenko, 147 pounds *v.* Young Dundee, 147 pounds.

Lightweight Championship of China

10 Rounds

Paul Lojnikoff, 135 *v.* Joe Clara, 135.

Special Event

8 Rounds

K. O. Tihanoff, 163, *v.* Yam Yamolovich, 173.

6 Rounds

A. Cheremissin, 156, *v.* Sam Lewko, 156.

4 Rounds

Don Vidal, 150, *v.* Nig Navinko, 150.

Baby Gourevich, 135, *v.* Veretennikoff, 135.

Boris Zatz, 147, *v.* Kid Teddy, 147

Young Croucher, 133, *v.* Abe Igoshin, 133.

Timekeepers:—Messrs. Bernard and Gallop. Judges:—Messrs. Bruce, Herzberg, Gunn and Bright. Referees:—Messrs. Duffy and Marshall. Announcer:—E. A. White.

J.A.C. Trounce A.S.P. "C"

In a postponed match of the "B" division of the Ladies Softball league, the J.A.C. trounced the A.S.P. severely yesterday afternoon when they crossed the home plate no less than 18 times while the losers were only able to garner four runs.

The game was one-sided from the first inning when the J.A.C. chalked up four runs to their opponents' one. They scored consistently throughout the six-inning game but had they best frame in the four when they collected seven runs.

The detailed scores follow:—

J.A.C.	3	3	3	7	2	-	—18
A.S.P. "C"	1	0	1	1	1	0	— 4

"N.C.D.N." Photos.

Headliners for Tonight's Card

Fighting for the Welterweight Championship of China at the Race Course tonight in the mammoth boxing card in aid of the British War Funds. On the left: "Smiling George" Levchenko. On the right: "Young" Dundee.

Troopers Favoured to Retain Cup in Annual Polo Classic

By "The Chaser"

THE annual Independence Day polo classic between the Cowboys and the Troopers for the possession of the British Cup is once more on the eve and all enthusiasts of the galloping game are again looking forward to, and speculating upon, the outcome of yet another struggle on the Race Course field.

The standard of the game is expected to be much higher than that of last year, when through various circumstances a sudden dearth of top ranking American players left only a handful from which to select the teams. Though there is roughly about the same number of American poloists this year, it appears that with the return of some of the "old-timers" to the city the "quality" has to some extent improved. This year's tussle should, therefore, prove to be more scintillating than last year.

History of Cup

The history of the British Cup dates back to 1936 when the British members of the Shanghai Polo Club presented to their American fellow-members the trophy to replace the Raven Cup. Since its original presentation five years ago, it has been keenly contested for annually and has never failed to attract a large partisan crowd to the Race Course.

The line-up this year will be as follows:—

COWBOYS:—L. R. Moore, C. S. Franklin, C. D. Culbertson, P. F. Kops.

TROOPERS:—C. H. Sprague, J. S. Clark, G. W. Lacks, N. F. Allman.

These two teams are very evenly matched and if reckoned on this year's handicaps there is only a difference of one goal between them. The Cowboys' team handicap reaches a total of 12 goals while the Troopers add up to 11. The difference of one goal does not really make much difference in a match of such calibre. Better understanding and team work should make up it quite easily as has often proved to be the case.

The Cup fell to the Troopers last year—after a not too sparkling game in which a couple of one-goal men were included in the sides in order to have eight players—by an overwhelming margin of 12 goals to five.

Little to Choose Between Sides

In view of the line-ups this year being considerably stronger, the lowest handicapped man being two-goals, there is every promise of a much better game. There is actually little to choose between the two teams. Where one side appears to be stronger in one department of the game, it is counterbalanced by the prowess of the opposing side in another department. The Cowboys, who will be making every effort to make amends for their defeat last year, appear to be stronger in the attack, with the inclusion of such an old reliable as Franklin in his favourite position of number two. The spearhead of the attack will be "Link" Moore in the position of number one.

Culbertson, the only five goal player, will fill the pivot position for the Cowboys and one can safely say that a better No. 3 cannot be found. He has been playing at the top of his form this summer; hitting nice long balls with a good direction. Where the Cowboys appear to be a trifle weak is in the defence, as although Kops has made vast improvement since he first started to play polo a couple of seasons ago, he is still too erratic in his clearances and has also not sufficient length in his shots to play back.

Troopers Strong All-round

The Troopers are not particularly strong in any section of the team but on the whole they appear to be a far better—balanced unit with their strength distributed evenly in all departments. The forward positions will be left in the hands of two hard workers and fairly good shooters, C. H. Sprague and Steve Clark, who will fill the No. 1 and No. 2 berths. In order to feed them they have placed a hard hitter in George Lacks in the important position of No. 3. Lacks is undoubtedly a useful player, being fairly useful in any position but has one costly failing, and that is to forget all about the book of rules in the heat of enthusiasm. His fouls have in the past proved somewhat expensive. If he would pay more heed to this it is most likely that we shall see the Troopers emerging victorious again.

Lacks should find strong support from N. F. Allman, the "Old Guard" veteran who, I believe, is playing about his 18th or 19th year of polo. With a reliable men as "Judge" at back, Lacks will not have to worry about the defence and may therefore spend the greater part of his time in assisting the forwards.

So, all in all, I think we should see a keen tussle with the eventual winners only coming through with a bare margin, and if I were asked to nominate them, I would take the Troopers although they are, on handicap, one goal weaker.

Mexican Wins World Featherweight Title

Los Angeles, July 2.

Richie Lemis, a Mexican boxer resident here, has won the world featherweight championship, as recognised by the National Boxing Association of America, by knocking out Pete Scalzo in the fifth round.

Scalzo had held the title for 13 months.—Reuter.

Welter Fight Postponed

New York, July 2.

The non-title bout between welterweight champion Fritzie Zivic and Al Davis scheduled for Tuesday night at the Polo Grounds was postponed until Wednesday night because of unfavourable weather.—United Press.

Joe DiMaggio Ties Keeler's Record

New York, July 1.

Joe McCarthy's slugging Yankees trounced the Boston Red Sox twice today and in doing so Joe DiMaggio ran his hitting streak up to 44 consecutive games, tying the major leagues' record.

When Joe pounded out a single hit first time up in the second half of the double header he equalled the record established by Willie Keeler of the old National League Baltimore Orioles in 1897. Keeler's string of consecutive hits extended from April 22 to June 15.

Earlier in the week DiMaggio broke the American League record established in 1922 when George H. Sisler of the St. Louis Browns ran his string up to 41 games

Though Joe went strong, the Yanks' sensational string of consecutive home runs was broken when none of the sluggers could connect with a circuit drive. The Yanks had recorded at least one homer each game for 25 consecutive games.—United Press.

LEAGUE STANDINGS

American League

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	44	26	.629
Cleveland	43	30	.589
Boston	36	32	.529
Chicago	36	33	.522
Detroit	36	36	.500
Philadelphia	33	36	.478
Washington	26	43	.377
St. Louis	24	42	.364

National League

St. Louis	47	23	.671
Brooklyn	47	24	.662
New York	37	31	.544
Cincinnati	36	32	.529
Pittsburgh	28	34	.452
Chicago	31	39	.443
Boston	25	39	.391
Philadelphia	20	49	.290

—United Press.

Prolific Scoring in Scottish Summer Cup

London, June 29.

Four return matches in the second round of the Scottish Summer Cup yesterday produced a crop of 27 goals, and the aggregate of home and away games left Glasgow Rangers, Heart of Midlothian and Dumbarton with semi-final places, while Clyde and Hibernian must meet again.

In the first match at the Hibernians ground a week ago, Clyde won with two goals to one, but the Hibernians yesterday, after being a goal behind at half time, led four goals to three at the end of full time. Extra time was played without addition to the score, which left the teams five all on the aggregate, so they agreed to a replay on Monday.

Three players registered a hat-trick during the day—Finnigan for the Hibernians, Smith for the Rangers and Jeffreys for Dumbarton.

Complete results today were:—

Glasgow Rangers 5, Hamilton 5
Clyde 3, Hibernian 4
Hearts 5, St. Mirren 1
Dumbarton 4, Third Lanark 0.—Reuter.

Chinese Win Again At Soccer

Sydney, July 1.

The Chinese soccer tourists from Hongkong scored their biggest win hitherto by defeating Wagga yesterday by 13 goals to one.

The second Test will be played at Sydney on July 5, it is announced. China won the first Test by six goals to four on Sunday after trailing at half time by 3-1.—Reuter.

Week-End Teams

Cricket

Shanghai Cricket Club

LEAGUE Stragglers *v.* Parsees, Saturday, July 5, 1.45 p.m. Police Ground. Stragglers:—A. C. Sinclair (Capt.), W. V. K. Chadwick, J. C. Jenkins, R. E. H. Nelson, H. E. Orr, T. C. G. Pearson, J. W. Pote-Hunt, G. J. Read, P. V. Simpson, E. J. Sluis, J. Fletcher. Reserves: T. H. Wood, A. Lingard, J. B. Brown. Umpire: P. J. Hart. Scorer: H. W. Brown.

LEAGUE Wanderers *v.* Police, Saturday, July 5, 1.45 p.m. S.C.C. Ground. Wanderers:—D. W. Leach (Capt.), E. R. Dow, E. R. Duckitt, G. B. Elliot, A. Graham, F. Marshall, H. H. Morris, R. U. Reynolds, L. F. Stokes, L. Underwood, G. S. Dunkley. Reserves: W. Marsay, G. C. Large, H. Rogerson. Umpire: Rev. F. W. Weaver. Scorer: F. J. Sanger.

FRIENDLY G. T. Gambling's XI *v.* T. H. Wood's XI, Sunday, July 6, 1.45 p.m. S.C.C. Ground. G. T. Gambling's XI:—G. T. Gambling (Capt.), J. B. Brown, R. C. Corfield, H. A. Crickmer, J. R. Kale, P. N. Knight, G. C. Large, W. Marsay, A. W. Pettit, R. F. Scott, L. M. Wilson. T. H. Wood's XI:—T. H. Wood (Capt.), L. G. Day, D. J. Graybrook, J. C. Greenfield, A. J. Harvey, A. Lingard, A. S. Newcomb, J. A. G. L. Smith, J. Tippin, W. F. G. Watton, E. A. Weidman. Reserves for both sides:—S. A. Grew, K. J. Flemons, J. H. Johns, K. S. Mackenzie, D. L. Milne-Day, L. C. Blanks, C. Walker, R. A. Black. Umpires: D. W. Leach, and E. J. Sluis. Scorer: R. G. Penfold.

Lawn Bowls

Shanghai Junior Golf Club

First Division

Clube Lusitano "Greens" *v.* S.J.G.C. S.J.G.C.:—K. Swartzell (skip), H. Hill, O. Schmied, R. Miles; A. Evans (skip), J. Aquino, P. Shaw, M. Benton; A. Denton)skip), W. Watson, H. Cranfield, C. Fletcher.

Second Division

S.J.G.C. *v.* Barbarians Bowling Club. S.J.G.C.:—P. Ephrgrave (skip), N. Bournes, P. Cairns, G. Watt; T. Barry (skip), P. Stebbeds, J. Scott, O. Nordling; A. Hayward (skip), D. McCrae, A. Whitmore, C. Avison. Reserves for both teams: W. Fischer, H. Webber. All Players to be at the Club House at 3 p.m. sharp.

Clube Lusitano

First Division

S.L.B.C. "Blues" *v.* Clube Lusitano "Reds."—C.L. "Reds":—A. M. Souza (skip), S. del Rivero, F. Machado, F. M. F. Gutierrez; H. A. Ozorio (skip), C. L. Passos, B. F. Marques, J. M. Gutierrez; E. A. Souza (skip), J. P. de Campos, O. H. Edgren, A. A. Leitao.

Clube Lusitano "Greens" *v.* S.J.G.C. C.L. "Greens":—H. J. Encarnacao (skip), A. J. da Roza, R. Marcal, A. C. Sequeira; Dr. D. M. P. Gutierrez (skip), E. A. S. C. de Sousa, F. M. Gonsalves, J. A. Rivero; A. F. Gomes (skip), J. Sepe, L. F. Lopes, A. A. Baptista.

Second Division

Clube Lusitano *v.* Country Club. C.L.:—M. F. R. Leitao (skip), H. A. S. de Sousa, A. P. Zuzarte, F. Ferreira; J. F. da Silva (skip), L. M. d'Almeida, A. A. A. Rodriguez, C. A. Danenberg; M. R. Pereira (skip), A. M. Collaco, D. M. Gutterres, J. P. Roliz.

Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club

First Division

S.L.B.C. "Blues" *v.* Clube Lusitano "Reds" at 3.30 p.m. S.L.B.C. "Blues":—C. Richards (skip), F. S. Ward, A. Braid, E. E. Wallwork; J. E. Harvey (skip), T. J. Goodman, A. T. Barrett, F. McLennan; E. R. Harmer (skip), J. Munro, H. S. Bell, J. P. Stalker.

S.R.C. *v.* S.L.B.C. "Reds" at 3.30 p.m. S.L.B.C. "Reds":—W. J. Monk (skip), W. J. Ward, E. Jacobs, D. B. Scrimgeour; W. A. Turnbull (skip), W. J. McDermott, J. J. Evans, H. S. Bartley; W. Train (skip), A. S. Russell, E. Owen, J. Stevenson.

Second Division

S.L.B.C. *v.* S.R.C. at 3.30 p.m. S.L.B.C.:—T. Sayle (skip), S. G. Mills, H. B. Lobb, D. E. Harbottle; C. Pratt (skip), J. A. Stoddart, A. M. Parker, J. Henry; J. Frost (skip), A. R. Eisenhut, G. B. Fryer, L. A. Whittaker.

Her finest screen opportunity to date materialized for Evelyn Keyes, Columbia Pictures contract player, when she was awarded the ingenue lead in "Heaven Can Wait," (tentative title) Robert Montgomery starred.

Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1, Princeton; 2, Golden Age.
1½ length.—Time, 18.72.
Win, $34. Forecast 2-4 Div. $122.40.
Place, 1st $15.20; 2nd $10.90.

2—300 yd. flat.—1, Shenkoland II; 2, Nanette.
½ length.—Time, 18.62.
Win, $39.40. Forecast 5-2 Div. $81.60.
Place, 1st $14.60; 2nd $9.20.
Double Event 1/2 2-5 Div. $109.90.

3—300 yd. flat.—1, Cannon Fodder; 2, Bebben.
Also ran:—Bendigo Jean, Mighty Comrade, Open Beach, Mighty Clever.
1½ length.—Time, 18.31.
Win, $14.90. Forecast 6-1 Div. $53.20.
Place, 1st $8.20; 2nd $9.30.
Double Event 2/3 5-6 Div. $46.20.

4—440 yd. flat.—1, Common Cause; 2, First Away.
A neck.—Time, 26.78.
Win, $54.40. Forecast 2-5 Div. $169.70.
Place, 1st $14.10; 2nd $6.90.
Double Event 3/4 6-2 Div. $74.60.

5—500 yd. flat.—1, Scotch Buddy; 2, Odin.
4 lengths.—Time, 30.53.
Win, $19.80. Forecast 5-6 Div. $156.60.
Place, 1st $14.50; 2nd $14.30.
Double Event 4/5 2-5 Div. $231.90.

6—500 yd. flat.—1, Moody Mask; 2, Golden Angelo.
7 lengths.—Time, 30.45.
Win, $25.20. Forecast 3-6 Div. $107.50.
Place, 1st $8.10; 2nd $10.60.
Double Event 5/6 5-3 Div. $35.50.

7—500 yd. flat.—1, Dashing Soldier; 2, Stolen Quota.
2 lengths.—Time, 30.28.
Win, $30.70. Forecast 6-5 Div. $127.30.
Place, 1st $14.20; 2nd $14.10.
Double Event 6/7 5-6 Div. $35.40.

8—500 yd. flat.—1, Mademoiselle; 2, Instructor.
3 lengths.—Time, 30.04.
Double Event 7/8 6-1 Div. $52.90.
Win, $21.20. Forecast 1-2 Div. $283.
Place, 1st $11.29; 2nd $20.50.

9—500 yd. flat.—1, Mon Affaire; 2, False Link.
10 lengths.—Time, 29.21.
Win, $20.10. Forecast 5-4 Div. $151.
Place, 1st $9.40; 2nd $16.
Double Event 8/9 1-5 Div. $37.30.

10—500 yd. flat.—1, Dingle Reveric; 2, Faithful Manner.
4 lengths.—Time, 29.63.
Win, $53.40. Forecast 5-1 Div. $258.
Place, 1st $22.10; 2nd $18.50.
Double Event 9/10 5-5 Div. $73.

11—500 yd. flat.—1, Funny Business; 2, Black Shadow.
½ length.—Time, 29.59.
Win, $26.50. Forecast 5-3 Div. $130.10.
Place, 1st $15.60; 2nd $14.40.
Double Event 10/11 5-5 Div. $111.

PARC DES SPORTS
HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY AT 8.00

CANIDROME
TO-DAY
5.30 P.M.
(11 Races)
(Rain or Shine)

BOXING

Sponsored by The United Services Association, an Evening of Boxing has been arranged for

JULY 3, 1941

at the SHANGHAI RACE COURSE

under the patronage of A. H. George, Esq, H.B.M. Consul-General

TICKETS: $20, $10, $5

TOTAL PROCEEDS TO THE BRITISH WAR FUND

Booking at Moutrie's and Squires, Bingham

(Space by courtesy of Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.)

AIR-COOLED and AIR-CONDITIONED

GRAND TELEPHONE 32223

NOW SHOWING!
at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

Latest Movietone News — ALSO: Colored Cartoon * Sports

SALE OF RESERVED SEATS FOR ALL A.T.I. THEATRES at the CATHAY, GRAND, METROPOL, NANKING or at SAM LAZARO BROS.

METROPOL TELEPHONE 93322

OPENS TO-DAY!
at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

Romance! Spectacle! Thrills!

$1.50, $2.50, $3.50 — $1.50, $2.50, $3.50, $4.50

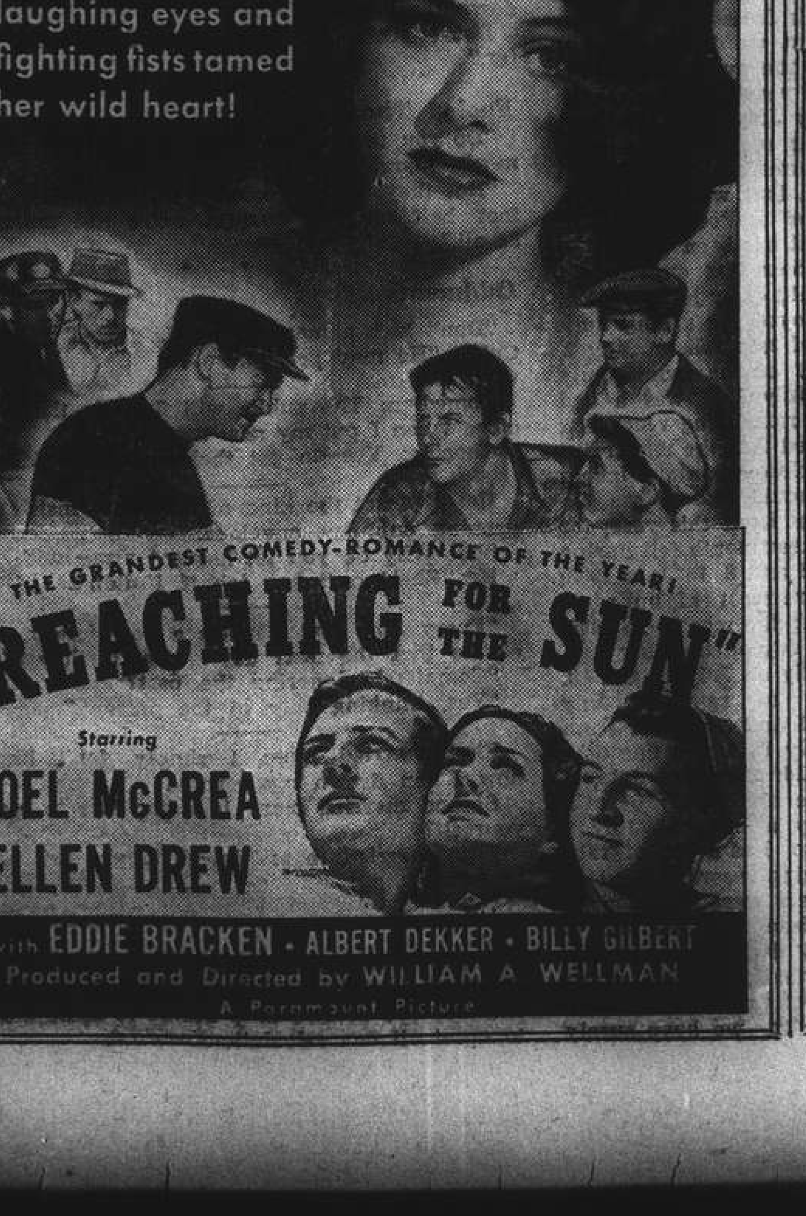
AIR-COOLED and AIR-CONDITIONED

NANKING TELEPHONE 84133

TO-DAY ONLY!
at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

HELD OVER!
Deanna's Latest and Best Hit!

OPENS TO-MORROW!

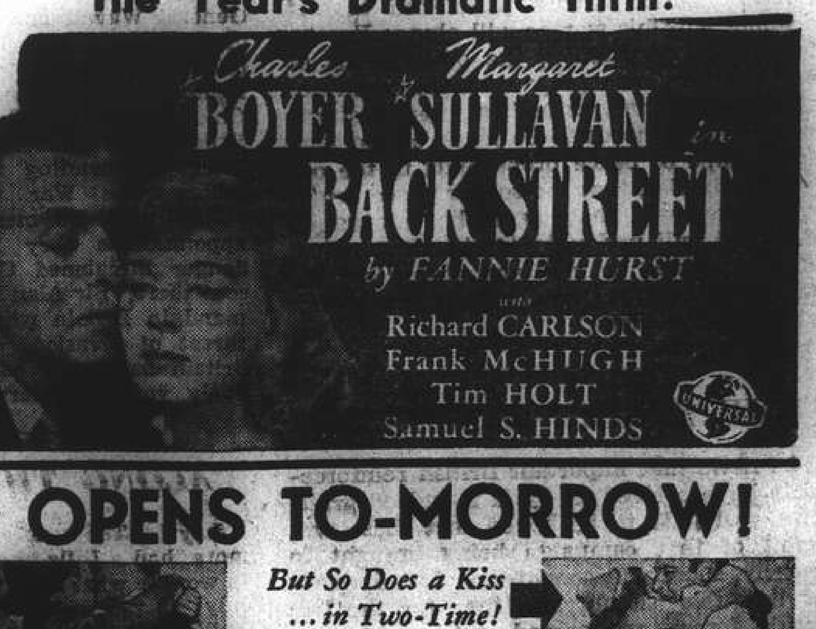


AIR-COOLED and AIR-CONDITIONED

CATHAY TELEPHONE 73757

TO-DAY ONLY!
at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

HELD OVER!
The Year's Dramatic Thrill!



OPENS TO-MORROW!

BOOK YOUR SEATS NOW!

Mr. C. Akagi Posthumously Decorated by S.M.C.

MR. Chikayuki Akagi, Special Deputy Commissioner of the Shanghai Municipal Police, has been awarded, posthumously, the Police Distinguished Medal Class I for a display of courage and devotion to duty of the highest degree which cost him his life. The unanimous recommendation of the Permanent Awards Board, endorsed by Major K. M. Bourne, Commissioner of Police, was approved by the S.M.C., according to a Council communiqué issued yesterday.

The Council also approved the recommendation of the Board to award the Police Distinguished Medal Class II to Inspector S. Sharrock, of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force, for determined bravery, personal initiative and devotion to duty on the same occasion, when he, unarmed, arrested the gunman who had shot Mr. Akagi.

Resume of Assassination

About 9.20 a.m. on June 17, Mr. C. Akagi, on his way to S.M.P. Headquarters in his motor car, while passing along Tifeng Road was attacked by a gunman who fired at the car, causing the Chinese chauffeur to stop the car. The gunman then ran up to the car and fired several shots through the open window wounding Mr. Akagi. The latter, notwithstanding his wounds, scrambled out of the car and made towards the gunman, and when about to grab him was shot down by the man. All this was witnessed by Inspector Sharrock of the Western Area Special Police Force who happened to be driving along Tifeng Road at the time and some little distance behind the car of Mr. Akagi.

Tackles Assassin Unarmed

Though unarmed, Inspector Sharrock without hesitation left his car and went after the armed killer. The latter ran into a lane which the Inspector knew led only to Yu Yuen Road, so with excellent judgment, the Inspector instead of keeping directly after the man, ran towards the alley exit and was just in time to see the assassin coolly emerge thereform. Closing up on him as he turned into Jessfield Road from Yu Yuen Road, the Inspector by hand signs managed to attract the attention of C.P.C. 2857 on duty in the vicinity.

The latter sensing something serious and, spotting the man the Inspector was pursuing, drew his pistol and called on the man to stop, and before the assassin could do anything, Inspector Sharrock seized him and quickly disarmed him of a five chambered .38 revolver which he had tucked within the waist band of his trousers. The gun contained five empty shells and was still hot from use, while five live shells were found on the person of the assassin.

Recognition Cannot Help Nanking

Germany and Italy have lost the friendship of 450,000,000 people in China by recognizing the Nanking régime, states the editorial of the "Chinese American Daily News." The paper expresses regret that while Germany and Italy may not be able to "stimulate" Japan by such an act, so that the latter may fight Russia, they have lost all the friendship of the Chinese.

The writer is sceptical about Japan's willingness to fight Soviet Russia at this moment in order to help Germany, judging from the usual way Japan goes about her business of this nature. There will be no actual help from Japan unless Germany definitely gains the upper hand, the writer believes. The new development will not affect China's war of resistance and cannot help the Nanking régime in a material way, the paper hints. The paper concludes by urging the United States quickly to rush her aid to China.

Relief is expressed editorially by the "China Evening News" that at last the line has been clearly marked between the two opposing forces in the world to-day. The paper says also that the two fronts have also been combined into one by the recognition of the Nanking régime. The paper praises Chungking's policy of recalling Chinese diplomatic officials stationed in the Axis Powers.

Local Reaction Predicted

The same paper reports that French authorities in Shanghai may do something unfavourable to the Russians here, since Vichy has severed its relations with Moscow. Rumours are said to have been spread here that they are going to suppress Russian organizations and publications in the Concession here. The Russian Club in Avenue Foch may be asked to move out from the Concession, but it is admitted that no official confirmation has been obtained.

The organ of the Nanking régime, the "Central China Daily News," is jubilant over the recognition editorially asserting that it will help China a great deal in her national reconstruction. Germany had been oppressed for 20 years as a result of the signing of the unequal treaties following the World War, but she has finally recovered and can now be an example of China which has been under the yoke of British and American capitalist states, the paper opines.

Several New Strikes Reported

Despite the return to work of approximately 1,000 employees of Chinese tea merchants, local strikes yesterday continued to involve over 500 workers, the majority of these being the employees of the Foh Sing Tobacco Co. The factory suspended operations on June 26, due to the rains and the impossibility of working with damp tobacco, but reopened on Tuesday morning.

The strike was declared suddenly as the 500 female employees walked out after presenting the management with demands for better working conditions. Negotiations are said to be progressing and an early settlement is anticipated.

About forty employees of Hawley and Hazel Chemical Works, at 128 Yenping Road, struck yesterday morning. The factory, however, has not suspended operations and work is being carried out with the remaining employees. The strikers, it was learned, did not present any demands to the management, although it was believed that such, in the form of a request for better treatment, would be soon made.

Six Silk-workers in Trouble

The Kiu Fong Silk Factory at 328 Penang Road was the scene of a minor strike yesterday, this being declared by six workers. Just as in the case of the Hawley and Hazel dispute, the factory continues operations with the non-striking workers. The six strikers, it is learned, have submitted a demand for an increase in wages.

Meanwhile, a strike was averted at the Arnhold Trading Company Hide Tannery at 54 Singapore Road when some sixty employees received an increase in pay. Another dispute was settled on Monday to bring about 100 workers back to work. This was at the Dong Fong Dyeing and Weaving Factory in Point Road. The factory was closed down on June 13, as a precautionary measure against agitation going among the workers. The factory was reopened yesterday and the workers returned to their jobs. The employees of tea merchants, it was reported, returned to work pending negotiations with their employers.

Unrest at the China General Omnibus and French Tramway companies continued to be featured by the Nanking-sponsored dailies here, but nothing serious has so far been reported. All services are maintained normally.

Shigemitsu, Will Not Succeed Matsuoka

Tokyo, July 2.

Informed circles here today ridiculed rumours that Mr. Mamoru Shigemitsu, Japanese Ambassador to London who is returning to Tokyo on a special visit, will succeed Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, as Foreign Minister.

In this connection, Mr. Koh Ishii, Deputy Spokesman of the Cabinet Information Board, yesterday denied that a Cabinet shake-up was imminent.—United Press.

P.I. Officials to Be Responsible for Food Storage Programme

Washington, July 2.

Officials of the Philippine Commonwealth have agreed to assume full responsibility for the programme of emergency food storage for civilians, thus permitting Federal defence officials to concentrate on efforts to strengthen the Hawaiian food storage plan, it was learned yesterday.

It was learned that the Hawaiian project would be continued, as at present, as an individual programme, with the Federal Government lending assistance to private enterprise.

Informed quarters said that Federal officials now conceive of the food storage plan as an interim programme, to cover the time between a potential interruption of transport communications (between the mainland and Hawaii or the Philippines) and the time when the first emergency food crops could be grown. This period would cover approximately six months.

It was estimated that sugar lands and other cultivated areas in both Hawaii and the Philippines would be converted to food crops the moment any maritime danger appeared. Informed sources said that Hawaii would store up emergency supplies of rice, wheat, cattle feed, canned milk and butter to supplement the regular commercial supplies.—United Press.

India's Danger If Russia Falls

Hyderabad, July 2.

"This trophy which only a short time ago formed part of a Nazi war machine typifies the relentless savagery which spared neither church nor mosque, neither hospital nor ambulance—it symbolizes aggression based on the broken word."

Thus declared Sir Akbar Hydari, President of the Council of the Nazam's government, when he opened an exhibition of a Nazi fighter plane brought down by the Hyderabad squadron.

He said: "Never in our history have we been closer to danger such as that now threatens our most cherished ideals and aspirations. Each anna we subscribe, each man who offers himself for military service or for work in factories, is a contribution to the defence of our motherland.

"It is also an assurance of the future: it will not only help to defeat the enemy outside our gates but strengthen our sinews to reconstruct and expand industries. It will show the peoples of Britain and the world that in the war against treachery we honoured our sovereign's pledge of over 100 years ago and proved the value of our faithful alliance."—Reuter.

Nanking Recognition Overdue—Dr. Hu Shih

Washington, July 2.

Dr. Hu Shih, Chinese Ambassador to Washington, commenting on Axis recognition of the Nanking regime, said that recognition did not change the puppet character of the Nanking Government.

Recognition only showed how hard pressed the Axis nations were to give Japan something, said Dr. Hu. From a Japanese viewpoint recognition was long overdue. Japan originally expected such recognition promptly after creation of the Nanking Government, he said.—United Press.

Two Dead, Three Injured in Fire

Two Chinese youths were burned to death and three others sustained various injuries when leaping out of the burning building shortly after 3 a.m. yesterday when flames destroyed the Chu Shuh Kong Restaurant at 163-165 Chefoo Road. The first two, both said to have been about fourteen years of age, were trapped by the fast spreading flames and their bodies were recovered in the débris after the blaze had been extinguished.

The alarm was received by the Shanghai Fire Brigade Headquarters at 3.04 a.m. and four engines from Central station were sent to the scene. Station Officer H. H. Miller was in charge.

The entire restaurant, occupying two houses, was in flames by the time the firemen arrived. With no hope of saving the building, the firemen concentrated their efforts on stopping the flames from spreading and worked hard to control them. This was done within 21 minutes after their appearance at the scene.

Others Jump to Safety

Meanwhile, the other three victims, all between the ages of seventeen and twenty, trapped on the first floor and with all exits barred to them, jumped down, sustaining lacerations and abrasions. An emergency ambulance was called out and the injured youths were transferred to the Lester Chinese Hospital.

The fire was extinguished by 4.45 a.m., only after both houses were so badly damaged that it would be impossible to repair them. A section of the premises in the rear on the top floors and drying stages were also badly damaged.

No theory could be formed yesterday as to how the fire originated as the houses were too badly damaged. But one thing was clear and that was that the wooden frontage of the restaurant, for years soaked with cooking fat, went up in flames like a torch, completely involving the building.

Quezon Bans Sale of Radio Sets

Manila, July 2.

Sr. Manuel Quezon, President of the Philippines Commonwealth Government, today exercised his emergency powers to clamp down on sale or use of radio sets, in the interest of national defence.

The order prohibited further importation, sale or use of transmitters without approval of the department of national defence and required registration of all receiving sets.

Sr. Quezon also announced that President Roosevelt had issued a proclamation establishing Subic bay, in Zambales Province, as a United States Navy defence area. Navigation in the area was prohibited except by authority of the Secretary of the Navy.—United Press.

Tuberculosis Association Acknowledgements

The Shanghai Anti-Tuberculosis Association acknowledges with thanks the following donations, membership dues, etc., from June 1 to 30, (both days inclusive):—

Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai	CN$ 1,500.00
Federation of Shanghai Charity Organizations (2 grants of $500)	1,000.00
National Bible Society of Scotland	1,000.00
Mr. and Mrs. Ki Chun	200.00
Dr. Ed Birt, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Haley, "Hehad," Miss Anne E. Herbert, Mr. Samuel K. Ing, The Right Reverend W. P. Roberts, Mr. S. C. Thomas Sze, Dr. and Mrs. E. S. Tyan $100 each	800.00
The China Soap Co., Ltd. $75, Miss Amy Ellen Davis $72.73, China United Lamp Co., Miss Freda Girsberger, Miss Edith Suprling $50 each, Cathay Oil Co. $30	327.73
Mr. Chin Hung I, Mr. Eric G. Clarke, Mr. Gerald G. Clarke, Mr. A. F. T. Holland, Mr. L. W. Holland, Mr. H. J. Krueger, Mr. Lee I. Yao, Rev. Dr. C. F. MacRae, Shanghai Free Christian Church, Mr. H. H. Snuggs, Mrs. Elizabeth Ellan Tatum $25 each	275.00
Mr. Aswani, Mr. John Barber, Mr. J. Delga, Mr. P. Doulatram, E.A.H., Mr. Hsia Chu Sheng, Mr. Kwan Chun, Dr. Juan Marin, Dr. C. L. Senn $20 each	180.00
Friend, Mr. Hsieh Yih Sheng, Mr. N. C. Huang, Mr. A. H. Young, $10 each, Miss R. Kum, Mr. P. W. Massey $5 each, Mr. Lu Ke Chin 22 cents	50.22
IN MEMORY OF DR. HENRY B. CHU	
Dr. W. S. Fu $25, Mr. and Mrs. Ki Chun $10	35.00
GIFTS DESIGNATED FOR SHANGHAI HOSPITAL	
American Advisory Committee	15,000.00
Anonymous	500.00
Mr. M. Speelman	500.00
Mr. J. A. Turner	500.00
J.H.J. $150, Dr. Bernard E. Read $100	250.00
Mr. N. Maas, Rev. Edwin Marz $50 each	100.00
	CN$22,217.95
GIFT DESIGNATED FOR SHANGHAI HOSPITAL	
Miss Westra	U.S.$5.00
DONATIONS IN KIND	
American Red Cross Committee in China Medicine and 10,000 lb. of rice, Palace Hotel clothing and linen.	

French Anti-Jewish Laws Made Effective

Vichy, July 2.

The anti-Jewish laws passed by the French Government on June 2, became effective throughout France yesterday, outlawing Jews from all commercial and industrial activity in which they come into direct contact with the French public.

The purpose of the ban was to eliminate the danger of Jews influencing public opinion through their conversation as well as through the press, radio, theatre and cinema. Jewish activity in the latter business and professional categories has been banned.

Jews were also ordered to register for a Jewish census and to give details of their fortunes and properties before July 14.—United Press.

Indian Official Dead

Allahabad, July 2.

Sir Chirravoori Chintamani, member of the Indian Round Table Conference who was twice elected Liberal Party delegate to England on political mission, died here last night. He was a leading figure in the National Liberal Federation of India.—Reuter.

Wedding of Mr. B. R. Brown and Miss G

Mr. B. R. Brown, son of the Rev. Russell and Mrs. Brown, of yesterday at Holy Trinity Cathedral to Miss Genevieve Marie and Mrs. Antoine Puthod, of Shang

Banks May Reduce Interest

Unconfirmed reports were circulated yesterday to the effect that Chinese banks in Shanghai will further reduce their interest on deposits, as there is too much idle money in this city to be of any legal and productive use. While it was impossible to obtain confirmation from the banks themselves as they were closed, usually reliable Chinese sources stated that it was likely that such a step might be taken.

Banks in Shanghai will reopen today after two days' holiday. No financial trouble has been reported so far among the banks, but it is said that they will further reduce the interest to be paid to those customers who have fixed long-term savings deposits. The interest may be reduced by one per cent.

It will be recalled in this connection that last year the banks reduced interest on current savings deposits from four to three per cent. The banks said that they had too much money in their vaults, while the Chinese press blamed the idle money for speculation and the increase of prices of commodities. The rich were urged to invest their money in enterprises to be developed in the Chungking-controlled interior. Mr. Yu Ya-ching and other leading Chinese bankers and business men are trying to do that.

It was reported by the "Shun Pao" yesterday that in addition to the reduction of interest on long-term deposits, the banks are planning to charge 10 cents for each cheque used by customers. Foreign banks here were said to have already done this. The commentator complained against the reduction of interest because it will affect seriously those persons who depend for their living on interest from fixed deposits. The banks' policy has been changed, it is stated, for in the past they tried their best to obtain more depositors. He urged the banks to turn their attention to the development of the interior as the best policy to find an outlet of the surplus capital.

Early Disposal of War In China Expected

Tokyo, July 2.

Recognition of the Nanking Government by Germany, Italy and three other Axis partners, will accelerate disposal of the China Conflict, Mr. Chou Fo-hai, Finance Minister of the Nanking Government, declared in an interview yesterday.

Referring to the significance of the recognition of the Government by the Axis countries, Mr. Chou declared, "Their recognition will further strengthen the Nanking Government's international position and will undoubtedly prove a heavy blow to Chungking.

"I believe that the other Axis partners will follow suit, and those Chungking officials who are still hesitant in recognizing the Nanking Government sooner or later will realize that it would be to the best interest of China that Chungking and Nanking join hands for the construction of a New Order in East Asia."—Domei.

A CHINESE coolie was struck by a falling bale of cotton and sustained a slight injury at 9.26 a.m. yesterday. The accident occurred at 248 Yangtszepoo Road, near Macgregor Road, and the victim was taken to the Yangtszepoo Hospital.

HINDS & BARR

Turf Accountants & Commission Agents

100 Central Arcade Tel. 15154-15155

CANIDROME RESULTS

Wednesday, July 2nd, 1941

Race	Placed-Dogs		$5.00 Win F'cast Pool	Course D/Events $2
1	2	4	122.40	
2	5	2	81.60	109.90
3	6	1	53.20	46.20
4	2	5	169.70	74.60
5	5	6	156.60	231.90
6	3	6	107.50	35.50
7	6	5	127.30	35.40
8	1	2	283.00	52.90
9	5	4	151.00	37.30
10	5	1	258.00	73.00
11	5	3	130.10	111.00
12				

Last Night's Highest Dividends:—

$5 Win Forecast Race No. 8 dog No. 1-2 Div. $283.00

$2 Course Double Events Races 4/5 dog No. 2-5 Div. $231.90

Suit in U.S. Court Over Condensers

The dispute between W. Braunsberg, who maintains a radio shop at Chusan Road, and Mrs. C. M. Stewart, the defendant, over the liquidation sale of 150 radio condensers by the latter was settled yesterday in the United States Court for China with judgment given in favour of the complainant. Mrs. Stewart was ordered to refund $360.20 to the complainant, as the court agreed with the complainant that the condensers she sold were not in good order. Two of the condensers were kept by the court as exhibits and their price was to be subtracted from the money to be refunded. The complainant was ordered to return the condensers to the seller within one week.

Represented by Mr. Hans Behmack, the complainant asked two witnesses to testify in his favour, namely, Roman Nicolai Nikitin, a radio engineer of the R.C.A. Victor Company who examined the condensers after they had been bought, and Bernhar Eisner, a salesman. Nikitin examined the condensers as a private party and he said that after spending between two and three hours in examining them on two radio sets, he found out that they could not give good service. Two machines "burned out" while testing the condensers, he said. Several condensers were tried on a R.C.A. radio rectifier and the rest on line testors.

No Guarantee Possible

John J. Shevtzoff, who has been engaged in radio business for many years and who bought more than 400 condensers from the defendant in May, stated that nobody could be held responsible for the condensers imported from the United States. No guarantee could be given in Shanghai. He used almost every one he bought. In addition to quoting the expert opinion expressed by the examiner of the condensers, the judge found it hard to agree that the condensers, though new, could give good service as stated in the seller's advertisement published in the N.C.D.N., and hence gave judgment in favour of the complainant.

BRIGADIER J. Whitehead, Commanding Home Guard, London District, paid a tribute to the "great army of wonderful fellows who have volunteered for the Home Guard," when he inspected Kensington units recently. After the inspection the Home Guard, headed by the band of the Welsh Guards, went on a recruiting march.

Let us WASH your Rugs

Pick-up and Delivery Service

Storage facilities if desired

Nichols Rug Washing Plant

Tel. 52043

FORD Taxis

TELEPHONE 30189

TO-NIGHT

COUNTRY STORE NIGHT

Baskets of imported groceries and goodies will be auctioned at regular intervals. Rare bargains..... maybe!

The NEW

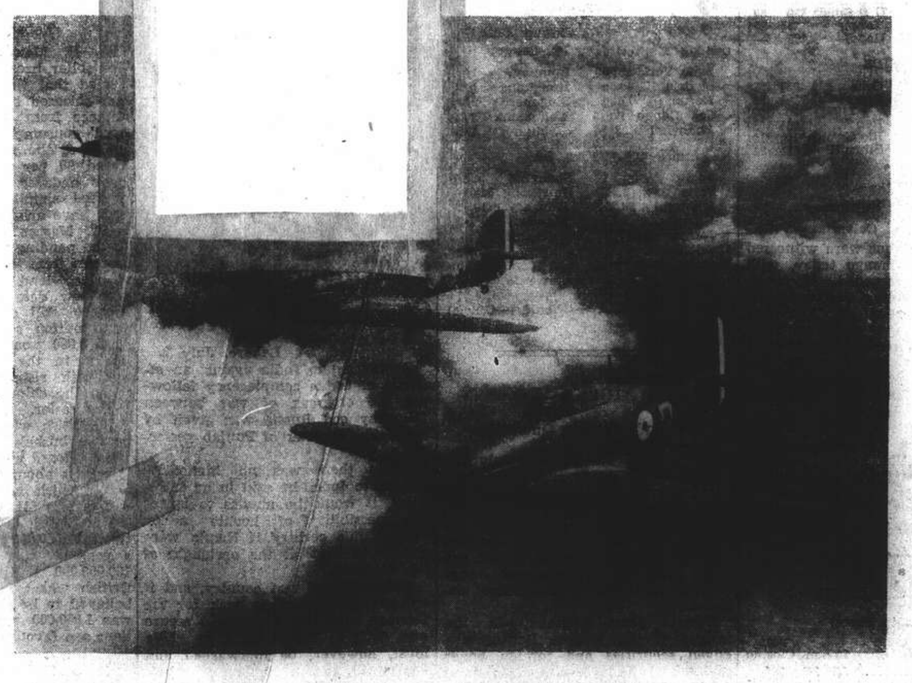
WINTER GARDEN

Corner Avenue Foch and Weihaiwei Road

SAVINGS

IN NT WEEK"

JU ULY 16, 1941



ANSWER THE CALL!

ALL BRITONS AND ALLIED NATIONALS CAN DO THIS BY SUPPORTING

Shanghai War Savings Association

PAY IN AT

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA

18 THE BUND

(THIS SPACE IS DONATED BY THE DISTRIBUTORS IN CHINA OF "CAPSTAN" CIGARETTES)

WEDDING

Brown-Puthod

The wedding took place yesterday afternoon at 5 p.m. at Holy Trinity Cathedral, of Mr. Bertram Russell Brown, son of the Rev. Russell and Mrs. Brown, of Great Braxted, Essex, and Miss Genevieve Marie Puthod, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Antoine Puthod, of Shanghai. The Very Rev. A. C. S. Trivett officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a dress of silk net lace over taffeta, with full skirt and short train and short puffed sleeves. Orange blossoms were scattered over the front of the dress, and her long embroidered veil fell from a diadem of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of white carnations. The bridesmaids were Miss Aline Y and Miss Edna Gilmour. dresses, of pastel blue and pink pectively, were of net over t with full skirts, high necks and ed sleeves, their headdresses being of net and their bouquets white carnations. The flower gi Jennifer Spikins, wore a blue n frock trimmed with pink and carri a small posy of pink carnations, a the page boy, Peter Jewell, had suit of white shark skin, with whi he wore a Cathedral School tie.

The best man was Mr. E. R. Mi chell, and the ushers were Mr. Smart, Mr. A. P. D. Kennedy and M L. Puthod.

The bride's mother wore a gow

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

New York Stocks

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

New York, July 1.

Quietly easier conditions were again witnessed on Wall Street today, with stock quotations mostly closing fractions lower.

The main list again met with small liquidation, influenced by the report that the Germans had captured Minsk, but offerings were well absorbed. In the specialty group, some investment demand was noted.

Meanwhile, pending clarification of the new tax legislation and owing to the impending celebration of Independence Day, trading is expected to be light, with no definite trend indicated.

The volume of business done totalled 350,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	123.37	122.54	122.85	—0.29
20 Rails	28.47	28.26	28.28	—0.13
15 Utilit.	17.88	17.65	17.71	—0.09
40 Bonds	——	——	91.06	—0.06
11 Commod.	——	——	72.00	—0.27

June 30	July 1		June 30	July 1
Adams Exp 6	*5⅞	Int T & T	2⅞	2
Alg Lud 22⅝	22⅝	Johns Man	64	63½
Allis Chal 27½	27⅝	Kennecott	36⅞	37¼
Amer Can 83	83½	Libbey O F	28	27⅞
Am Cyan 37½	39½	Lockheed	24⅞	24½
Am For Pr *0⅝	*0⅝	Loew's	29⅞	29½
„ $7 pfd *19	19½	Martin	28¼	28
Am Loco 13½	13	Mont Ward	33⅞	33½
Am Metal *17⅞	*17¼	Nat Avian	*8⅛	*8
Am Radtr 6½	6⅝	Nat C B	*28	*28
Am R Mill 14	13⅞	Nat Dairy	13⅞	13⅝
Am Smelt 41½	41½	Nat Dist	21¼	20⅞
Am Sug *16	16½	Nat P & L	6⅜	6⅜
Am T & T 156½	155½	Nat Sup	6⅞	6⅞
Am Tob 70	69⅞	N Y Cent	12½	11⅞
Am Wtwrks 4½	4½	Niag Hud	2⅜	2¼
Anaconda 27	27	N A Avian	14½	14
Atchison 28⅞	28½	N Am Co	12⅛	12⅛
Avian 3⅛	3⅜	N Pacific	6½	6⅜
Balt & O 3⅛	3⅛	Packard	2⅛	2⅛
Bald Loco 15	14⅞	Pantepec	3⅛	3⅛
Barns Oil 9½	9½	Paramount	10⅞	10⅜
Bendix 36⅞	36½	Penn R R	23⅞	23½
Beth Steel 72½	72	Phil Pet	42⅞	43
Bliss *16½	16½	Pullman	26⅞	26⅞
Boeing 16½	16	Pure Oil	9⅞	9⅞
Briggs 19½	19	Radio	3⅛	3⅛
Borg War 16⅞	17	Reading	16½	16⅞
Budd Mfg 3⅞	3⅞	Rem Arms	*4⅛	*4⅛
Can Pac 3⅞	3⅞	Rep St	19⅛	18⅞
Celanese 22½	22⅞	Rep Avian	3⅞	3⅞
Chase N B *29½	*31½	Rev Tob B	32½	32½
Chrysler 57	56⅞	Schenley	11½	11½
Ches & O 36⅞	36½	Shell U Oil	14⅛	14⅛
Col G & E 2½	2⅞	Soc Vac	8⅞	9
Col Credit 24	24½	Sthrn Pac	11⅞	11½
Com & Sth 0⅞	0⅞	Sthrn Rly	24	23⅞
Cons Edis 18½	18½	Spicer	35	35
Cons Oil 5⅞	5⅞	Std Brands	5⅞	5⅞
Copld St *14½	15	Std G & E	*0⅞	0⅞
Curtis Wr 8⅞	8⅞	Std Oil	40⅞	41⅞
Dist Cpn 14½	*14½	Studebaker	5½	5
Douglas 71⅞	*71⅞	Swift Int	*18⅞	18⅞
Du Pont 154½	153½	Technicor	8⅞	8½
E P Lead 8½	*8½	Tex Corp	39½	39½
Elec A L 27⅞	27½	Transamer	4½	4⅜
Elec B & S 2½	2⅞	Twx Cent	*5½	5⅞
„ $5 pfd 52	*50	Un B & P	11¼	11
„ $6 pfd 56½	56½	Un Pac	80⅞	80½
Elec P & L 33	33½	Un Air	39½	39½
Flintkote 13½	13½	Un A Lines	10⅛	10½
Gen Elec 32½	32½	Un Corp	0⅞	0½
Gen Motor 38½	37½	„ $3 pfd	22½	22½
Gen Rly 15	14⅞	Un Gas	6⅞	6⅞
Gen T & R 10½	10½	U S Rub	22½	22½
Goodrich —	12⅞	U S Steel	55⅞	55⅞
Goodyear 17½	17⅞	Vanadium	*24½	24⅞
Gt N I O 15½	*15⅞	Vultee	*6⅞	6½
Gt N Rly 25⅞	25½	Walworth	4½	4½
Gt W Sug 24⅞	24⅞	War Br Pct	3⅞	3⅞
Int Nickel 26	26½	West Elec	93	94
Int Paper 14⅞	14½	Woodward	*27½	27⅞

BONDS

Am For Pr	56½	56⅞	Erie	28⅞ 29
Aust Com	67	67	Int T & T	43½ 43½
Brazil	20½	20½	N E G & E	57½ 57½
„ 6½%	17½	17½	Sthrn Pac	51⅞ 51½
C S P & L	98⅞	98½	St G & E	89⅞ 89⅞

WEEKLY CLOSING STOCK

June 24	July 1		June 24	July 1
Alas Juneau 4	4	Mack Trks	29½	30⅞
Amer Loco 93	*92½	McKesson	29⅞	30½
Ass G & E *0⅞	*0⅞	Mountain	2½	*2⅞
Atl Gulf 35½	36⅞	Nat Gyp	6	6⅞
Atlantic 20½	21	Nat Lead	16	16⅞
Atlas Corp 6⅞	6⅞	Pac G & E	24⅞	23⅞
Auburn *3½	3½	Pan A Air	12⅞	12½
Bar Asohalt 9⅞	8⅞	Piper Air	*5	*5
Bath I W 22½	22½	Pitts C & I	*7	6⅞
Bellanca 3	3	P S of N J	21⅞	21½
Bull 0⅞	0⅞	Ayan A	3½	*3½
Case 62	64	Sears Roeb	71⅞	72
Clim Moly 37⅞	37½	Sthrn Rly	13⅞	12⅞
Cluett 34½	34	Sperry	36	36⅞
Col Sol 10½	10	St G & E	*17½	*17⅞
Cont Can 34½	34½	Std Oil C	21⅞	21⅞
Cont Oil 22⅞	22½	Stone & W	6½	6½
Corn Pro 48	48½	Tex Gulf	35⅞	35⅞
„ pfd *173	*176½	Thompson	28½	28½
Coty Inc 4	*3⅞	Tide Oil	10⅞	10⅞
Coty Int 0⅞	0⅞	Timken	31⅞	31⅞
Curtis Wr 27⅞	27	Tw C R	*18½	19½
Deere & Co 23⅞	23½	Un Carbide	71½	71⅞
Eaton Mfg 32	31½	United	0⅞	0½
Gen Am Tr 53	52½	Un L & P	0⅞	*0½
Glidden 15	14⅞	U S Ind	25	25
Goodrich *58½	59½	U S Real	1	1½
Gt L D 14½	*14½	U S Rub	92	93
Grey Corp 11½	11½	U S Smelt	*59	58
Int Harv 49⅞	50½	Young	36⅞	35½
Libby M & L 5½	5⅞	Royal	155	—

BONDS

Balt & O	34½	34½	Oslo	25⅞ 25⅞
Chicago	9⅞	10½	Rep of Col	36⅞ 36
Denmark	49½	50½	„ (1928)	*36 36½
Denver & R	14	*13	Rep St	104½ 103⅞
Phil & R	26½	26	Rio Grand	*10 *10½
N Y Chic	*90	92½	Sthrn Rly	81½ 81
N Y Gov	104⅞	104½		

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Irregular conditions were witnessed on the Stock Exchange today, with minor declines recorded. However, the volume of trading was up slightly. The statement of Mr. Emil Schram, chairman of the New York Stock Exchange, anticipating a more lenient attitude on the part of Washington towards business had a steadying influence. However, there was no disposition to make large-scale commitments before the July 4, holiday. Business news continued to be favourable: The Federal Reserve Board reports retail trade in the New York area during the past week at 16 per cent above the corresponding period of last year.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

	10 a.m.		p.m. Closing	
Atoks	.37	2B	.395	
Antamok	.05	A	.05	A
Bagiuo Gold	.14	B	.14	B
Batong Buhay	.0075	A	.0075	A
Big Wedge	.47	B	.49	
Coco Grove	.075	A	.0775	
Consolidated Mines	.0039	B	.0038	
Demonstration	.05	A	.05	A
East Mindanao	.08	B	.08	B
I. X. L.	.22	A	.22	A
Ipo Gold	.05	A	.05	A
Itogen	.165	B	.175	
Mambulao Consolidated	.01	A	.01	A
Masbate Consolidated	.0925	B	.0925	B
Mine Operations	.055	A	.055	A
North Camarines	.025	A	.025	A
Paracale Gumaus	.245	B	.245	B
San Mauricio	.30	A	.30	A
Surigao Consolidated	.18	B	.19	
Suyoc	.09	A	.09	A
Syndicate Investment	.025	A	.025	A
United Paracale	.16	B	.165	
Mindanao Motherlode	.345	XD	.365	
Manila Hai-Alai	8.00	B	8.00	B
Benguet Consolidated	3.10	B	—	

B—Bid. A—Asked. XD—Ex dividend. Reuter.

London Bullion

London, July 1.

London Gold: Bar Gold, fine, per ounce 168/- unchanged.

London Silver: Small trade demand was satisfied from production quarters. The market ruled steady. After the official fixing the market remained steady, without any business done.

Spot	23⅝d. unch.
Forward	23⅝d. unch.

—Reuter.

U.S. Commodities

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

New York, July 1.

The cotton market opened fully steady today, with quotations ruling from 5 to 6 points up on trade buying. Subsequently, the market improved further on commission house demand, but, at the higher levels, realizing and southern hedging pared gains somewhat. Recent Washington action placing price-ceilings on certain commodities has undermined speculative confidence, thereby leaving the market sensitive both ways, but the majority of operators are relying on Senate opposition to price-ceilings on farm products. At the close, quotations ranged from 7 to 11 points up from the previous final levels.

The rubber market remained in the state of stagnancy, with no special feature in evidence. At the last call over, quotations were from unchanged to 5 points up.

The Chicago Wheat Pit ruled nervous and irregular, with prices early appreciating on mills buying, but later reacted sharply on liquidation, realizing and in sympathy with the further drop of cottonseed oil prices. At the final bell, losses from ¾ cent to 1⅛ cents were recorded.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
July	14.50 N +09	Sept.	21.25-25 unc.
Oct.	14.69-69 +06	Dec.	21.15-25 unc.
Dec.	14.77-78 +07		B/A
Jan.	14.77-77 +09	Mar.	20.85 B
Mar.	14.84-84 +11		
May	14.83-83 +11		

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No	
		Sept.	
Sept.	2.50-51 unc.		1.10½-11 +2
	B/A		B/A
		Dec.	
Jan.	2.55-56 —01		1.13½-14 +11
	B/A		B/A

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
July	103½-103½ —¾	July	73⅝-73¾ unc
Sept.	104⅞-105 —⅞	Sept.	75⅞-75⅞
Dec.	106¼-106⅜ —1⅛	Dec.	77⅝-77⅝ —½

New York Silk No. 1		
Sept.	2.89½-89½	—2½
Dec.	2.91B-92A	—1

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, July 1.

The tin market ruled steady today while conditions in the London rubber market were dull.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 13 7/16 unc; sellers 13⅝ —1/16; August del., buyers 13½ unc; sellers 13⅝ unc.

London Tin: Standard, cash, middle price £256⅝ +½; 3 mths, middle price £260⅝ +½.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:		July 1
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1[illegible]
Bank Bills,	6 months	1[illegible]
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2[illegible]
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3[illegible]
Call money		1[illegible]

New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½[illegible] B
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0[illegible] A
Call money	1[illegible]

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Foreign Exchanges

June 30 closing delayed.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

Japan	81½ N.	London	1/5[illegible]
N.Y.	333¼-332¾	2 mths	
Shanghai	19	„ sellers	1/5[illegible]
Hongkong	84½	„ buyers	1/[illegible]
		Japan 2 mths	
		„ sellers	83 N.
		„ buyers	77[illegible] N.

The Bombay Exchange Market remained closed today, July 1.

Closing, July 1.

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Bombay	1/6
Madrid	40.00	Hongkong	1/3[illegible]
Berne	17.30	Singapore	2/4[illegible]
Bel. Congo	176½	Yokohama	1/3[illegible]
Shanghai	3[illegible]d.	„ buying	1/2

New York U.S.$. T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N.	Shanghai	5.[illegible]
Paris	3.34	Hongkong	24.61
Montreal	88.250	Hungary	19.[illegible]
Brazil	5.05	Manila	49.[illegible]
Japan	23.97/[illegible]		

London	
Buenos Aires Paper	29.[illegible]
„ „ „ market rate	23.75
Montreal on London	4.57

B—Bid N—Normal *—Offered †—Official. —Reuter.

London Stocks

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

London, July 1.

Quieter but steady conditions were witnessed at the opening of the London Stock Exchange today, with British gilt-edged securities and industrials tending to pause pending Russo-German developments, but the July dividend disbursements augmented the Latin reinvestment demand.

Despite some hesitancy in the middle of the session, British gilt-edged securities and foreign bonds maintained their levels, oils showed some selectivity with a firmer tendency, irons and steels were supported and other industrials ruled slightly irregular.

Towards the close, the market lost some buoyancy, but gilt-edged continued to maintain their levels, with Japanese and Chinese bonds moving up a further half-point. Oils were more active, Kaffirs and Far Westerns ruled easier and Argentine rails maintained their recent gains.—Reuter.

British Textile Exports For May

London, July 2.

United Kingdom wholesale textile statistics for May show that the value of export sales had an index figure of 109 compared with 88 a year ago, while home trade sales declined from 130 to 88. This demonstrates the rapid progress in fulfilment of the Government's policy of curtailing non-essential civilian consumption, while export business is remarkably well maintained even after allowing for higher prices. Not only are export sales higher in value than last year but exceed the corresponding 1939 figure by 50 per cent.—Reuter.

London's Markets For Commodities

London, May 17.

The International Tin Committee, restriction control body, met in London on Thursday. The meeting lasted for several hours, but no official statement was published. No date for a new meeting was fixed, states Mr. Henry Heyman in the "New York Times."

Officials explained that only internal business was discussed, which did not justify public announcement. The excuse seemed to wholly unsatisfactory. The meeting was convened to draft a new international tin agreement for five years, beginning in January, 1942. Recently reports have been circulating here concerning difficulties regarding Bolivia's standard tonnage and Thailand's attitude toward the scheme following Japanese pressure to sell the whole output to the Axis. The committee, if able to do so, would have assured the market and not made this the first occasion in ten years to withhold a statement.

Agreement at Present Impossible

As the tin committee is composed of government representatives of the member countries of the international restriction scheme, the suggestion that the meeting was not informed concerning the attitude of some of the governments was not justified. The impossibility of drafting an agreement at this stage, owing to substantial opposition, is seen here as the only possible reason for the reticence.

Thailand's reluctance in the face of the Japanese pressure hardly could have been the chief difficulty. Even if the country withdraws, as is still regarded unlikely, its position in London is too weak to wreck the scheme.

It is regarded probable, therefore, that disagreement about standard tonnages was the chief reason for the difficulties at Thursday's meeting. The tonnages suggested by the committee involve increases for Malay and the Netherland Indies and a reduction for Bolivia. This is not the first occasion similar changes have been discussed. Actually, a basis for dissatisfaction is contained in the first restriction agreement of 1931, when standard tonnages were based on the record production of 1929. Since then Bolivia's efficiency has declined through the effects of the Chaco war, labour shortage and technical difficulties, while that of Malay and the Netherland Indies has increased. While Bolivia's standard tonnage has been unchanged for the last ten years, the tonnage of Malay and the Netherland Indies has increased only 7½ per cent. The nations now demand adjustment of standards to actual capacity.

Bolivia's Position

In the past difficulties regarding standard tonnages always were bridged to maintain cooperation. At present, however, Bolivia's position is stronger, as the country has concluded a five-year agreement with the United States by which half of Bolivia's production is supplied to a new smelter in the United States at fixed prices. The second half, however, is dependent on a free market and as Bolivia is the weakest competitor among the tin countries, because of its high production costs, it cannot wish to bring about a breakdown of the scheme.

Moreover, all of the restricting countries at present are more bound together than ever, as the United States has concluded a reserve agreement with the international committee. The committee's dissolution would affect adversely the contract of producers with the United States Government and undermine the tin market when the United States begins liquidation of its strategical reserve. It is believed, therefore, that the present difficulties will not prevent continuation of the tin scheme beyond 1941, although months may pass before a new agreement is possible.

Tobacco Released

A. H. Maxwell, British Tobacco Controller, broadcasting this week, revealed that the British Government had released additional quantities of tobacco from bond to meet the record consumption. Since the outbreak of the war, releases have covered 90 per cent. on the pre-war basis and, as consumption has increased simultaneously, local shortages have arisen.

Mr. Maxwell's broadcast referred to the pending resumption of tobacco imports from the United States under the lease-lend act, but did not give any new details. British stocks of tobacco still cover twelve months' consumption and the trade expects [illegible]0,000 pounds from the United States in the next twelve months, but with rising imports thereafter, when the shipping position is likely to be easier.

A British wheat contract for 120,000,000 bushels from the Canadian Wheat Board was disclosed this week. It covers about 70 per cent of probable British wheat imports till the end of May, 1942.

The British harvest, fluctuating between [illegible]00,000 and 75,000,000 bushels a year before the war, may exceed 100,000,000 bushels this year. The British wheat acreage at present is believed to be almost twice the pre-war 1,850,000 acres, and field conditions are favourable.

German Embassy Clerk In U. S. Shoots Self

Washington, July 2.

The German Embassy yesterday announced that Herr Heinrich Kurt Nostiz, an Administrative clerk, had shot himself to death in the Embassy yesterday morning.

An Embassy spokesman said that the coroner had delivered a verdict of suicide after members of the police homicide squad had investigated. The spokesman said that Herr Nostiz killed himself during a moment of mental depression after several months of illness.—United Press.

French Deny British Prisoners Ill-treated

Beirut, July 2.

Authoritative quarters yesterday denied allegations by the Jerusalem radio claiming that the French had mistreated British prisoners. These authorities affirmed that, to the contrary, the British were well-treated and the British wounded received the same treatment as French wounded.—United Press.

India Warned Against Complacency

Lahore, July 2.

A warning to India against an attitude of undue complacency following the outbreak of war between Germany and Russia was given by the Prime Minister of Punjab yesterday.

While there was no immediate danger to India, he said in an interview, it would be unwise to ignore the possibility of hostile action against this country if Russia were unable to beat off the onslaught of the Germans.

Russia was a vast country, and it would not be an easy task for the German mechanized army to secure any decisive result quickly. "We must, however, be forewarned and forearmed, and redouble our efforts in every sphere of war activity," said the Prime Minister. "We must be ready to meet any menace to the safety and security of India from whatever direction it may come."—Reuter.

N. Y. Stock Market

New York, July 1.

Trading on the stock exchange was irregular today and prices closed fractionally lower as traders cautiously refrained from making commitments and the majority of commodities declined.

Traders were cautious due to the forthcoming July 4, holiday, when many traders will be absent from the exchange from Thursday to the following Monday.

Meanwhile, the Better Business Bureau, noted that swindlers and other crooks were increasing operations on owners of various sorts of securities. This phenomena, peculiarly enough, reflects increased business activity and higher family incomes. This strange index of business activity was accompanied by a statement of cooperation between the bureau and state and federal authorities, who were taking measures to effectively deal with the new crop of stock swindlers.—United Press.

Canada Presents Emblem of Victory to Mr. Churchill

London, July 2.

IN the garden of No. 10 Downing Street, the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, received the "Torch of Victory," emblem of Canada's war loan, which, after travelling across the Dominion, has now been flown to England by a bomber plane.

The torch, on which was inscribed "Canadian Victory Loan, 1941," was presented to the Prime Minister by Mr. Ian Mackenzie, the Canadian Minister of Pensions. He also presented a scroll signed by the Governor-General, the Earl of Athlone, the Prime Minister of Canada, Mr. Mackenzie-King, the Premiers of the nine Canadian provinces, and other distinguished citizens who took part in the war loan campaign pledging Canada's journey to the end of the road, no matter how long and toilsome. He also gave Mr. Churchill a letter from the chairman of the Canadian War Loan Committee.

Emblem of Effort

The Prime Minister, acknowledging the gifts, said: "I am much affected by your kindness, the message you bring me, and the emblem which has been carried so far over land, through the air and over the sea.

"It has come here to represent another impulse of the great effort which Canada has been making in all these months and years of storm. I cannot thank you enough for all you have said about me, which I shall labour to deserve, without any expectation of achieving such high results.

Encouragement to Britain

"But at any rate, in this old house and garden, which has for a hundred years been the centre from which the British Government has been conducted, on this fine afternoon, when no enemy aeroplanes dare come within range of our fighting air force, I am proud to welcome here representatives of Canadian forces, yourself, and the Canadian Minister of Air, who have come all this way to encourage us in our fight and to add their own weighty contributions to assure us, if indeed assurance were needed, that Canada will continue to the end.

"The end may be far off," continued Mr. Churchill. "We cannot tell. It depends upon the enemy. How long that wicked man will torture and afflict nations, how, when, or in what direction he will set his murder machine in motion, we cannot tell.

Nazis Denounced

"Of one thing we are assured. He and his villainous crew will be delivered to the doom and shame which is their due, and we ourselves shall have the honour of having had something to do with it."

In presenting the torch, the scroll and the letter to the Prime Minister, Mr. Mackenzie said: "I have the honour of presenting, on behalf of the people of Canada, this torch of freedom and victory to you. This torch is a symbol of the will, and devotion of our Canadian peoples. It has been taken by bomber plane through the great centres of population in Canada."

After praising the Prime Minister's qualities as a leader, Mr. Mackenzie formally presented him with the torch and the scroll.

The Canadian Minister for Air, Mr. C.A. Power, who has recently arrived in this country, was present at the ceremony, as was also Mr. Vincent Masse, High Commissioner of Canada.

When the torch was being displayed in different towns in Canada, there were always present with it three representatives of the armed force of Canada. For yesterday afternoon's ceremony there were also three officers present to represent the armed forces.

They were: Lieut. Sailing, of the Royal Canadian Navy, Lieut. Guimont, of the 22nd Regiment (French-Canadian) and Lieut. Stewart, of the Royal Canadian Air Force.—Reuter.

Gov't Change Welcomed by British Press

London, July 2.

Newspapers here continue to welcome the changes in the Government, interpreting them as meaning a new drive for increased munitions production.

"The Times," in an editorial, says that "a production drive of a new pattern will soon be under way." Lord Beaverbrook can be trusted to make a difference. His drive will be concentrated for the army, as for a year it was concentrated on aircraft production.

"Ordered production for the war means arrangement of production according to plan and on a scale determined by war strategy. The tempo of production is too low.

"A sense of total production for the war," continues the journal, "does not completely dominate industry as it should, nor the supply departments. To organize production into total production is an imperative need.

"A High Command of production is required to match the High Command of the war. Associated with the High Commands will be Regional Commands for carrying out one combined, comprehensive plan of production. In industry, as in strategy, there is a need for a single central authority.

"Industry must be wholly organized in the war effort and supply departments fined down to battle fitness and commanded in vital posts by generals of production."

The "Manchester Guardian" says that the Government changes find common interpretation throughout the press and it is a right one. "This is the Government's way of showing that the new phase of the war demands great acceleration of arms production. It is presumably Lord Beaverbrook's business to see that we get a move on and that production of the right things is speeded up."—Reuter.

Air Ministry Gives Casualty List

London, July 2.

Two heroes of the war of the Libyan Desert have lost their lives, it is announced in an Air Ministry casualty communiqué issued today.

Sergeant Albert Alfred Meadows, who won the Distinguished Flying Medal in July last year, when he tended a wounded pilot and, although untrained, took control of the aircraft under the officer's instructions and brought it back, is reported presumably in action.

Flight Lieutenant John E. McFall, who has died of wounds of injuries received in action, was awarded a Bar to the Distinguished Flying Cross in June this year, after he had to land beside a battery of artillery to pass on a timely warning which enabled them to move to a better position.

Five D.F.C.'s

Other officers named in the list, which contains five D.F.C.'s, include Pilot Officer Robison, D.F.C. (presumed killed in action), who was decorated after he had dived to twenty feet over Wilhelmshaven; Squadron Leader R. O. Taylor (presumed killed in action), former Imperial Airways Captain; and Flight Lieutenant R. W. Gautrey (missing) who, while flying a Catalina flying boat to Britain, spotted nine lifeboats and directed rescue efforts.

The list contains a total of 494 names, of whom 101 are officers. Thirty-four officers and 99 men have been killed in action, are presumed killed in action, or, are missing, believed killed in action, and 29 officers and 149 other ranks are missing.

Deaths while on air service in bombers totalled 126.—Reuter.

French Ships Captured By British

New York, July 2.

The French liner Oregos (7,706) has been captured in the south Atlantic by British warships, according to maritime circles. The Oregon is reported to have been taken to Freetown.

The ship was well known on the Pacific Coast before the war.

The British also captured two French trawlers, the Lorage (580 tons) and Avant Garde (780 tons) and took them to Gibraltar.—Reuter.

U.S. Plane Builders Pool Resources

Los Angeles, July 2.

American plane builders are pooling their resources to give the United States and Britain an unprecedented fleet of long-range, four-engined heavy bombers reaching 500 a month, the American Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce announced yesterday.

Colonel John Jouett, President of the Chamber, said these planes could convoy shipping from America to Britain.

The Boeing organisation of Seattle, Douglass Company of Santa Monica, Calif., and Vega Company, of Burbank Calif., have agreed on co-operative production of Boeing B-17E bombers.—Reuter.

Paderewski to Be Placed At Arlington

New York, July 2.

The body of Ignace Paderewski will lie in state in the Polish Embassy at Washington on Friday. The body will be placed at Arlington Cemetery on Saturday and sent back to Poland when the war is over.—Reuter.

N.E.I. Official Denies Three Power Agreement

Batavia, July 2.

Mr. J. H. Ritman, acting Chief of the Netherlands East Indies Press Bureau, described as "groundless" reports that a military agreement had been concluded among the Netherlands East Indies, British Malaya, and Australia.

"No such press message has been sent abroad by any Dutch newspapermen, or foreign correspondents now in the N.E.I.," Mr. Ritman declared. "The report is not only groundless but just pure fabrication," he asserted, adding he believed the report originated in Manila.—Domei.

Darlan Said Trying to Save Own Reputation

London, July 2.

Admiral Darlan is helping Germany in a desperate attempt to save his own reputation, said Mr. Harold Nicholson, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Information, in a broadcast last night on Vichy's attitude towards the war.

Admiral Darlan a year ago believed that Britain could not hold out one month longer, Mr. Nicholson declared, "but we held out 12 months, our strength today is greater than ever, and tomorrow will be overwhelming."—Reuter.

Kenya Murder Case Ends in Acquittal

Nairobi, July 2.

Sir Delves Broughton was found not guilty today of the murder of Lord Erroll at the conclusion of a trial which lasted more than a month. The case, which involved considerable testimony concerning a love affair between Lady Broughton and the slain man, was one of the most sensational in Kenya Colony in many years.—Reuter.

Prince Bernhard Back In England

London, July 2.

Prince Bernhard of the Netherlands has flown back from Canada in a bomber and will immediately resume his duties, it is learned from the Foreign Office.—Reuter.

SWAN, CULBERTSON & FRITZ

Investment Bankers and Brokers

Members of:

New York Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
Winnipeg Grain Exchange
New York Produce Exchange
Manila Stock Exchange
Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York
Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc., Montreal
New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange
New York Cocoa Exchange, Inc.
Hongkong Sharebrokers Association

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA AND BUENOS AIRES

Cable Address: SWANSTOCK

S. E. LEVY & CO.

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA

Members of

New York Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
New York Coffee Sugar Exchange
Commodity Exchange, Inc., N.Y.
Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc.
Manila Stock Exchange
Hongkong Sharebrokers Association
Malayan Sharebrokers Association

UNDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE

"XCDN MOONLIGHT FOLLIES"

July 16 to July 26

HAYIM'S GARDEN

402 Avenue Haig

BOOKING OPENS TO-DAY

at Messrs. Moutrie & Co., Ltd., Nanking Road

(Space by courtesy Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation)

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

(Incorporated in England)

Head Office: London — Shanghai Office: 4 The Bund

Subscribed Capital	£1,800,000
Paid-Up Capital	1,050,000
Reserve Fund	1,075,000

Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya and in Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.

Interest allowed on Local Currency Current Accounts @ 2% per annum.

Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling and other foreign currencies as well as in local currency. Banking and exchange business of every description transacted. Trusteeships and executorships undertaken.

J. R. HUXTER, *Manager.*

Complete Insurance Service

FIRE
MARINE
ACCIDENT
& SICKNESS
MOTOR CAR
THIRD PARTY
AVIATION
LIFE

London & Lancashire Insce. Co., Ltd.
Royal Exchange Assurance
Guardian Assurance Co., Ltd.
British Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd.
Orient Insurance Co., Ltd.
Sea Insurance Co., Ltd.
Law Union & Rock Insce. Co., Ltd.
British & Foreign Marine Insce. Co., Ltd.
Standard Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.
British Aviation Insurance Co., Ltd.
Confederation Life Association

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

21-23 French Bund — Telephone 82020

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.

(Affiliated to the Société Générale de Belgique)

Capital	B. Frs.	30,000,000
Reserves	B. Frs.	3,000,000

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Branches:
HONGKONG
TIENTSIN, HANKOW,

MONUMENTS
ERNST BERLIN
Opposite Hungjao Cemetery
Telephone 50777

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

(Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij, N.V. Batavia)

BANKERS ESTABLISHED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1824

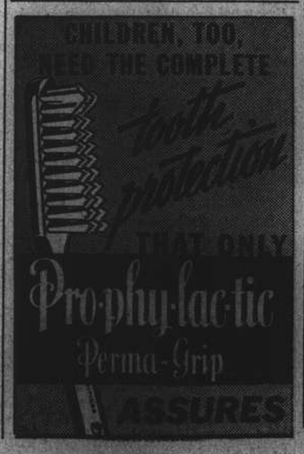
Head Office: BATAVIA

SHANGHAI OFFICE:
Sassoon House, 20 The Bund

34 Branches in the Netherlands East Indies, the Straits Settlements, India, Burma, China, Japan and Arabia, Correspondents in all principal towns of the world.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED

C. J. SCHAAP, *Manager.*



FROM DAY TO DAY

MR. and Mrs. D. E. Hoste left yesterday for Chefoo, where they will spend the summer.

THE King's Daughters' Society wish to inform the public that as from July 1 to September 15, their offices will be open from 8.30 to 12 noon only.

THE First Lord of the Admiralty has acknowledged the receipt of £150,000 from the Nizam of Hyderabad to provide a corvette for the Navy. It is to bear the name Hyderabad.

THE Japanese Central China Police Bureau will open in the near future a branch station at Nantung, on the north bank of the Yangtze in Kiangsu Province, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

THE Municipal Council has given notice that with effect from July 1, the animal and animal products testing fees as set out in the schedule of rates, taxes, dues and fees, 1941, will be raised by 150 per cent.

DR. A. Battista has accepted the Municipal Council's invitation to succeed the late Dr. W. E. O'Hara as a member of the Shanghai Medical Board for the remainder of the biennial period ending March 31, 1943.

ABOUT fifty Norwegians passed through Turkey the last week in April on their way to enlist in the R.A.F. The British United Press says they reached Turkey from Norway by way of Sweden and Russia.

MRS. J. I. Lunt, the widow of Captain Lunt, is sailing in the Tatsuta Maru for San Francisco, after making her home in Shanghai for the last fifty years. She has been prominent in social and philanthropic circles in this port.

THE many friends of Mme. J. de Lebre y Lima, wife of the Portuguese Minister to China, will no doubt be pleased to learn that she has left the Paulun hospital after undergoing a successful operation and is now resting quietly at her residence at Route Dupleix.

THE standing committee of the Federation of Amalgamated Japanese Street Unions held a secret meeting at the Nippon Club Tuesday afternoon to discuss the question of a reform of its administrative system, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

ON Friday in connection with the local celebration of American Independence Day Mr. A. H. George, C.M.G., British Consul-General, and Mr. John Alexander, British Press Attaché, will address the American Community during the "Democracy Calling" programme over XMHC., immediately after the relay "You can defend America" at 8.45 p.m.

THE formal inauguration of the newly created Kweiyang Municipal Government took place in Kweiyang on Tuesday with Mr. Wu Ting-chang, Chairman of the Kweiyang Provincial Government, officiating, says a message to the "Shun Pao." Mr. Ho Chi-wu was sworn into office as mayor, after which a tea reception, attended by over 600 people, was held in the municipal building.

THE programme for the Brass Band Concert to be given in the Koukaza Park today at 5.30 p.m. (weather permitting) is as follow:—

March "Pomp and Circumstance" Elgar
Selection "Hit the Deck" ....Youmans
Serenade "Birthday Serenade" ..Lincke
Potpourri "Cavalcade" ....Berlin
Excerpt from La Boheme ......Puccini
Excerpt from the Suite "The Grand Canyon" ....Grofe
Scenes from the "Sierras" ......Bennett
Overture "William Tell" ....Rossini

FOUND guilty of secretly planting ten mow of poppies against the regulations of the opium-suppression law, Huang Ting-chung, a farmer in the district of Hsiling, Kwangsi province, was court-matiallied and executed on Tuesday, says a Kweilin message to the "Sin Wan Pao." The case was referred to the headquarters of the pacification commissioner in Kwangsi, which issued the court-martial order.

APPROXIMATELY 300 Japanese university and college students, comprising an East Asia Students' Volunteer Service Corps, will come to Shanghai during the latter part of July 1, to undergo training in their respective fields of endeavour over a period of approximately one month, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports. These students, according to the paper, are making the trip to China through the good offices of the Japanese Military and Asia Development Board authorities.

FORMER colleagues and friends of Gaven J. Turnbull, until 1937 Departmental Secretary, P.H.D., will be interested to know that he has recently been appointed Medical Stores Officer, R.C.N. Dockyard, Esquimalt B.C., with the rank of Warrant Officer, R.C.N.V.R. Mr. Turnbull writes that he volunteered for service in September 1939, but was kept on the Navy waiting list by Ottawa until such time his past experience and naval training could be utilized. He has sold his rural property near Sidney and expects to be stationed at Esquimalt indefinitely. He sends his chin-chin to old colleagues and friends.

THE following is an extract from a letter from Peiping:—"It may interest you to learn that the Friday Club had a bumper party on June 13, when Neville McBain was host, when his garden was at its best and illuminated by electricity and old-fashioned lanterns. The net amount raised was $6,386, enabling us to send forward to London a draft for £163 for parcels to the Eagle Squadron of the R.A.F. It was a very nice gesture of McBain's, not only as an appreciation of what this American unit is doing for us, but at the same time it was a mark of respect for the fine support given by the local American community."

AMONG the guests at the weekly meeting of the Zero Club yesterday were six junior officers of the United States Marines in Shanghai, who were made welcome by the Acting President, Mr. Arthur Piercy, who referred to the valued cooperation between the British and American forces in the last war and to the aid the United States is giving in the present war. Other guests were four Britons who will be leaving shortly to join H. M. Forces. They were Messrs. R. N. Bryant, E.B.S. Crasy, H. G. Banham, and C. F. Pow. They were given the best wishes of the club for a happy and quick return.

Japan Adopts Four-Point Programme For China

Tokyo, July 2.

THE Japanese government has adopted a four-point military, political and economic programme designed to strengthen the Japanese-sponsored government in Nanking and bring about the "final collapse" of the Chungking Government, well-informed quarters reported here today.

Outstanding feature of the new programme is a plan to increase Nanking's native armed forces from their present level of 150,000 to 500,000 men.

If this force of a half million men, to be trained by Japanese officers in China, can be used to launch a full dress civil war between Nanking and Chungking, a large number of Japanese troops presumably would be released from the China front for possible action elsewhere, military observers said.

The four-point programme adopted by the Japanese government envisages these developments:

1. Increase in the Nanking army from 150,000 to 500,000 and enlargement of police and peace preservation forces.

2. Creation of a "model peace zone" in the area under the jurisdiction of the Japanese-sponsored Nanking regime.

3. Through loans to the Nanking government, aid in industrial and agricultural rehabilitation in the hope that improved economic conditions will attract high officials from Chungking, and result in the return of millions of refugees now living in unoccupied China.

4. Seek closer collaboration between Japan's Axis partners—Germany and Italy—and the Nanking government. The first objective, to obtain immediate recognition of the Nanking regime by Berlin and Rome, has now been realized.

Wang's Task

The Japanese press reported that Mr. Wang Ching-wei, head of the Nanking regime, will concentrate his efforts in coming months on the restoration of "peace and order" in areas under his jurisdiction. Mr. Wang, during his recent visit to Tokyo, emphasized in public addresses that these areas still are over-run by "bandits" and "Chungking stragglers" and said the Nanking government must have more troops and police if peace and order are to be established.

The Nanking government, it is understood, has also asked that Japan provide the best available equipment for the new Chinese army. The Japanese press replied that Japan would "increase the supplies of munitions and equipment," but did not indicate whether Nanking's troops would continue to be confined to light arms.

Mr. Wang, in his Tokyo conference in June with Premier Prince Fumimaro Konoye, complained against the existing Japanese economic restrictions in Japanese-occupied territories on the grounds that they were hampering a return of economic normalcy.

The "Asahi Shimbun" said that Prince Konoye promised Mr. Wang that "various items of economic construction connected with the national policy companies will be concretely adjusted, rationalized and legalized on the basis of the fundamental principle of Sino-Japanese cooperation."

Financial Questions

Mr. Wang was reported to have said that Chinese financiers were either being excluded from occupied China through the establishment of Japanese monopolies, or discouraged from investing in joint Sino-Japanese companies because of Japanese control of such companies.

Japanese officials have indicated, however, that full compliance with Mr. Wang's requests will not be possible for the duration of hostilities. Military necessity, they have pointed out, makes it imperative that the Japanese army continue to regulate and control trade in occupied China.

The new Japanese loan of Y.300,000,000, however, is intended to promote better economic conditions in occupied China and aid in launching the reconstruction programme which Mr. Wang outlined for Prince Konoye. There were indications that other loans might follow if the Japanese government was satisfied with the results obtained from the first loan. The Japanese government at present was lending to Manchoukuo at the rate of about Y.1,250,000,000 annually to make up the Manchoukuo budget deficit.—United Press.

U.S.A. to Continue Recognition of Chungking

Washington, July 2.

"Axis recognition of the Nanking regime in no way changes United States policy, and this nation will continue to recognize Chungking as the only legitimate government of China," Mr. Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State, said here last night.

There were indications here that the United States tended to discount significance of the move, except as an inducement to Japan to remain friendly to the Axis.

Observers noted that the timing of the recognition seemed to reflect a feeling that the Axis Powers were fearful that Japan was wavering in her pro-Axis sentiments. Therefore, they were determined to do everything posible in a diplomatic way to help Japan "stay in line."

Observers pointed out that the Nanking regime was set up more than six months ago and that until now no Axis Powers recognized it.—United Press.

Discussions to Decide Oil Quota for Spain

London, July 2.

Discussions are now proceeding in Madrid to decide the amount of petrol which Spain may import in the July-September quarters, it is authoritatively stated here.

Under existing arrangements between Britain and Spain, this question is discussed each quarter a few days before the next quarterly rationing period. It is not considered likely in well-informed circles that any great variation will take place in the next quarter compared with the last period.

German propaganda has lately been spreading an allegation that a severe cut in permitted imports was contemplated, and this is said to have caused some alarm in Spain, where there were fears of appreciable reductions in civilian petrol allowances. There is, of course, no foundation for these rumours, says Reuters economic intelligence officer, and today's Madrid news stating that no further restrictions on consumption are, after all, contemplated, proves that the Spanish authorities realise Britain's benevolent attitude.

British policy, it is stated, meanwhile continues unchanged—to limit Spain's oil imports to purely Spanish requirements and not allowing for any re-export surplus which might reach the enemy.—Reuter.

Allies Bring Food to Syrian Population

Jeru Salem, July 2.

A sharp drop in the cost of living is following the Allies wherever they penetrate into Syria. The prompt arrival of food supplies from Palestine, notably wheat, sugar, and rice, has caused a drop in prices to a vastly lower level than prevailed previously, when there was an acute shortage, particularly in the Damascus area.

The position in Damascus was so bad that only one day's supply of wheat remained when the Allies entered the city, but supplies were rushed up within 24 hours.

In the occupied coastal area, stocks of benzine and kerosene, which were commandered by the Vichy authorities prior to their withdrawal, were quickly replenished from Palestine.

Extensive arrangements are being organized for further relief.—Reuter.

Escaped German Prisoner Shot And Killed

Ottawa, July 2.

A German prisoner of war who escaped a day or two ago, Lieutenant Martin Mueller, was shot and killed when resisting capture, announced the internment authorities here.

The shooting took place not far from the prison camp east of Schreiver, Ontario, from which he escaped.—Reuter.

President Carmona to Visit Azores

Lisbon, July 2.

Commenting on the visit to the Azores towards the end of the present month of President Carmona, the newspaper "Diario da Manha" says that only the extraordinary circumstances of war give the visit a political aspect, whereas in truth it is only the fulfilment of a postponed programme.

Nevertheless, the paper continues, the visit will strengthen the physical and spiritual ties which join Portugal to its empire and will indicate the effective interest the Government is taking in the Atlantic islands.—Reuter.

Japan Said Holding Scales to Decide Victor in European Conflict

Tokyo, July 2.

On the eve of the fifth anniversary of the outbreak of the China Affair, Colonel Hayao Mabuchi, Chief of the Army Press Section of Imperial Headquarters, yesterday evening in a radio broadcast warned the Japanese people to continue to "exert every effort to create a highly organized defence state in view of the tense international situation as the result of the German-Soviet war."

"The China Affair and the World War are part of the same battle and cannot be separated," Colonel Mabuchi pointed out. Japan by successfully settling the China Affair could hold the balance to decide the victor or the vanquished in the World War.

Since the establishment of the Nanking Government, the Chungking regime merely had become a "local administration," Colonel Mabuchi said adding that Japan "according to her sense of righteousness is now rendering aid to the Nanking Government in its war against Chiang Kai-shek's rebel forces and other evil elements of China."

Two Camps

"Today five nations, including Germany and Italy, have formally recognized the Nanking Government with other Axis Powers expected to follow suit, thereby denying the legitimacy of the Chungking Government," he added.

"As a result only Britain, the United States and the Soviet Union continue to recognize Chungking," Colonel Mabuchi stated and he continued "The world be divided into two camps, one striving to build up a new order in the world, while the other is attempting to maintain the old order with all its inequalities."

With its recognition, the Nanking Government's international prestige and position had been greatly enhanced and it would continue to grow, Colonel Mabuchi said, while Chungking's influence and power would continue to decline.

Japan's warm-hearted reception of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, as well as the huge loan of Y.300,000,000, had proved the sincerity of the Japanese Government and people in their desire to bring about permanent peace in the Far East, he declared.

Concluding he said that Japan should continue to "put forth her utmost effort to replenish national power and safeguard peace in East Asia and lay a basis for permanent peace in the world."—Domei.

SHIPPING NEWS

After a two-day delay, the fast Panamanian freighter Gran will arrive here tomorrow afternoon. The vessel is coming here from Rangoon by way of Hongkong with 27,150 bags of rice and will dock alongside Hoong Shin Wharf in Pootung. Wallem and Co. are the local agents for the vessel.

* * *

The ss. **Tsingtao Maru** of the Dairen Kisen Kaisha line, plying between Shanghai, Tsingtao and Dairen, is expected to arrive in port at about 4 p.m. today. The steamer will dock alongside the company's Whangpoo Wharf and will remain here until 9 a.m. on Saturday when she will sail on her return voyage to Tsingtao and Dairen.

* * *

The D.K.K. liner **Dairen Maru** on the Tsingtao-Dairen-Shanghai run is to leave here this morning at 9 o'clock from the company's Whangpoo Wharf, sailing on her return trip to the northern ports. Passengers are requested to board the vessel at least half an hour before sailing time. Ordinary mail will be accepted by post offices until 7.15 a.m. today.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From DAIREN: Tsingtao Maru, with mail, due 4 p.m., Whangpoo Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York			**From Manila**		
D. Aurora	—	8/7	P Pierce	28/6	4/7
P Jackson	—	9/7	Asama M	28/6	9/7
Dona Nati	—	19/7	**From Yokohama**		
From Los Angeles			Toyooka M	—	6/7
Nitta M	16/6	21/7	Hakone M	—	19/7
K'kura M	30/6	4/8	**From Kobe**		
From S. Francisco			Taiyo M	—	10/7
K'kura M	3/7	4/8	**From Nagasaki**		
From Honolulu			S'hai M	3/7	4/7
Nitta M	25/6	21/7	Kobe M	5/7	6/7

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen		
T'tsin M	4/7	6/7

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS. —For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund, Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA, PORTS, INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

RANGOON AND CALCUTTA

JAMESLEE. A vessel sailing to RANGOON and CALCUTTA via HONGKONG and SINGAPORE on or about July 6. For freight rate please apply to James Lee & Co. immediately 150 Kiukiang Road, Telephone 11931. 5-7

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Karachi		**For Hongkong**	
Toyooka M	7/7	P Jackson	10/7
For New York		Dona Aurora	11/7
Dona Aurora	11/7	Dona Nati	22/7
Dona Nati	22/7	**For Kobe and Yokohama**	
For Los Angeles			
P Pierce	5/7	P Pierce	5/7
Asama M	10/7	Asama M	10/7
Dona Aurora	11/7	Genoa M	11/7
Tatuta M	19/7		
Dona Nati	22/7	**For Nagasaki**	
For S. Francisco		Nagasaki M	3/7
P Pierce	5/7	Shanghai M	5/7
Asama M	10/7	Kobe M	7/7
Tatuta M	19/7		
For Manila		**For Dairen**	
Tatuta M	3/7	Dairen M	3/7
P Jackson	10/7	Tsingtao M	5/7
Dona Aurora	11/7	Tientsin M	7/7
Dona Nati	22/7	Hoten M	10/7
Kamakura M	5/8	Dairen M	12/7

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Hukuken M.	Keelung	T.K.K.
Dairen M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Nagasaki M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Tatuta M.	Japan	N.Y.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
H. Luckenbach	Am.	A.P.L.
Herleik	Pana.	K.M.A.
Yuchi	Chi.	Tai Ping

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B.

"SHANGHAI"

By Ellen Thorbecke

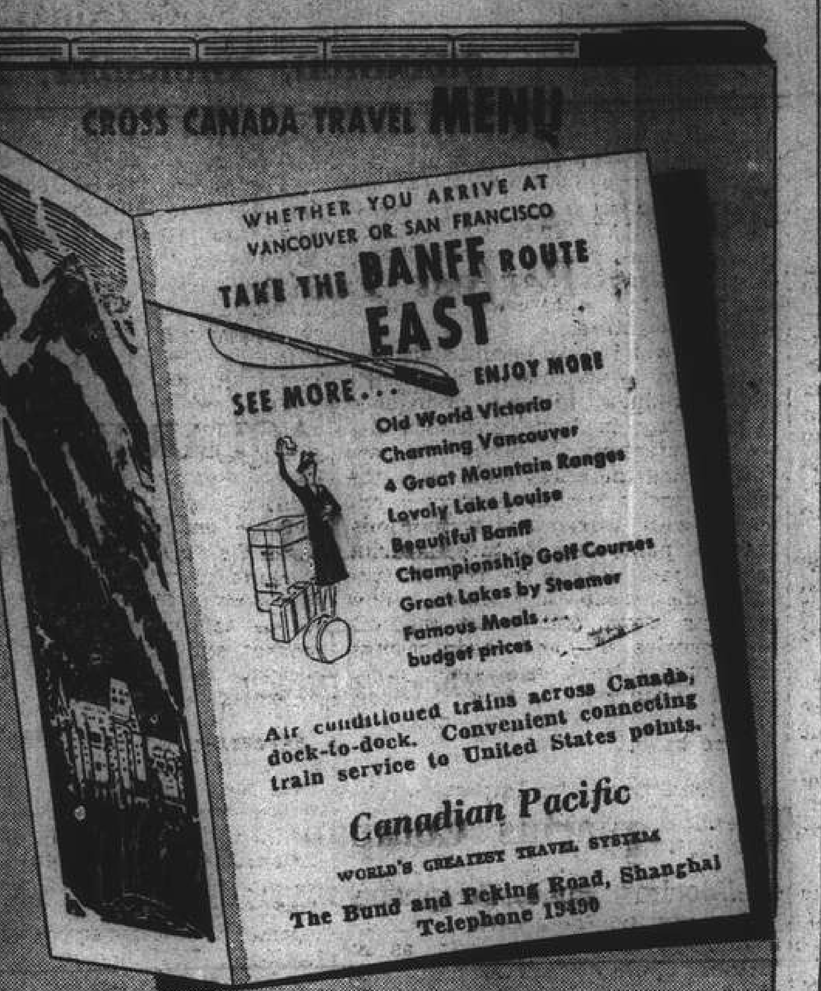
A delightfully-illustrated book that describes Shanghai. It commences with a concise history of Shanghai and proceeds through 83 pages of illustrations, amusingly clever sketches in a riot of colour, by Schiff, photographs in sepia and text dealing with trade, imports, exports, population, hotels, newspapers, exchange shops, traffic, temples, Chinese food, places of interest, beggars, funerals, public health, etc.

This is a book that will afford not only interest to the tourist, but will prove a mine of information. Price $15.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

17 The Bund, Shanghai

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



GLEN & SHIRE LINES

Sailings to and from

THE UNITED KINGDOM

For details of freights and passage apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Agents

27 The Bund Telephone 15290

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Regular Service to United Kingdom Ports.

Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

Regular Service to Australia from Hongkong.

China Navigation Co., Ltd.

Regular Service to North and South China Ports, Hongkong, Manila, Siam, Indo China, Straits Settlements, Territory of New Guinea, Solomon Islands.

For further particulars, freight and passage rates, please apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

21-23 French Bund *Agents.* Telephone 82020

A SAILING DIRECT TO

RANGOON & CALCUTTA

via

HONGKONG & SINGAPORE

on about July 6

For freight rate please apply to

JAMES LEE & CO.

150 Kiukiang Road Telephone 11931

10038

BARBER-WILHELMSEN

Express Service

Shanghai—34 DAYS—New York

To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal

SAILINGS ON APPLICATION

For Freight and passage Rates apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

ISBRANDTSEN-MOLLER

World-Wide Carriers of Freight

OPERATING MAERSK LINE

HOMEWARD

Via Japan for LOS ANGELES, NEW YORK, BOSTON PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE

Next Sailing To Be Announced Later

OUTWARD

From NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, NORFOLK and SAVANNAH

FOR RATES, SAILING SCHEDULES, AND ALL INFORMATION APPLY TO

EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

AGENTS

17 The Bund Telephone 12634

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER *Sailings*

TO UNITED STATES

A Steamer sailing first week in July
" " last week in August
" " last week in September

TO PHILIPPINES

A Steamer sailing second week in August
" " last week in August
" " second week in September

For further particulars apply to American President Lines' Office.

Agents for:—

Transcontinental and Western Airlines

United Air Lines — American Pioneer Line

American Gulf Orient Line — United States Lines

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES

Round World Services

51 CANTON ROAD Tel. 15300

D.K.K. DAIREN KISEN KAISHA

110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE (Summer Time)

ss. DAIREN MARU ..	(Arrive) July 1	(Leave)	July 3 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU ..	July 4		July 5 at 9 a.m.
ss. TIENTSIN MARU ..	July 6		July 7 at 3 p.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU ..	July 8		July 10 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU ..	July 10		July 12 at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)

ss. HOKKAI MARU	July 6 at 5 p.m.
ss. PEKING MARU	July 9 at noon
ss. HOKKAI MARU	July 11 at noon

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN LINE (Freight only)

DE LA RAMA LINE

NEW YORK

VIA HONGKONG, MANILA, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL

mv Dona Aurora July 11

mv Dona Nati July 22

ALL VESSELS HAVE DEEP TANKS FOR OIL IN BULK

For freight apply to:

De La Rama Steamship Co., Inc.

51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 15044

CUNARD WHITE STAR LTD.

REGULAR ATLANTIC SERVICE

Through Bookings from all points in the Orient to Great Britain

VIA UNITED STATES AND CANADA

For further particulars apply to

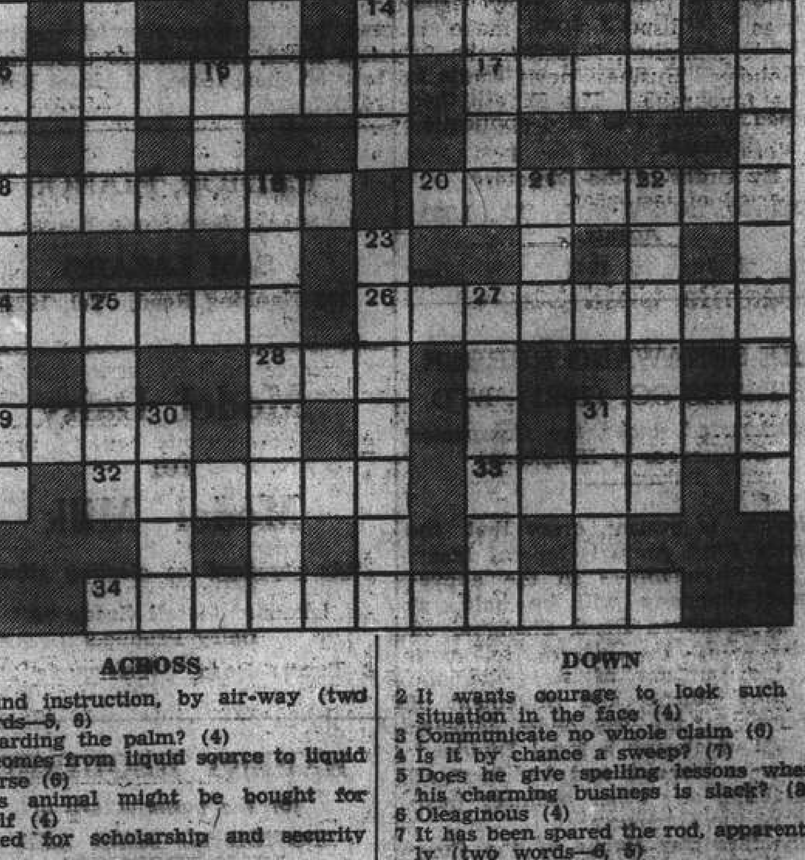
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

12 French Bund Telephone 82020

or Principal Travel Agencies

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 536

(*By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph"*)



ACROSS

1 Sound instruction, by air-way (two words—5, 6)
8 Awarding the palm? (4)
9 It comes from liquid source to liquid course (6)
12 This animal might be bought for itself (4)
13 Noted for scholarship and security (4)
14 One woman in seven (3)
15 He's playing a double role (8)
17 Sapper fellow in royal shoes (6)
18 Hostile words from the star (7)
20 Put a half-brother somewhere East to this his outlook (7)
24 Low, with noise in the head (6)
26 Not the signal to this off the streets (two words—3, 5)
28 Half a dance (3)
29 In coal it's enormous (4)
31 Poetic work (4)
32 One of the saving graces (6)
33 One may do it to its edible anagram (4)
34 Farmers don't mince words with it (11)

DOWN

2 It wants courage to look such a situation in the face (4)
3 Communicate no whole claim (6)
4 Is it by chance a sweep? (7)
5 Does he give spelling lessons when his charming business is slack? (8)
6 Oleaginous (4)
7 It has been spared the rod, apparently (two words—6, 5)
8 He shoots more than birds (6)
10 Facility in appeasement (4)
11 Not the way of the pioneer (two words—6, 5)
16 You can have this do for a sword (3)
19 Tribal head (two words—3, 5)
21 Part of 5 down in the sea (3)
22 French town (6)
23 Can't if a change is here (7)
25 Pig food on a boat? (4)
27 He's often on the rocks, good and hard (6)
30 Form of hash much esteemed in the East (4)
31 Form of prophet heard in Ireland (4)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1, Sesame; 4, Epicurus; 9, Dainty; 10, Guileful; 12, Depth; 13, Extremity; 15, Lax; 16, Spree; 17, Tulwar; 22, Osprey; 24, Ceuta; 27, Moo; 28, Laughable; 31, Solar; 32, Vigilant; 33, Darnel; 34, Sureties; 35, Sydney. DOWN: 1, Side-dish; 2, Slippery; 3, Matchless; 5, Poult; 6, Calve; 7, Raffia; 8, Selwyn; 11, Dexter; 14, Row; 18, Laymen; 19, Accessary; 20, Cullinan; 21, Fair play; 23, Pea; 25, Cloves; 26, Lugger; 29, Helot; 30, Bonze.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1941 (9th day of 6th moon)

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Variable weather and winds with showers around Shantung, owing to a low thundery area passing north-eastward to the south of Tsingtao. Cloudy and hot weather with fresh south-easterly winds over our regions and to the south of the Saddles. No weather ports from the Loochoos. The typhoon over the Pacific is apparently advancing west-north-westward.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature westerday	min. 78.0	max. 93.0	min. 78.8	max. 92.7
„ same date last year	min. 79.0	max. 93.5	min. 77.5	max. 92.7

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on July 10, 8.30 a.m. registered and 9.30 a.m. ordinary due San Francisco on July 22. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on July 5, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamships mails for America and Europe: July 3, 4, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 30 cents

Shanghai delivery	6 mos.	$42
China, Korea and Japan	„	46
Hongkong and Macao	„	55
Postal Union Countries	„	104

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $2

Shanghai, China and Japan	6 mos.	$42
Hongkong and Macao	„	44
Postal Union Countries	„	54

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)

Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.

Telegrams: Herald Shanghai

P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

CARD

Dr. ALBERTO M. BARRERA, M.D.

P.P.C. 10059

TO-DAY'S EVENT

JULY

3 *H.M. Supreme Court established, Shanghai (1865)*
3 *Chiang Kai-shek entered Peking (1928)*

COMING EVENTS

JULY

4 Regimental Parade and Review by 4th U.S. Marines under auspices of American Ass'n, Polo Field. Racecourse. Americans. and families, are invited, 9 a.m.
4 "You Can Defend America" XMHA (Relayed by XCDN) 8.15.
7 Chopin Recital by Mrs. John McNeill, XCDN 9.30.
10 Election of 'Miss Shanghai,' Arcadia
16 "XCDN Moonlight Follies", British Night 402 Avenue Haig.
17 "XCDN Moonlight Follies", Norwegian Night 402 Avenue Haig.
18 "XCDN Moonlight Follies", Greek Night 402 Avenue Haig.
19 "XCDN Moonlight Follies", American Night 402 Avenue Haig.
21 "XCDN Moonlight Follies", Czechoslovakian Night 402 Avenue Haig.
22 "XCDN Moonlight Follies", Naval Military and Air Force Night 402 Avenue Haig.
23 "XCDN Monlight Follies", Netherlands Night 402 Avenue Haig.
24 "XCDN Moonlight Follies", British Dominions Night 402 Avenue Haig.
25 Extr. Gen. Mtg., Shanghai Club, 5.30.
25 "XCDN Moonlight Follies", Polish Night 402 Avenue Haig.
26 "XCDN Moonlight Follies", Free French Night 402 Avenue Haig.

NOTIFICATION No. 5496

ANIMAL AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS TESTING FEES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that with effect from July 1, 1941, the animal and animal products testing fees as set out in the Schedule of Rates, Taxes, Dues and Fees, 1941, will be raised by 150 per cent.

By Order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, July 2, 1941.

10070

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

Application has been made to the Directors of this Company to issue to SANG SUN AN, of SHANGHAI a duplicate certificate for FIVE HUNDRED Shares of $7 each in the Company upon the statement that the original certificate No. 5636 (Share Nos. 193981 to 194480) dated the 29th day of March 1941, has been lost or destroyed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that if within 30 DAYS from the date hereof no claim or representation in respect of such original certificate is made to the Directors they will then proceed to deal with such application for a duplicate

By Order of the Directors,

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Shanghai, June 26, 1941. 13507

THE SENAWANG RUBBER ESTATES CO. (1921), LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty First Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above-named Company will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Friday, July 11, 1941 at 11.45 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended January 31, 1941, declaring a Final Dividend, electing a Director and Auditors and transacting any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from July 4 to July 11, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, June 28, 1941. 13541

RESPECTABLE JAPANESE

single, seeks two rooms with board in a good family, French Concession. Garage is required in or around. Please state terms. Telephone 13913 or Box 61, NCDN. -132

MOST GOSSIPS

have a keen sense of rumour. A keen sense of security prompts the motorist to cover his car with a Comprehensive Policy.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

NORGE

for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO

British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.

878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865

10001

IF TIMES ARE TOUGH

Relax—and get some real pleasure in driving the good-looking, comfortable and *Economical Plymouth.*

MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
80 Avenue Edward VII.
After We Sell—WE SERVE

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

M.V. "JEAN LABORDE"
VOYAGE 12/1940

Sailed from Marseilles June 1940

Consignees are requested to get in touch with the Company's office for information on the cargo shipped aboard the above vessel and landed at Casablanca.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

10069

FINDLATER'S

GINS AND SHERRIES

BOTTLED IN ENGLAND

Sole Agents:

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

90 Nanking Road Tel. 11934

13557

F. RODRIGUES

(Established in 1916)

71 Rua da Praia Grande, Macao

representing various leading firms in Hongkong and Portugal,

OFFERS TO BECOME AGENT FOR ANY SHIPPING COMPANY

desiring to run steamers between Macao and Shanghai. Cable address: Rodrigues.

WANTED

one, two or three-roomed apartment near Bund, furnished or unfurnished, long or short lease. Address Box 18, NCDN. -32

RADIOS, PIANOS

Sale or Hire, Tune, Repair

SAM LAZARO

232 Nanking Road. Tel. 19225

10002

Model Dairy for Model Milk

"As standard as sterling silver"

Licensed to sell Grade "A" Dairy Products

8 TIFENG ROAD. TELEPHONE 21997

10061

EXPERT REQUIRED

for the manufacture of

POWDERED MILK AND MILK PRODUCTS.

Reply Box 53, NCDN.

10095

"IN A WORLD WHERE ENGLAND IS FINISHED AND DEAD I DO NOT WISH TO LIVE."

So wrote the American. Alice Duer Miller.

WHAT ENGLAND MEANS TO YOU IS MEASURED BY YOUR SACRIFICE ON HER BEHALF.

THE CENTRAL BRITISH WAR FUND

(Hon. Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.)

Refreshing
In Perfect Taste

AQUARIUS
LEMON SQUASH

"Without a Rival"

The Aquarius Company
44 Foochow Road, Telephone 17589

Insurance Company of North America

PHILADELPHIA

The Oldest American Fire and Marine Insurance Co.

R. A. KREULEN, *General Representatives.*

Paid-Up Capital, U.S.$12,000,000 Assets, U.S.$107,177,701

2nd Floor, Continental Bank Building, 113 Kiukiang Road
Telephone 12867 (3 lines)

PHILIPS RADIOS

with "Bandspread" Tuning.

INNISS & RIDDLE (CHINA) LTD.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

34 Yuen Ming Yuen Road
Telephone 16237/9

13188

PASSPORT PHOTOS by JOSEPHO STUDIOS

61 Nanking Rd., First Floor, Tel. 12715
937 Avenue Joffre. Telephone 72387

13028

Country Walks

Contrary to popular opinion, perhaps, the country to the west of Shanghai is as open and as attractive as ever to the nature lover. This is the ideal season to explore it. There are a variety of routes to follow, each one with its own characteristics, and most of them fully described in "Country Walks," the walker's handbook compiled by Mr. E. S. Wilkinson. It costs $5 and can be obtained from most booksellers, or from the "North-China Daily News" Office. A feature of "Shanghai Country Walks" is the excellent collection of maps it contains.

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	July 1 16.00	July 1 21.00	July 2 4.00	July 2 10.00
Barometer (inches)	29.65	29.65	29.62	29.59
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.02	—0.05	—0.06	—0.13
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.03	—0.07	—0.03	—0.06
Wind (direction)	SSE	SE/S	SE	SE/S
„ (miles per hour)	15.6	13.7	16.8	26.0
Temperature (Fahr.)	90.9°	80.4°	79.5°	85.6°
Humidity (per cent)	72	89	90	75
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	7	10	7	8
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report July 1	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.68	+0.02	29.69
Temperatnre: min. 77.2° max. 93.7°	85.5°	—1.0°	77.2°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	29.28	—	22.49

Time and Tide	3/7	4/7	5/7	6/7	7/7	8/7	9/7
Sun rises at Shanghai	4.54	4.54	4.55	4.55	4.56	4.56	4.56
Sun sets at Shanghai	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02
Moon rises at Shanghai	13.03	14.08	15.13	16.19	17.21	18.19	19.13
Moon sets at Shanghai	0.05	0.48	1.32	2.21	3.16	4.13	5.14
Flood makes Shai. (day)	16.50	18.07	6.56	8.00	9.00	9.51	10.35
Fbb makes Shai. (day)	9.00	10.08	11.20	12.34	13.20	14.10	15.05
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	5.53	7.17	8.28	9.41	10.39	11.31	12.16
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	8.60	8.40	8.25	8.55	8.87	—	11.40

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 1st:—Pressure rather low and steady over China: normal to high and steady over Japan. Typhoon over the Pacific moving north-west by west. South-easterly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy, hot and sultry weather in China with thunder.

State on the morning of the 2nd:—Cloudy and hot weather. Fresh south-easterly wind. Low and unsteady pressure.

TYPHOON SIGNAL

Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the centre at 2 p.m., within 120 miles of latitude 15, longitude 126, direction west-north-west, intensity: unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

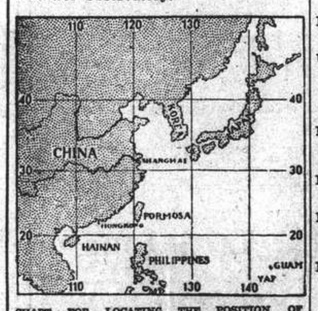


CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

THURSDAY, July 3.	Reg.	Ord.
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Japan (via Kobe) Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	9.00	11.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
FRIDAY, July 4.		
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.00
Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	x16.30	16.30
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
SATURDAY, July 5.		
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin	*20.00	8.00
Hongkong and Canton	x 12.30	13.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Australia and New Zealand	19.00	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00

*The night before.
A Parcel mail for Honolulu and U.S.A., closes at 16.00 on 4th.
X Provisional time subject to alterations.

Canton-Hanoi-Saigon-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Saigon on every Monday and Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails, may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer to Singapore.

Royal Netherlands Indies Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per available steamer to Saigon.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow; Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Haichow, Kweiteh, Kaigan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen by the planes of the China Airways Co. close daily at 10.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.

Canton, Swatow and Holhow per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Daily Train Mail

Nanking only at 7 a.m. and 1.30 p.m.

Entire N.S.R. and River Ports up to Ichang at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

T.P.R., north Pinghan, Lunghai and Kiaotsi Lines at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Entire S.H.N.R. including Siaoshan, Kokiao and Shaohing daily at 1 p.m.

Sungkiang and Hangchow only at 10.30 p.m.

Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'tsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains (for time of closing see above.)

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

S'hai Heb. Rel. Soc. and Shelter House

IN MEMORY OF MISS ANNE FINKELSTEIN

Schrag, Louis P. and Moss, David L. $250

Just Arrived!

English Lastex Figure Fitting

SWIM SUITS

Plain shades or smart printed designs

PRICES $39.50 AND $49.50 EACH

ON DISPLAY IN HOSIERY DEPT., GROUND FLOOR

AT WHITEAWAY'S

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED, Chinese youth of good family as assistant in foreign advertising firm. Requirements fair knowledge of English, good handwriting. Box 62, NCDN. -133

WANTED immediately Chinese-English secretary. Apply to Vincent Co., 72 Hongkong Road. -111

FIRST-CLASS periodical has a vacancy for a capable and active advertising canvasser. Address Box 54, NCDN. -119

WANTED Chinese saleslady, speaking English, well-established weekly. Salary, transportation, commission. Box 51, NCDN. -117

INCREASE your earning power by learning shorthand, typewriting, English, bookkeeping/accountancy. Expert tuition. Many placed in suitable positions after few months' training. Apply for particulars. The Shanghai Business College, 320 Szechuen Road (second-floor). Telephone 17733. 13488

A vacancy occurs for a saleslady. Millinery department. English retail store. Must have initiative and good appearance. Address Box 41, NCDN. 10052

WANTED immediately, a Eurasian girl under 30 years, with a good knowledge of bookkeeping and at least three years office experience. Must have neat, clean appearance. Apply Box 38, NCDN. 10048

CHINESE with fair knowledge of English to take control of a small gang of house cleaning coolies. Replies to Box 33, NCDN. 10040

EXPERIENCED radio service man wanted. Telephone 37220. Call 1249 Bubbling Well. -65

Personal

CHINESE, 28, Chekiang, very well-educated, presentable, wishes meet pretty Chinese girl of good family. View marriage, confidential. Address Box 59, NCDN. -129

FROM Mr. S.K.A.U. to "Educated, independent and smart Chinese lady". Did you received my letter? If so, please answer me. Address Box 39, NCDN. -22

TWO British ladies, wish meet two British or American gentlemen to escort them any night to the XCDN "Midnight Follies". Address Box 45, NCDN. -108

EDUCATED, independent and smart Chinese lady, 24, desires real friendship with a tall young Chinese gentleman of good standing. Address Box 4716, NCDN. -3068

Educational

QUICKEST and safest way to learn driving is at George's, 102 Marcel Tillot, telephone 84916. -40

COMPLETE commercial course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting, English, commercial correspondence, bookkeeping, coding, filing, students prepared for Pitman, Gregg and London Chamber of Commerce examinations. Class or individual tuition. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney Steno-Typist Academy, 173-301 Seymour Road. 13417

CHINESE lessons wanted by foreigner from experienced young Chinese lady. Address Box 8, NCDN. -15

Chinese Servants

34097. Reliance Employment Agency, 1082 Avenue Road. Trustworthy cooks, boys, coolies, amahs, chauffeurs, etc. -42

GOOD cook-boy, wife wash-amah. American, English cooking, highly-recommended. Box 57, NCDN. -127

EXCELLENT cook-boy, references. English/American. Telephone Brydon, 31217, 9 to 12 noon. -26

CAN anyone recommend good amah, clean, reliable, English or French-speaking, for knitting, washing and housework? Please telephone 20818 or write Box 2, NCDN. -4

72782 General Trading Company. Excellent cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, office-boys, coolies. Prompt service. -9291

73148. Central Employment Agency. British. Servants, specialists. Established 1930. Closed Sundays and every afternoon. -9024

Miscellaneous

WAI Tung Bank 匯通銀號 Money exchange. Reasonable rates. 131/A Avenue Edward VII. Telephone 85187, 84725. -8684

Clothing and Fabrics

BEDSHEETS, best imported grades, in all sizes. Table cloths, napkins and household linen in best European pure linen quality. Box 43, NCDN. -104

Boats

MOTOR-BOAT, teakwood, in good condition. Length O.A. 22 ft. 6 in., breadth 6 ft. 0 in., depth 2 ft. 9 in., draft (approximately) 1 ft. 8 in. Fitted with a 12/14 h.p. Gleniffer. What best offer? Box 50, NCDN. 10063

Dancing

WANTED lady or gentleman teacher for private dancing lessons. Box 31, NCDN. -64

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -9293

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.50.

YOUNG lady experienced secretary-stenographer, excellent typist, seeks afternoon or evening work. Box 48, NCDN. -37

YOUNG lady, shorthand, typist, knowledge English, Chinese, seeks position for experience. Address Box 4700, NCDN. -60

YOUNG Chinese lady seeks position as typist and general office assistant. Experienced; also excellent credentials. Box 25, NCDN. 10039

FOREIGN accountant. Many years experience, can take charge whole set of books, good references, open for engagement. Reply Box 11, NCDN. -21

Radios

DON'S miss trying the superior "Condor" world receiver. 6 R.C.A. tubes, American parts, full guarantee. $300. 5-tube local receiver $170. "Condor" European Radio Factory, 1518 Joffre, Telephone 79760. -114

TELEPHONE 51140! Radio repairs at your home. Foreign engineer, best references. "Radio Expert," 131/438 Museum Road. -44

WE hire, sell, buy, exchange and repair radios. Universal Radio Co., 280 Kiangse Road, telephone 11995. 10004

Cameras

WANTED, Leica, Rollei, Ikonta camera and 9 cm. F/4 lens for Leica, at high prices. Telephone 17846. -100

WANTED, standard Leica, about $500 or better model at moderate price. Box 23, NCDN. -21

Holiday Resorts

LUXURIOUS rooms, excellent board, special terms for September. Best location, two minutes' walk from German Beach White House. 20 Hwei Chuan Road, Tsingtao. -8801

LUXURIOUS rooms, excellent board. Best location, two minutes' walk from German/Strand Beach. White House, Tsingtao. Reservations: Gottlieb, Park Hotel, Shanghai. -8801

IF leaving Shanghai for a holiday, the Beach Hotel, Mogi, is ideally situated. Five miles from Nagasaki. Buses run every half hour (fare 25 sen). Supplies plentiful. Very moderate rates. Apply Mrs. Sunada, Proprietress.

Lost

LOST. Warrants No. 4261 (delivery to Toyo Menka Kaisha) and No. 4369 (delivery to Nippon Menkwa Kabushiki Kaisha) of Japan-China Spinning and Weaving Co., 5 bales of 42/25 Bule Phonix cotton yarn each number together 10 bales. The above warrants are declared null and void. Han Kee. -110

LOST D/O No. 3246 covering 100 bags Java Robusta Coffee ex s.s. Wingsang from Hongkong dated June 30, 1941. Mft. No. 21. voy. 37, now declared null and void. International Forwarding Corp. 10053

LOST Customs stamped B/L No. 1 manifest No. 278 covering 1 case, filter press ex "Myogi-Maru" arrived on 12/4/1941. declared hereby null and void. 13537

Wanted to Rent

WANTED by F.M.C. official furnished two/three-roomed apartment Will consider taking furniture over. Write with full details to Box 60. NCDN. -130

FIRST September or earlier, three/five-roomed furnished, unfurnished apartment for British family, Seymour/Bubbling Well/Ferry Road district. Can take over furniture. Telephone 79948. Box 47, NCDN. -93

ENGLISH couple require two or three-roomed, unfurnished apartment. Central district. Box 49, NCDN. 10060

BRITISH lady seeks furnished room, preferably with use of kitchen. Convenient for town. Box 52, NCDN. -618

BACHELOR wants one or two furnished rooms, with or without board. Please reply to Box 42, NCDN. -102

SOUTHFACING room/small flat, separate bathroom, kitchenette/use kitchen, modern conveniences; French Club or Bubbling Well district. Box 20, NCDN. -27

WANTED modern unfurnished two-roomed apartment with kitchen etc. Must be nice location. Address Box 4766, NCDN. 10046

WANTED to rent five/six-roomed flat or house, unfurnished, for institute of languages. Address Box 5, NCDN. -9

Furnished Apartments

1½/2 rooms. Self-contained flat, kitchen, bathroom, roof-garden, near Jessfield Park. Screened. No key-money or furniture to buy. Box 56, NCDN. -125

TWO rooms, furnished flat with private bath and kitchen. 35E Brenan Road. -126

APARTMENT to be transferred. South-facing apartment, three large rooms, fully furnished. Verandah, balcony, telephone. Moderate rent. Situated in best part of French Concession. Responsible party only. Box 44, NCDN. -106

THREE-ROOMED well-furnished apartment, quiet location, low rental, all modern conveniences. Furniture to be taken over. For inspection telephone 74686, 10-1.30. -36

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE, electrical appliances, desk and ceiling lamps in good condition. Apply to Banque de l'Indochine. 29 The Bund. 10068

AMERICAN refrigerator for sale, good condition, paint, with accessories. Price $1,600. 420 Rue Ratard. -70

AMERICAN Cohama sharkskin, qualities Bamboo and Satin Back. Very reasonable prices. Telephone 70269. -123

TWO complete modern bedroom suites, beds, etc. Telephone 30285. 9-11 a.m. -121

REFRIGERATOR, 5 cubic feet, good condition, $1,500. 279 Rue Bourgeat. -77

STAMPS, new Thrift Issue (China) complete $4 set. Chen Kee Stamp Services, 397 Szechuen Road. or delivery at request. -78

GUM boots. Size 3, suitable for girl aged 12. English make. good condition. $15. Box 35. NCDN. 10041

SECONDHAND furniture, refrigerators, ice-boxes, household effects, bought/sold at best prices. G. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -8141

PERSIAN carpet about 9 x 12 and two rugs. Excellent condition. 369 Roi Albert, Flat 2. -9220

ORDERS accepted for artistic hand embroideries for dresses, coats, underwear, etc. Also for export. 243 Cardinal Mercier. -9229

DIATHERMY apparatus Siemens. sun-ray lamp GE, irradiating lamp Vitalux, violet-ray set. 124 Sassoon House. -8694

FOUNTAIN pens, Montblanc, Pelikan, Parker, etc., new and secondhand, sold and repaired. Specialist Popper, 78 Broadway. -9289

STAMPS, old and new: Only Hermes Stamp Co., 685 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 61540. -9734

TABLE cover sets, damask and kitchen linen, quilt cases and pillows, bed sheets. Best European quality, at exceedingly favourable prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. 13227

TEA napkins, 60 cents; filet gloves, 70 cents; guest towels, 75 cents; gentlemen's sport gloves, $3; bridge sets, $3.30. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 13413

DELUXE paintings, Czechoslovakian crystalware, antique clocks, noted brands of porcelain. Heavy reductions. 1310 Avenue Joffre. European Art. 10010

COMPLETE air-conditioning plant with 60 tons compressor, all other equipment in excellent condition, seller undertakes complete installation. Price very reasonable. For list of machinery and other details, apply Box 1, NCDN. -8

UNDERWOOD 26 in., nearly new condition, US$80. Bargain. Hermes, 791 East Seward Road. -8763

Wanted to Purchase

WE buy your used, suits, coats and trousers at highest prices. Will call on you. Write to Box 4833, NCDN. -9289

WILL pay best prices for all secondhand goods, household, carpets, refrigerators, machines, pianos, radios, etc. Telephone 96967. 1234 Avenue Edward VII, George Young. -10

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses; shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. Telephone 34663 Mr. W. Engel. -9129

WANTED, silver/curio cabinet; Reply with particulars and price to Box 13, NCDN. 10008

MICROSCOPE, polarimeter and airgun (Diana). Telephone 18571 or apply to Mr. Hoong, Room 206, 105 Kiangse Road. -3

Houses and Land

FOR SALE in French Concession, small foreign residence, partly furnished, on long lease terms, land for 21 years. Ready for occupation. For particulars apply Leonard & Veysseyre, Architects, 461 Avenue Joffre. 10049

FOR SALE, two three-storied double unit semi-foreign residences on Rue Lafayette near Route Tenant de la Tour. Area: 2½ fun each approximately. Price $70,000 and $75,000. Apply to Brandt & Rodgers, Ltd., 391 Kiangse Road. Telephone 11169. 13562

FOR SALE in French Concession small foreign residence partly furnished, long lease terms land, for twenty one years. Ready for occupation. For particulars apply to Leonard & Veysseyre, Architects, 461 Avenue Joffre. 13555

WANTED long term lease of empty factory building, godown or house with yard suitable for factory area, about 700-900 square yards. Address Box 4817, NCDN. -9280

FOR SALE, for 18 years, new modern residences. French Concession, immediate occupancy. Apply Telephone 93344. -84

FOR SALE: 43 Tunsin Road. Modern, foreign, detached residence with well laid-out garden. area mow 1.566. 7 rooms, 2 bathrooms, central heating, with or without furniture. Immediate occupation. Apply A. Loonis & Co. 10054

WANTED buy nice large residence with garden, 2-6 mow. Box 4746, NCDN. -9123

Offices, Shops, Godowns

TO LET, office with telephone, corner Bund. Apply 10-12 noon. Telephone 16783. -120

ABOUT 1,000 sq. ft. factory space, centre Settlement. Reasonable terms. Shanghai Realty Co., 110/52 Szechuen Road. -97

APPROXIMATELY 1,500 square feet office space, central district, telephone, lift. Box 55, NCDN. 10056

BRITISH firm requires office accommodation about 1,000 sq. ft. within Bund vicinity. Reply Box 46, NCDN. or telephone 18977. -109

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

MASSAGE, pedicure, in-grown nails cured. 9 Central Arcade from Ezra Road 93-94. Telephone 11984. -90

ALICE, 360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2, from 2 to 10. Massage. -107

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking, lift 374 Kiangse Road, Apartment 30, second-floor. -79

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE, 1937 Ford de luxe sedan, 85 h.p., excellent condition. US$780. Telephone 97070, Mr. Kwok. -115

ARIEL motor-cycle, 500 c.c. combination sports side-car newly painted. Telephone 15290, extension 76, Koo. -116

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bill Motors authorized Ford Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 10003

BUICK Special, 1939, same as new, for sale. Owner leaving. Telephone 37966. -126

1933 Plymouth coupe, excellent condition. 16 miles per gallon. US$375. No dealers. Address Box 58, NCDN. 10067

IMMEDIATELY for sale: Ford coupe 4-cylinder, perfect running order, US$175. Please telephone 62897. 10064

OLDSMOBILE 1931 coupe in perfect running order, US$225. Telephone 75172, 9-10.30 a.m. -76

MOTORCYCLE Harley Davidson 1939, A-1 condition. Owner leaving. 347/5 Avenue du Roi Albert. -83

GRAHAM Paige coupe, completely overhauled, as new, economical, owner leaving. A genuine bargain. $5,000. Box 28, NCDN. 10039

CONVERTIBLE coupe 8 h.p., 22 miles per gallon, guaranteed like new. new tyres, duco and chromium. Reasonable price. Telephone 36620 or 70159. 13546

WILL buy for cash. sell on easy terms and exchange cars, trucks. Telephone 70159, Triangle Motors. -8872

GARAGE to let. Road front. Corner Maresca/Ferguson. Telephone 76985. -11

BEAUTIFUL 1937 Ford deluxe sedan, 85 h.p., excellent condition. Economical. US$780. Telephone 52651. -10

Rooms Without Board

BEAUTIFUL, furnished room, balcony, all modern conveniences, in new ferred. 106/6 Route Pichon. 9-5 p.m. -199

FURNISHED room available. Suitable for a single person. Apply 304 Kiangse Road, Flat 5. -131

WELL-FURNISHED, large room in apartment. Avenue Petain district. Telephone 70269. -123

TWO-ROOMED flat, separate bath, kitchen, electric cooker, top floor. Best residential district. Telephone 21799. 10-3. -116

BEAUTIFUL, big south room, partly furnished/unfurnished, hot water daily, verandah, garden, garage, single tenant. Telephone 71222. -108

LARGE furnished room with balcony. All conveniences. 15 Edinburgh Road. telephone 22596. -34

NICELY-FURNISHED one/two rooms to let for two months from July 1. 1025 Bubbling Well Road. House 33. -47

TO LET, well-furnished south room, hot water, heating. 1376 Avenue Joffre, telephone 75681. -23

NICE, two-room flat. Quiet Swiss home. Bathroom, verandah. Garage. Near St. George's. Telephone 21764. 10027

SINGLE and double room, all comfort. Burlington Court, 108 Tsongchow Road, Flat 6, telephone 60888. -9268

Rooms with Board

12 Pacific Garden, Seymour Road. Double/single room, facing south, private bathrooms. Telephone 30376. -51

YORK House, 51 Rue Massenet. One double room with private bathroom. Garden. Moderate rates. Telephone 73015. -89

SOUTHFACING room suitable couple, large verandah, private bath. Good home cooking. 1402 Avenue Joffre. -9143

Unfurnished Houses

DETACHED house, seven rooms, three bathrooms, central heating, garage, large garden available in western district from about August 15 next. Address Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 10044

Unfurnished Apartments

ONE, two, three-roomed apartments, furnished/unfurnished, reasonable terms. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -134

FOUR-ROOMED apartment. large porch, fully-furnished, every modern conveniences, highly furnished and decorated. Low rent with lease. Bubbling Well area. Address Box 3, NCDN. -8

TO LET self-contained-one-room flat, Telephone 60121 between 11-12. 10047

Medical

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
HAMILTON HOUSE, Office 218
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

"Deficiency of information in Japanese English-language newspapers is completed very successfully in Kobe by the **Japan Chronicle**.... on it pages can often be found criticisms of the political and economic actions of the Japanese Government and various other information which gives the opportunity to observe and to analyse the Japanese economic situation. In addition to the usual material obtainable from all the Japanese English-language newspapers. The **Japan Chronicle** gives a very detailed and comprehensive review of the foreign trade of Japan. It regularly prints statistics pertaining to Japanese exports and the state of the home market."—*Extracts from U.S.S.R. Chamber of Commerce Journal.*

"The Japan Chronicle"
DAILY AND WEEKLY
Head Office: 65 Naniwa Machi, Kobe